Series F4

User's Manual



1/4 DIN Ramping Controller with Guided Setup and Programming

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• Expert Users	
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Meet the Series F4 Team



We stand behind our product and are committed to your total satisfaction. Pictured below are some of the people at Watlow who have worked hard to bring you one of the finest industrial temperature controllers available today.



Included in the photo are members of the development team, production team and representatives from our core manufacturing and customer service areas.

Back row: John Pham, Patrick Wong, Stan Breitlow, Larry Sevcik, Greg Marmsoler, Steve Berekvam, Kurt Peterson, Mark Hoven, Keith Koval, Rick Kompelien, Clara Kronebusch, Eric Derbyshire, John Gabbert

Standing, middle: Erin Benson, Ginger Galewski, Tom Butler

Seated: Steve Lubahn, Roger Weichers, Pamela Eyden, Sally Kotschevar

Front row: Jody Brang, Doug Wolfe, Lisa Voelker

About Watlow Controls

Watlow Controls is a division of Watlow Electric Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Missouri, a manufacturer of industrial electric heating products since 1922. Watlow begins with a full set of specifications and completes an industrial product that is manufactured in-house, in the U.S.A. Watlow products include electric heaters, sensors, controllers and switching devices. The Winona operation has been designing solid-state electronic control devices since 1962, and has earned the reputation as an excellent supplier to original equipment manufacturers. These OEMs and end users depend upon Watlow Controls to provide compatibly engineered controls that they can incorporate into their products with confidence. Watlow Controls resides in a 100,000-square-foot marketing, engineering and manufacturing facility in Winona, Minnesota.

About This Manual

The Series F4 User's Manual covers hardware and software in both the **Single-Channel** and **Dual-Channel** controllers. Instructions and illustrations pertain to both unless otherwise specified. If a given feature or parameter operates on only the Single or the Dual Channel controller, it will be identified by an icon in the margin or nearby.





Your Comments

Your comments or suggestions on this manual are welcome. Please send them to the Technical Literature Team, Watlow, 1241 Bundy Boulevard, P.O. Box 5580, Winona, Minnesota, 55987-5580 U.S.; Telephone: +1 (507) 454-5300; fax: +1 (507) 452-4507.

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 $A\ download able\ electronic\ copy\ of\ this\ user\ manual\ is\ available\ free\ of\ charge\ through\ Watlow's\ web\ site:\ http://www.watlow.com/prodtechinfo$



Safety Alert CAUTION or WARNING



Electrical Shock Hazard

CAUTION or WARNING

Safety Information in this Manual

Note, caution and warning symbols appear throughout this book to draw your attention to important operational and safety information.

A "NOTE" marks a short message to alert you to an important detail.

A "CAUTION" safety alert appears with information that is important for protecting your equipment and performance.

A "WARNING" safety alert appears with information that is important for protecting you, others and equipment from damage. Pay very close attention to all warnings that apply to your application.

The $\underline{\wedge}$ symbol (an exclamation point in a triangle) precedes a general CAUTION or WARNING statement.

The \triangle symbol (a lightning bolt in a lightning bolt in a triangle) precedes an electric shock hazard CAUTION or WARNING safety statement.

Technical Assistance

If you encounter a problem with your Watlow controller, review all configuration information to verify that your selections are consistent with your application: inputs; outputs; alarms; limits; etc. If the problem persists after checking the above, you can get technical assistance by calling your local Watlow representative (see back cover of this manual), or in the U.S., dial +1 (507) 494-5656. For technical support, ask for an Applications Engineer.

Please have the following information available when you call:

- Complete model number
- All configuration information
- User's Manual
- Diagnostic menu readings

Warranty

The Watlow Series F4 is warranted to be free of defects in material and workmanship for 36 months after delivery to the first purchaser for use, providing that the units have not been misapplied. Since Watlow has no control over their use, and sometimes misuse, we cannot guarantee against failure. Watlow's obligations hereunder, at Watlow's option, are limited to replacement, repair or refund of purchase price, and parts which upon examination prove to be defective within the warranty period specified. This warranty does not apply to damage resulting from transportation, alteration, misuse or abuse.

Returns

- Call or fax your distributor or the nearest Watlow sales office for best information about returns. (See outside back cover.)
- To return directly to Watlow Winona in the U.S., first call or fax Customer Service for a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number (telephone: +1 (507) 454-5300; fax: +1 (507) 452-4507).
- Put the RMA number on the shipping label, along with on a written description of the problem.
- A restocking charge of 20% of the net price is charged for all standard units returned to stock.

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Chapter One: Introduction

Overview

Watlow's Series F4 1/4 DIN industrial ramping controllers are easy to set up, program and operate in the most demanding ramp-and-soak-processing applications. The F4 includes:

- four-line, high resolution LCD display;
- guided setup and programming software;
- 16-bit microprocessor;

- 256 possible ramp steps in as many as 40 variable-length, nameable profiles;
- six step types;
- eight programmable event outputs, compressor control, boost heat/boost cool, power-out selections and a real-time clock.

Inputs and Outputs

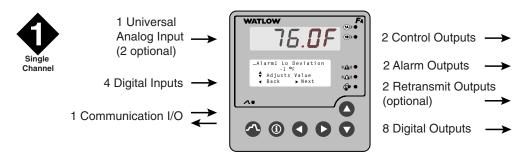


Figure 1.1a — Single-Channel Series F4 (F4S_ - _ _ _ - _ _) Inputs and Outputs.

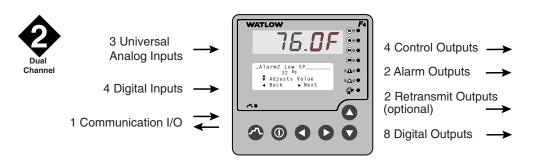


Figure 1.1b — Dual-Channel Series F4 (F4D_ - _ _ _ - _ _) Inputs and Outputs.

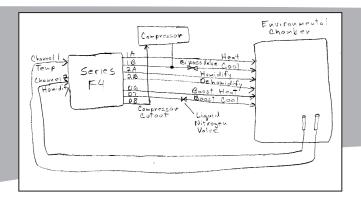
Watlow Series F4 Introduction ■ 1.1

Sample Application: Environmental Testing with a Dual Channel F4 Using Multiple Inputs and Outputs

Overview

Andy, an engineer with the Ajax Testing Company, is running temperature and humidity tests on navigational equipment. He wants to be able to control temperature and humidity in the environmental chamber, and monitor the temperature of the equipment itself. With the new Watlow Series F4 controller, he can:

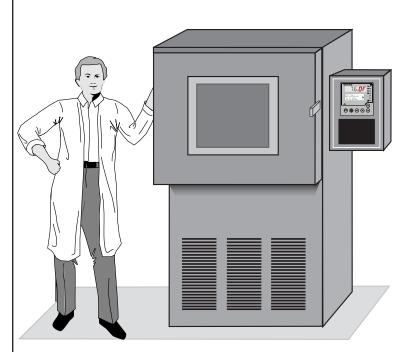
- program the test as a ramping profile and control it remotely;
- use boost heat and cool to maintain precise temperatures;
- record the equipment temperature on a chart recorder;
- notify the operator with a bell if process temperatures do not follow the profile;
- pause the profile if someone opens the chamber door during the test;
- set up communications with a PC later.



1. Wire

Following diagrams in the user manual, Andy connected the analog input terminals to temperature and humidity sensors, channel 1 output terminals to the heater and cooler, channel 2 outputs to the humidifier/dehumidifier, alarm output 1 to an alarm bell and retransmit output 1 to a chart recorder to track the equipment temperature. Digital output 6 and 7 controlled the boost heater and cooler, and 8 controlled the mechanical refrigeration compressor.

See the Wiring Chapter.



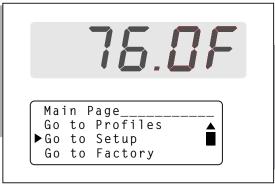
5. Run the Profile

Andy pressed the Profile Key and selected the test profile. He monitored the progress of the test on the display and the equipment temperature on the chart recorder.

See the Operations Chapter.

Figure 1.2 — Sample Application 1: Series F4 Dual Channel Using Multiple Inputs and Outputs.

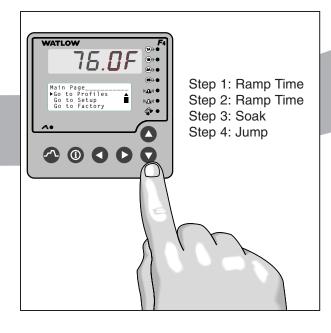
1.2 ■ Introduction Watlow Series F4



2. Set up the F4

After checking the navigation instructions in the user manual, Andy went to the Setup Page of the software to configure the controller for the equipment and the ramping profiles. He named the alarm to make it easier to identify an alarm condition. The alarm message will appear on the Lower Display, which also informs about the progress of the test.

See the Keys, Displays and Navigation Chapter. See the Setup Chapter.



75.0F

Choose to Setup:____ Digital Output8 Communications ► Custom Main Page

3. Customize and Name

Andy customized the Main Page so he could tell the status of the digital outputs by glancing at the controller's Lower Display (Setup Page > Custom Main Page Menu).

He also named one of the Alarms "TEMP DEV", which will make it easy to identify the alarm condition (Setup Page > Alarm Output 1 Menu). Three digital inputs, two alarms and eight digital outputs can be given 10-character names.

See the Setup Chapter.

4. Program the Profile

Andy programmed the test as a ramping profile of 21 steps. To make sure the equipment is at the ambient chamber temperature, he put a Wait condition on Step 2. Step 20 is a Jump step that puts the equipment through the same heat and humidity cycle 21 times.

See the Profile Programming Chapter.

✓ NOTE:

The profile in this sample application is embedded in the Series F4 software for use as a teaching tool or a template. It is the first profile, MILSTD810D, located in the Profiles Page > Edit Profile Menu. You can change or delete this profile and later recall it through factory defaults. If you have a single-channel controller, you will see only the temperature on Channel 1. This is not the true Military Standard Test 810D.

This sample application is continued in the Operations, Profile Programming and Setup Chapters.

Watlow Series F4 Introduction ■ 1.3

Setup Steps

- If the Series F4 is an independent unit, start with Step 1 below.
- If the Series F4 is already installed in and set up for a piece of equipment, proceed to Steps 4, 5, 6 and 7 below.
- If the Series F4 is already installed in a piece of equipment and the setup and profile programming functions are locked, proceed directly to Step 5 or 7.

What to do	How to do it
1 Install the controller.	See Chapter 11, Installation. (This step will not be necessary if the Series F4 is already installed in equipment.)
2 Wire the controller.	See Chapter 12, Wiring. (This step will not be necessary if the Series F4 is already installed in equipment.)
3 Set up the controller to suit your basic application.	Learn to navigate the software in Chapter 2, Keys, Displays and Navigation, and then go to Chapter 5, Setup. For background, you may also want to refer to Chapter 6, Features. (This step may not be necessary if the Series F4 is already installed in the equipment.)
Tune the system and set alarm set points.	See Chapter 3, Operations.
5 Set up serial communications.	See Chapter 7, Communications.
6 Program a profile.	See Chapter 4, Profile Programming.
Run the profile (or establish a set point for static set point control).	See Chapter 3, Operations.

The • Key

During all these steps, the Information Key will summon helpful definitions and setup tips. Just position the cursor next to the item you want to know more about, then press the key. Press it again to return to your task.

1.4 ■ Introduction Watlow Series F4

Chapter Two: **Keys**, **Displays & Navigation**

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Keys and Navigation2.4
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♠ Information Key Answers Your Questions 2.7
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Overview

This chapter introduces the user interface of the Series F4 controller — the displays, keys and indicator lights, and the principles of navigating the software to program profiles and change setup settings. The Series F4 is designed with user-friendly features to facilitate setup, programming and operation of the Series F4.

The four-line LCD display facilitates setup and programming, and presents informative messages about status, error and alarm conditions.

Digital inputs, digital outputs, profiles and alarms can be named for easy reference.

The Information Key summons information about the pages, menus, parameters and values, as well as error and alarm conditions if they occur.

The software is organized into five pages of menus. The Main Page gives access to the other four — Operations, Profiles, Setup and Factory. The Main Page can be customized to display user-chosen information.

Displays and Indicator Lights

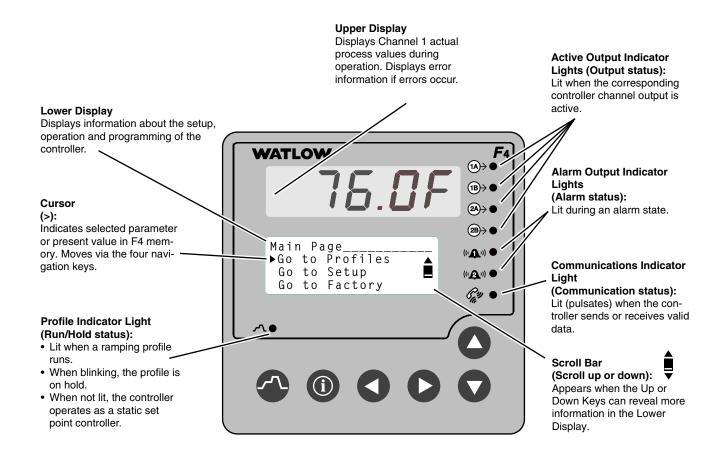


Figure 2.2 — Series F4 Displays and Indicator Lights.

Custom Main Page

The first and central page on the Lower Display is the Main Page, which shows error messages, input, output and profile status, and allows access to controller software (Go to Operations, Profiles, Setup and Factory).

The Main Page can be customized to display cho-

sen information. (To do so, go to the Setup Page, Custom Main Page Menu. See Chapter 5, Setup, for instructions.)

The following parameters will appear by default on the Main Page, unless the Main Page has been customized.

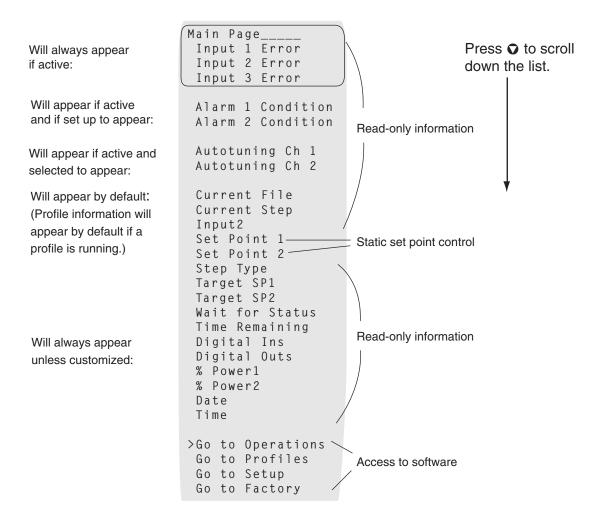


Figure 2.3 — Default Main Page Parameters.



Keys and Navigation

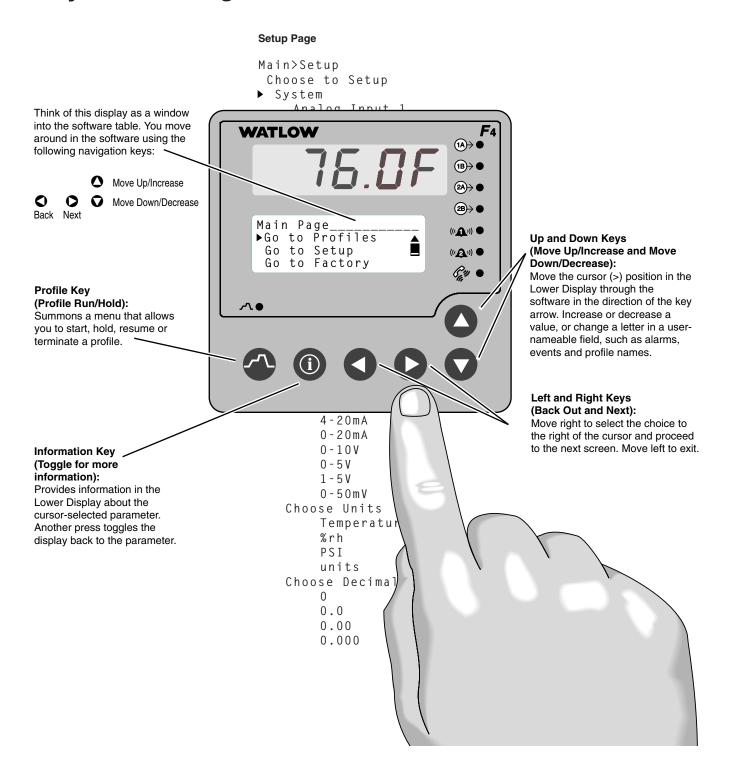


Figure 2.4 — Series F4 Keys and Navigation.

Guided Setup

In most F4 menus, setup and programming tasks are guided. For example, once you select Analog Input 1 on the Setup Page, all parameters necessary to configure that input are linked:

- 1. Use **◊** to move the cursor to select an item in a list.
- 2. Press the Right Key •
- 3. Enter the value and make a choice.
- 4. Press **O** again.
- 5. Repeat until you return to the original list.
- saves the value and proceeds to the next parameter in the series.
- saves the value and backs out of the series, and returns to the Main Page.

For initial setup and programming, we recommend that you answer all the questions in the series, entering values for all linked parameters and pressing **①** until you return to your starting point.

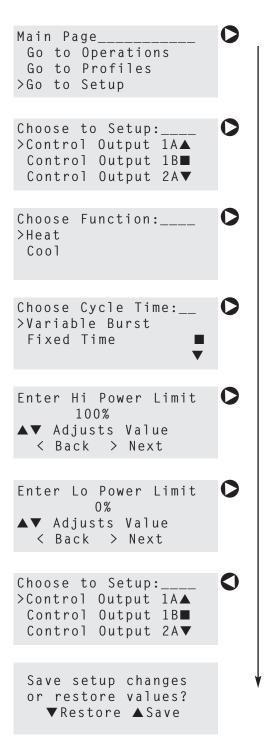
To edit a parameter, proceed through the series without changing values until you find the parameter you want to change. After making the change, you may back out or proceed to the end of the series.

✓ NOTE:

The Edit PID Menu (Operations Page) presents lists of parameters that can be entered and edited individually. Press either • or • to enter the value and return to the list.

✓ *NOTE*:

Make sure your setup is complete before entering profiles. Certain analog input setup changes will delete profiles.



How to Enter Numbers and Names

Many parameters require users to enter a numerical value. Alarms, digital inputs, digital outputs and profiles can be customized with easily recog-

nized names, such as TOO HOT for an alarm, DOOR OPEN for a digital input and GLAZE 6 for a profile.

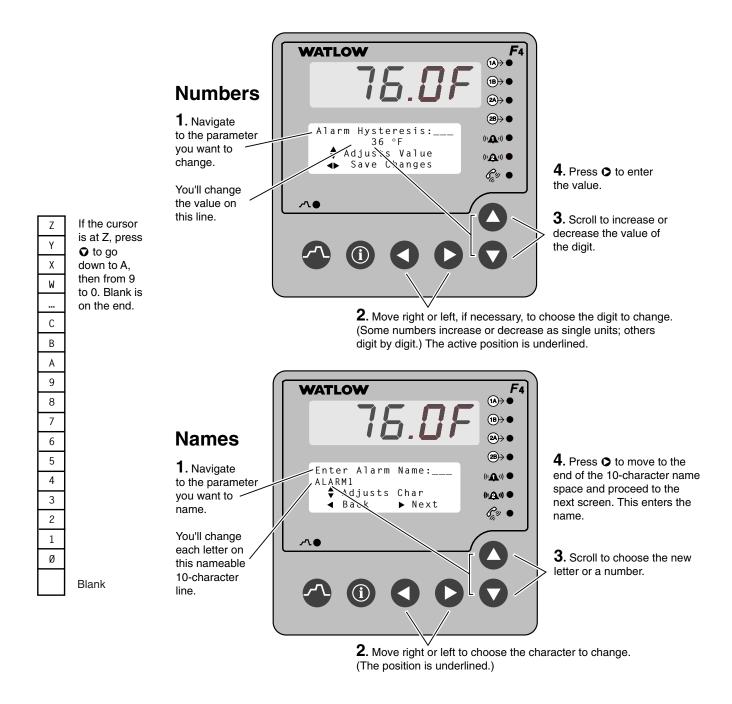


Figure 2.6 — How to Enter Numbers and Names.

1 Information Key Answers Your Questions

There's a wealth of information about features and parameters right in the Series F4 controller. Use the Information Key to get this information.

- 1. Use the four navigation keys (O O O) to position the cursor (>) next to the parameter you want to know more about.
- 2. Press the **6** key. The displayed information will assist you during setup and operation. When information takes more than four lines, the scroll bar will be filled or weighted at the end, directing you to press **7** or **8** to see the rest.
- 3. Press **6** again to return to your task.

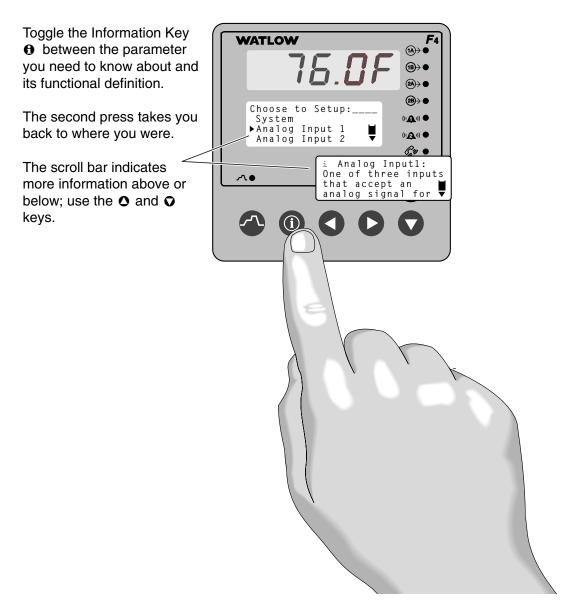


Figure 2.7 — The Information Key.

Main Page Parameter	Table		Modbus	
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
Main Page				
Main > Setup > Main Page				
Input x (1 to 3) Error				
Alarm x (1 to 2) Condition				
Autotuning Channel x (1 or 2)			
Parameter x (1 to 16)	None	Current File		
View customized parameter list.	Input 1 Value Input 2 Value Input 3 Value Set Point 1 Set Point 2 % Power 1 % Power 2 Tune status 1 Tune status 2 Time Date Digital Ins Digital Outs Time Remaining Current File Current Step Active Ch1 PID Set Active Ch2 PID Set Last Jump Step Jump Count WaitFor Status Step Type Target SP1 Target SP2 Inner Set Point Custom Message 1 Custom Message 3 Custom Message 4 Input 1 Cal. Offset Input 3 Cal. Offset Input 3 Cal. Offset	Current Step Input 2 value Set Point 1 Set Point 2 Step Type Target SP1 Target SP2 Wait for Status Time Remaining Digital Ins Digital Outs* % Power 1 % Power 2 Date Time		*Digital outputs configured as events can be turned on/off in the static set point mode or when a running profile is on hold. The event output status will remain as set until reset by the profile or by the operator.
Go to Operations	1			
Auto-tune PID sets, edit PID parameters and select alarm set points.				
Go to Profiles				
Create, edit, delete and rename profiles.				
Go to Setup				
Set up inputs and outputs, configure the system and design the Main Page.				
Go to Factory				
Set security settings, and calibrate and re- store factory settings				

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Series F4 Operation

The Series F4 controller can function as either a **static set point** controller or as a **profile** controller. The information shown on the Lower Display during operation (the Main Page) is programmable and can be customized to support both modes of operation. (See Setup Page.)

In either the static set point mode or the profile mode, the Series F4 can only be operated in a closed-loop configuration. Manual operation (openloop) mode is not allowed.

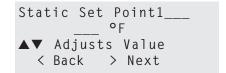
Static Set Point Control

The Series F4 is in static mode when it is not controlling a ramping profile. When in a static mode:

- The Profile Indicator Light is off.
- The Upper Display shows the actual process temperature of input 1.

✓ NOTE:

All control activity stops when you enter the Setup Page, Analog Input, Digital Input, Control Output, Alarm Output, Retransmit, and Digital Output menus. The Lower Display shows the default or userconfigured information set. See the Setup Chapter for instructions in programming the Main Page to display the information you want.

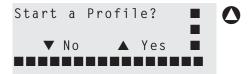


Limits may be placed on the set point in the Set Point Low Limit and Set Point High Limit parameters (Setup Page > Analog Inputx).

Setting the set point to Set Point Low Limit minus 1 (-1) will turn control Output 1 off and display the set point as off.

Profile Control

The main purpose of the Series F4 is to control profiles for ramp-and-soak-processing applications. The instructions below explain how to use an existing profile. To program a profile, see Chapter 4, Profile Programming.



To Start/Run a Profile

To initiate the profile mode, press the Profile Key **and answer the questions that follow.**

While running a profile, the Profile Status message on the lower display will keep you informed about the progress of the profile. For example, it could read like the screen at right:

✓ NOTE:

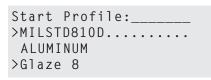
As a protective measure, all stored profiles will be cleared if you enter the Setup Page and change values in the Analog Input 1, 2, 3 menus —specifically, the Sensor, Sensor Type, Decimal, Scale (for process inputs), and Set Point High and Low Limits. Pop-up messages will warn that the profiles will be erased from the controller's memory.

✓ *NOTE*:

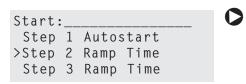
You must configure the software for your inputs and outputs before programming a profile. See the Setup Chapter.

✓ NOTE:

You must program a profile before running it. See the Profile Programming Chapter.



0



Glaze	8	Running.
Step		2
Remain		00:10:30

✓ NOTE:

While a profile is running, the controller will not recognize digital inputs that are programmed to start a profile. Such digital inputs will be recognized only while the controller is in the static set point mode.

✓ NOTE:

While a profile is running, only the Profiles Page can be entered. In the Profile Page, profiles can be either created or renamed only while a profile is running. All other pages and menus can be entered only during Static Set Point Control mode.

WARNING

Check the configuration of the controller on the Setup Page before starting and running a profile (if the Setup Page is not locked). Make sure the settings are appropriate to the profile: input sensor ranges and limits, digital inputs and outputs as events, guaranteed soak band, response to power out and Celsius or Fahrenheit scales. If the Setup Page is accessible, failure to check the configuration before running a profile could result in damage to equipment and/or property, and/or injury or death to personnel.

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To Hold a Running Profile

- **1. Press the Profile Key** while running a profile. The Profile Action Menu appears.
- 2. Choose to Don't Hold, Hold or Terminate the profile. (Default is to Don't Hold.) If you choose to hold the profile, the Main Page reappears, and the Profile Status message reads "Profile X holding." The Profile Indicator Light is off.

If you do not make a choice when the Profile Action Menu appears, the profile continues running and the profile indicator light stays on. Hold Profile:____ Don't Hold >Hold Terminate

✓ NOTE:

While profiles are on hold, the step set point value can be adjusted using the Static Set Point parameter on the Main Page.

To Resume a Profile on Hold

- **1. Press the Profile Key** while a profile is holding. The Resume Profile Menu appears.
- 2. Choose to Continue Holding, Resume or Terminate the profile.

If you do not make a choice, the profile continues holding and the Profile Indicator Light stays off.

Resume Profile:_____ >Continue Holding Resume Terminate

✓ NOTE:

When a profile is resumed during a Ramp step, the controller uses the Static Set Point from the Main Page to calculate the rate of change needed to get to the set point at the end of the step. When a profile is resumed in a soak step, the new set point value will be used as the soak value for the time remaining in the step.

To Terminate a Running/Holding Profile

- 1. Press the Profile Key while a profile is running. The Profile Action Menu appears.
- **2.** Choose to Continue, Hold or Terminate the profile. (Default is to Continue.) If you choose to terminate, the profile ends with all outputs off. The set point on the Main Page reads off.

If you do not make a choice when the Profile Action Menu appears, the profile continues as it was — running or holding.

Hold Profile:____ Don't Hold Hold >Terminate

✓ NOTE:

The Profile Status message takes precedence over all other information except errors, alarm messages and input status. Errors and alarm messages always take precedence over Profile Status.

The Profile Key:

- initiates the ramping profile mode;
- initiates the Hold-profile state;
- initiates the Resume-profile command;
- initiates the Terminate-profile command.

The Profile Key functions only from the Main Page. It will not function from any of the other pages — Operations, Profile, Setup or Factory.

Alarm Set Points

The Series F4 includes two alarm outputs, which can be programmed as process or deviation alarms.

Process alarms notify the operator when process values exceed or fall below Alarm Low and Alarm High Set Points. Deviation alarms notify the operator when the process has deviated from the set point beyond the deviation limits. For more information, see the Features Chapter. To set up the alarms, see the Setup Chapter.

Alarm set points are the points at which alarms switch on or off, depending on the alarm setting. Alarm set points can be viewed or changed in the Alarm Set Point Menus (Operations Page).

The Alarm High Set Point defines the high temperature that, if exceeded, will trigger an alarm. This temperature must be higher than the alarm low set point and lower than the high limit of the sensor range.

The Alarm Low Set Point defines the low temperature that, if exceeded, will trigger an alarm. This temperature must be lower than the alarm high set point and higher than the low limit of the sensor range.

✓ TIP:

You may want to set up the alarms with names that will identify the alarm conditions. See the Setup Page.

To Clear an Alarm or Error

In an alarm condition, an alarm message will appear on the Main Page (if this option has been selected on the Setup Page). To silence it, move the cursor to the alarm message and press the Right Key ②. A pop-up message will confirm the silencing of the alarm, and the indicator light will go off.

When the condition causing the error or alarm is corrected, return to the error or alarm message on the Main Page, and press the Right Key again. A pop-up message confirms the alarm is unlatched.

Auto-tune PID

In autotuning, the controller automatically selects the PID parameters for optimal control, based on the thermal response of the system. In the Series F4, five sets of PID values are available for each channel of the controller: sets 1 to 5 for channel 1, and sets 6 to 10 for channel 2. Default PID values exist for all PID sets, although these values typically do not provide optimal control. PID values can be auto-tuned or adjusted manually. When autotuning is complete, the PID values will be stored in the Edit PID Menu.

✓ NOTE:

PID Set 1 for Channel 1 and PID Set 6 for Channel 2 are used in the Static Set Point mode.

Autotuning Procedure

Autotuning cannot be initiated while a profile is running. It can only be initiated in the static set point control mode.

1. Before initiating auto-tune, go to the System Menu (Setup Page), and set the Channel 1 or 2 Autotune Set Point to the percentage of set point you choose to begin with. This percentage is based on your knowledge of the system and how much overshoot or undershoot there is likely to be in on-off control.

In the Custom Main Page, select to display Tune Status 1 and Tune Status 2. This displays Tune Status in the Main Page.

- 2. Go to the Main Page and set the static set point.
- 3. Go to the Autotune PID Menu (Operations Page) and choose the channel to auto-tune and the PID set in which to store the settings. A message will be displayed on the Main Page during the autotuning process. (Auto-tune cannot be initiated when a profile is running. It can only be initiated in the static set point mode.)
- 4. When autotuning is complete, the controller will store the values for optimum control in the PID set specified.

✓ NOTE:

While the controller is autotuning, profiles cannot be run and only the Profiles Page and Operation Page of the software can be entered.



CAUTION: Choose an auto-tune set point value that will protect your product from possible damage from overshoot or undershoot during the autotuning oscillations. If the product is sensitive, select the auto-tune set point very carefully to prevent product damage.

For additional information about autotuning and proportional, integral and derivative control, see the Features Chapter.

Edit PID

Edit PID is useful when Auto-tune PID does not provide adequate control. Each of the PID parameters can be adjusted manually:

Proportional Band: Define a band for PID control, entered in degrees or units. Lower values increase gain, which reduces droop but can cause oscillation. Increase the proportional band to eliminate oscillation.

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Integral (Reset): Define the integral time in minutes per repeat; define reset in repeats per minute. Set repeats per minute if units are U.S.; minutes per repeat if units are SI.

Derivative (Rate): Define the derivative (rate) time in minutes. Large values prevent overshoot but can cause sluggishness. Decrease if necessary.

Dead Band: Define the dead band in degrees or units. Heating dead band shifts the set point down. Cooling dead band shifts the set point up. For more information, see the Features Chapter.

Manual Tuning Procedure

- 1. Apply power to the Series F4 and enter a set point. Go to the Operations Page, Edit PID Menu and begin with Proportional Band set to 1; Integral (Reset) set to 0; Derivative (Rate) set to 0; and Autotune set to Tune Off.
- 2. Start manual tuning by setting the Proportional Band to 1, Reset to 0 and Rate to 0. Enter the desired set point and let the system stabilize. Once the system stabilizes, observe the value of Input 1 on the Main Page. If the Input 1 value fluctuates, increase the proportional band setting until it stabilizes. Adjust the proportional band in 5° to 10° increments, allowing time between adjustments for the system to stabilize.
- 3. Once Input 1 has stabilized, observe the percent power on the Main Page. It should be stable, ±10%. At this point, the process temperature should also be stable, but it will exhibit droop (stabilized below set point). The droop can be eliminated with reset or integral.
- 4. Start with a reset setting of 0.01, and allow 10 minutes for the process temperature to come up to set point. If it has not, increase the setting to 0.05 and wait another 10 minutes. After this, double the reset setting and wait another 10 minutes until the process value equals the set point. If the process becomes unstable, the reset value is too large. Decrease the setting until the process stabilizes.
- 5. Increase Derivative/Rate to 0.10 minute. Then raise the set point by 20° to 30°F, or 11° to 17°C. Observe the system's approach to the set point. If the load process value overshoots the set point, increase Derivative/Rate to 0.50 minute.

Raise the set point by 20° to 30°F, or 11° to 17°C and watch the approach to the new set point. If you increase Derivative/Rate too much, the approach to the set point will be very sluggish. Repeat as necessary until the system rises to the new set point without overshooting or approaching the set point too slowly.

6. Set Cycle Time, in the Control Output Menu (Setup Page), as required. Faster cycle times sometimes achieve the best system control. See the Features Chapter for more information on the burst fire feature. However, if a mechanical contactor or solenoid is switching power to the load, a longer cycle time may be desirable to minimize wear on the mechanical components. Experiment until the cycle time is consistent with the quality of control you want.

For additional information about manual tuning and proportional, integral and derivative control, see the Features Chapter.

Multiple PID Sets

Environmental chambers, ovens and furnaces typically have different thermal requirements when they operate at high and low temperatures or pressures. To accommodate varying thermal requirements, the F4 is capable of storing five different PID sets for each channel. One set for each channel can be chosen in each profile step.

For example, a controller in an environmental chamber with PID settings optimized for control at subzero temperatures may not control well when the set point is set to temperatures above the boiling point of water. With the F4, one PID set could be used for subzero operation and another set for temperatures above boiling.

Multiple Tuning Procedure

- 1. To auto-tune a single PID set, begin by setting the static set point on the Main Page.
- 2. Go to the Autotune PID Menu (Operations Page), and choose a channel and a set. Autotuning begins when you select the set. The Main Page displays information about the autotuning process when Tune Status is selected in the Custom Main Page.
- 3. When autotuning is finished, proceed with another PID set.

In the example above, the user would first autotune a PID set for subzero operation, and then another for operation at boiling temperatures. When programming a profile, the user could then select a different PID set for each step, depending on the thermal requirements.

✓ NOTE:

Autotuning cannot be done while running a profile. It can only be initiated when the controller is in the Static Set Point Control mode.

Cascade

Cascade control is available on Channel 1 of the Series F4 controllers. For background information about cascade control, see the Features Chapter.

Select cascade control through the Analog Input 3 Menu (Setup Page) and choose Process Cascade or Deviation Cascade. To set the range for the inner loop set point, Process Cascade uses Low and High Range settings that are independent of set point; Deviation Cascade uses Deviation Low and High settings that are deviations from the primary set point.

Deviation Cascade is an undocumented, expert feature. Only authorized and qualified personnel should configure systems for deviation cascade control.

When tuning a cascade system, the inner loop must be tuned first. The inner loop comprises outputs 1A and 1B and the Analog Input 1 sensor, which usually measures the energy source temperature. The output device controls a power switching device, which in turn switches the heating and cooling. The set point for the inner loop is generated by the outer loop. For Process Cascade, this will have a range between the Cascade Low Range and Cascade High Range.

Cascade Setup Procedure

- 1. First, configure Analog Input 1, Cascade Low Range and Cascade High Range.
 - Go to the Analog Input 3 Menu (Setup Page). Choose Process or Deviation Cascade. Deviation Cascade is an undocumented, expert feature that should be used by authorized, qualified personnel only. For Process cascade control of a heat/cool system, set the Cascade Low Range to a value slightly lower than the lowest temperature desired in the chamber. For heat-only systems, set the Cascade Low Range to a value slightly lower than the ambient temperature; otherwise the heat output will never turn fully off.
 - For heat/cool systems, set the Cascade High Range to a value slightly higher than the highest temperature desired in the chamber. For cool-only systems, set the Cascade Low Range to a value slightly higher than the ambient temperature; otherwise the cooling will never fully turn off.
- 2. Next, configure the controller to tune and display data for the outer loop. To view Inner Loop Set Point in the upper display, go to the Setup Page, Custom Main Page Menu, select the Inner Set point as one of the parameters, P1 to P16, to be displayed in the Main Page.
 - To also view Analog Input 3 in the upper display, go to the Setup Page, Process Display Menu, and choose Alternating. Under Set Display Time, choose a duration for the display of the Input 1 and Input 3 variables.

Cascade Autotuning Procedure

- 1. Go to Setup Page, Custom Main Page Menu. Choose Tune Status 1 to appear in the P1 position, and Tune Status 2 in the P2. The Main Page will now display the status of the autotuning process.
- 2. First, autotune the inner loop. Go to the Autotune PID Menu (Operations Page), and select Channel 1 Cascade Inner-loop Autotune. Choose Cascade PID and Set 1 to 5, where PID values will be stored after autotuning. Autotuning begins when you choose the PID set. While autotuning, the F4 controller will control the energy source in an onoff mode to a temperature equal to the Cascade (High Range setting x Channel 1 Autotune Set Point).
- 3. Next, auto-tune the outer loop. Go to the Auto-tune PID Menu (Operations Page). Choose Cascade PID and Set 1 to 5, where PID values will be stored after autotuning. Autotuning begins when you choose the PID set. While autotuning, the outer loop will be controlled in an on-off mode at a set point equal to static set point x Ch 1 Autotune Set Point. In most cases, the autotuning feature will tune for acceptable control. If not, manually tune the outer loop (step 4 below). Before manually tuning, record the values generated by the autotuning feature.
- 4. To manually tune the outer loop, go to the Edit PID Menu (Operations Page); Cascade PID, choose Cascade PID Set 1 to 5 and then begin manual tuning by setting the Proportional Band to 1, Integral (Reset) to 0, and Rate to 0. Establish the desired set point and let the system stabilize. When the system stabilizes, watch the value of Input 1 on the Main Page. If this value fluctuates, increase the proportional band until it stabilizes. Adjust the proportional band in 3° to 5° increments, allowing time for the system to stabilize between adjustments.
- 5. When Input 1 has stabilized, watch the percent power on the Main Page. It should be stable, ±10%. At this point, the process temperature should also be stable, but it will exhibit droop (stabilized below set point). The droop can be eliminated with Integral (reset).
- 6. Start with an integral setting of 99.9 minutes, and allow 10 minutes for the process temperature to come up to set point. If it has not, decrease the setting by half and wait another 10 minutes. Then halve the setting again and wait another 10 minutes until the process value equals the set point. If the process becomes unstable, the integral value is too small. Increase it until the process stabilizes.

3.6 ■ Operations Watlow Series F4

Sample Application:

Environmental Testing, Running a Profile



Andy, an engineer with the Ajax Testing Company, is running temperature and humidity tests on navigational equipment. He runs the test profile, Military Standard Test 810D, having already set up the controller and programmed the profile.

In Step 4, the temperature in the chamber exceeded the Alarm 1 setting. This triggered the alarm, causing the indicator light on the front panel (next to the bell-shaped icon) to light up and a message to appear on the lower display: "TEMP DEV High."

Because Alarm 1 was set up as a latching alarm (Setup Page), Andy had to clear it manually. First he corrected the alarm condition by widening the gap between low and high deviation alarm settings on the Operations Page. He then unlatched the alarm by returning to the Main Page alarm line and pressing the Right Key again.

If your Series F4 is a single-channel controller, you will see only the temperature on Channel 1. This is **not** the true Military Standard Test 810D.

✓ NOTE:

This profile is embedded in the Series F4 as a teaching tool and a template. Go to the Edit Profile Menu (Profiles Page) and look for MILSTD810D.

RUN

Andy presses the Profile Key ②, moves the cursor to "MILSTD810D" on the Run Profile Menu, then presses the Right Key ② He wants to begin at Step 1, so he presses ③ to select that step. The Profile Status Message (on the Lower Display) now says: "MILSTD810D Running. Step 1 Remains: XX:XX."



```
Start Profile:_____
>MILSTD810D.....
ALUMINUM
Glaze 8
```

HOLD

When the alarm occurred, Andy put the profile on hold while he corrected the Alarm Set Points.



```
Hold Profile:_____
Don't Hold
>Hold
Terminate
```

MILSTD810D	Holding.
Step 1	
Remains	00:01:40



RESUME

After clearing the alarm, Andy entered the command to resume the profile.



Resume Profile:_____ >Continue Holding Resume Terminate

TERMINATE



```
Hold Profile:____
Don't Hold
Hold
>Terminate
```

Troubleshooting Alarms and Errors

Indication	Probable Cause(s)	Corrective Action		
Power • Displays are dead.	 Power to unit may be off. Fuse may be blown. Breaker may be tripped. Safety Interlock door switch, etc., may be activated. 	• Check switches, fuses, breakers, interlocks, limits, connectors, etc. for energized conditions and proper connection.		
	 Separate system limit control may be latched. Wiring may be open. Input power may be incorrect. 	 Measure power upstream for required level. Check part number for input power required. Check wire size. Check for bad connections. 		
Communications				
• Unit will not communicate.	• Address parameter may be incorrectly set.	• Check Communications Setup Menu and set to correct address.		
	• Baud rate parameter may be incorrectly set.	• Check Communications Setup Menu and set to correct baud rate.		
	 Unit-to-unit daisy chain may be disconnected. 	• Look for a break in the daisy chain.		
	•Communications wiring may be reversed, short or open.	 Verify correct connections and test wiring paths. 		
	• EIA-485 converter box may be incorrectly wired.	• Check converter box wiring and its documentation.		
	• Computer communications port may be incorrectly set up.	 Reconfigure computer's communications port setup and verify that communications are okay. 		
	 Communications software setup or address may be incorrect. Protocol or parity may be wrong, should be 8, n, 1. Application software not working properly. 	 Check the communication card documentation for setable variables and operational testing. Restart communications software and check for settings agreement. Verify the communications bus is active. 		
		Verify operation with Watlow communications tool.		
Alarms				
• Alarm won't occur.	 Alarm output may be off. Alarm set points may be incorrect. Alarm sides may be incorrect. Controller may be in diagnostics mode. 	 Configure output as an alarm. Check alarm set points. Check the alarm sides setting. Check the alarm type setting. 		
• Alarm won't clear. (To clear the alarm, correct the alarm condition. If the alarm is latched, press • with the cursor at the alarm message on the Main Page.)	 Alarm may be latched. Move cursor to alarm message. Press • Alarm set points may be incorrect. Alarm hysteresis may be incorrect. Input may be in error condition. 	 Check the alarm logic for compatibility with system peripherals and annunciators. Check the power limit setting. Check the operation mode. Check the alarm output function. Check the °C and °F setting. Check the calibration offset value. Set it to a lower level. 		

3.8 ■ Operations Watlow Series F4

Operations Page Map

```
Autotune PID
                                                PID Set Channel 2
   Channel 1 Autotune
                                                   PID Set 6-10
      Tune Off
                                                       Proportional Band A
      PID Set 1
                                                       IntegralA / ResetA
      PID Set 2
                                                       DerivativeA / RateA
      PID Set 3
                                                       Dead Band A
      PID Set 4
                                                       Hysteresis A
      PID Set 5
                                                       Proportional Band B
   Channel 2 Autotune
                                                       IntegralB / ResetB
      Tune Off
                                                       DerivativeB / RateB
      PID Set 6
                                                       Dead Band B
      PID Set 7
                                                       Hysteresis B
      PID Set 8
                                                Cascade PID Set
                                                   CSCD Set 1-5
      PID Set 9
      PID Set 10
                                                       Proportional Band A
   Channel 1 Outer Loop Autotune
                                                       IntegralA / ResetA
      PID Set C1
                                                       DerivativeA / RateA
      PID Set C2
                                                       Dead Band A
      PID Set C3
                                                       Hysteresis A
      PID Set C4
                                                       Proportional Band B
      PID Set C5
                                                       IntegralB / ResetB
                                                       DerivativeB / RateB
Edit PID
   PID Set Channel 1
                                                       Dead Band B
      PID Set 1-5
                                                       Hysteresis B
         Proportional Band A
                                             Alarm Set Points
                                                Alarm1 Low SP
         IntegralA / ResetA
         DerivativeA / RateA
                                                Alarm1 High SP
         Dead Band A
                                                Alarm1 Lo Deviation
         Hysteresis A
                                                Alarm1 Hi Deviation
         Proportional Band B
                                                Alarm2 Low SP
         IntegralB / ResetB
                                                Alarm2 High SP
         DerivativeB / RateB
                                                Alarm2 Lo Deviation
                                                Alarm2 Hi Deviation
         Dead Band B
         Hysteresis B
```

✓ *NOTE*:

Some parameters may not appear, depending on the model and configuration of the controller.

3.10 ■ Operations Watlow Series F4

Operations Page Parameter Table Modbus Register					
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear	
Autot	une PID				
Main > Operations > Autotu	ne PID				
Channel x (1 to 2) Autotune Select whether PID parameters will be automatically selected.	Tune Off (0) Ch1 PID Set 1 (1) Ch1 PID Set 2 (2) Ch1 PID Set 3 (3) Ch1 PID Set 4 (4) Ch1 PID Set 5 (5) Ch2 PID Set 6 (1) Ch2 PID Set 7 (2) Ch2 PID Set 8 (3) Ch2 PID Set 9 (4) Ch2 PID Set 10 (5)			Active: Always (Channel 1). Active if controller is set to Dual Channel Ramping (Channel 2).	
Autot	une PID Cascade				
Main > Operations > Autotur	ne PID > Cascade				
Cascade Inner Loop Select which PID parameters will be automatically tuned.	Tune Off (0) Ch1 PID Set 1 (1) Ch1 PID Set 2 (2) Ch1 PID Set 3 (3) Ch1 PID Set 4 (4) Ch1 PID Set 5 (5)	Tune Off (0)	305 r/w	Active if Analog Input 3 Control Type is set to Cascade.	
Cascade Outer Loop Select which PID parameters will be automatically tuned.	Tune Off (0) Ch1 PID Set 1 (1) Ch1 PID Set 2 (2) Ch1 PID Set 3 (3) Ch1 PID Set 4 (4) Ch1 PID Set 5 (5)	Tune Off (0)	343 r/w	Active if Analog Input 3 Control Type is set to Cascade.	
Edit P	PID				
Main > Operations > Edit Pl	D				
		PID Set x	(1 to 5)		
Main > Operations > Edit Pl	D > PID Set Channel 1	> PID Set x (1 to 5)		
Proportional Band x (A or B) Define the proportional band for PID control.	0° to 30000° (0 to 30000)	25°F (25) 14°C (14)	1A 1B Set 500 550 [1] 510 560 [2] 520 570 [3] 530 580 [4] 540 590 [5] r/w	Active: Always (Channel 1). °F Default for US °C Default for SI	
Integral x (A or B) Set the integral time in minutes.	0.00 to 300.00 minutes (0 to 30000)	0 minutes (0)		Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to SI and Proportional Band is not set to 0.	
Reset x (A or B) Set the reset time in repeats per minute.	0.00 per minute to 99.99 per minute (0 to 9999)	0 per minute (0)		Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to U.S. and Proportional Band is not set to 0.	
Derivative x (A or B) Set the derivative time.	0.00 to 9.99 minutes (0 to 999)	0.00 minutes (0)	1A 1B Set 503 553 [1] 513 563 [2] 523 573 [3] 533 583 [4] 543 593 [5] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to SI and Proportional Band is not set to 0.	

 \checkmark NOTE: For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

Operations Page Parameter Table Modbus					
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear	
Rate x (A or B) Set the rate time.	0.00 to 9.99 minutes (0 to 999)	0.00 minutes (0)	1A 1B Set 504 554 [1] 514 564 [2] 524 574 [3] 534 584 [4] 544 594 [5] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to U.S. and Proportional Band is not set to 0.	
Dead Band x (A or B) Define the effective shift in the heating and cooling set points to prevent conflict.	0 to 30000 (0 to 30000)	0 (0)	1A 1B Set 505 555 [1] 515 565 [2] 525 575 [3] 535 585 [4] 545 595 [5] r/w	Active if Proportional Band is not set to 0 and one output is set to heat and the other to cool (Setup Page).	
Hysteresis x (A or B) Define the process variable change from the set point required to re-energize the output (in on-off mode).	1 to 30000 (1 to 30000)	3 (3)	1A 1B Set 507 557 [1] 517 567 [2] 527 577 [3] 537 587 [4] 547 597 [5] r/w	Active if Proportional Band is set to 0 and one channel is set to heat and the other to cool (Setup Page).	
M : 0 5		PID Set x			
Main > Operations > Edit PI					
Proportional Band x (A or B) Set the proportional band.	0° to 30000° (1 to 30000)	25°F (25) 14°C (14)	2A 2B Set 2500 2550 [6] 2510 2560 [7] 2520 2570 [8] 2530 2580 [9] 2540 2590 [10] r/w	Active: Always (Channel 1).	
Integral x (A or B) Set the integral time in minutes.	0.00 to 99.99 minutes (0 to 9999)	0 minutes (0)	2A 2B Set 2501 2551 [6] 2511 2561 [7] 2521 2571 [8] 2531 2581 [9] 2541 2591 [10] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to SI and Proportional Band is not set to 0.	
Reset x (A or B) Set the reset time in repeats per minute.	0.00 per minute to 99.99 per minute (0 to 9999)	0 per minute (0)		Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to U.S. and Proportional Band is not set to 0.	
Derivative x (A or B) Set the derivative time.	0.00 to 9.99 minutes (0 to 999)	0.00 minutes (0)	2A 2B Set 2503 2553 [6] 2513 2563 [7] 2523 2573 [8] 2533 2583 [9] 2543 2593 [10] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to SI and Proportional Band is not set to 0.	
Rate x (A or B) Set the rate time.	0.00 to 9.99 minutes (0 to 999)	0.00 minutes (0)	2A 2B Set 2504 2554 [6] 2514 2564 [7] 2524 2574 [8] 2534 2584 [9] 2544 2594 [10] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to U.S. and Proportional Band is not set to 0.	

 \checkmark NOTE: Press the Information Key $oldsymbol{0}$ for more task-related tips.

3.12 ■ Operations Watlow Series F4

Operations Page Parameter Table Modbus				
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
Dead Band x (A or B) Define the effective shift in the heating and cooling set points to prevent conflict.	0 to 30000 (1 to 30000)	0 (0)	2A 2B Set 2505 2555 [6] 2515 2565 [7] 2525 2575 [8] 2535 2585 [9] 2545 2595 [10] r/w	Active if Proportional Band is not set to 0 and one output is set to heat and the other to cool (Setup Page).
Hysteresis x (A or B) Define the process variable change from the set point required to re-energize the output (in on-off mode).	1 to 30000 (1 to 30000)	3 (3)	2A 2B Set 2507 2557 [6] 2517 2567 [7] 2527 2577 [8] 2537 2587 [9] 2547 2597 [10] r/w	Active if Proportional Band is set to 0 and one channel is set to heat and the other to cool (Setup Page).
		Cascade		(1 to 5)
Main > Operations > Edit PII			-	
Proportional Band x (A or B) Define the proportional band for PID control.	0° to 30000° (0 to 30000)	25°F (25) 14°C (14)	1A 1B Set 2600 2650 [1] 2610 2660 [2] 2620 2670 [3] 2630 2680 [4] 2640 2690 [5] r/w	Active: Always (Channel 1). °F Default for US °C Default for SI
Integral x (A or B) Set the integral time in minutes.	0.00 to 99.99 minutes (0 to 9999)	0 minutes (0)	1A 1B Set 2601 2651 [1] 2611 2661 [2] 2621 2671 [3] 2631 2681 [4] 2641 2691 [5] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to SI and Proportional Band is not set to 0.
Reset x (A or B) Set the reset time in repeats per minute.	0.00 per minute to 99.99 per minute (0 to 9999)	0 per minute (0)	1A 1B Set 2602 2652 [1] 2612 2662 [2] 2622 2672 [3] 2632 2682 [4] 2642 2692 [5] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to U.S. and Proportional Band is not set to 0.
Derivative x (A or B) Set the derivative time.	0.00 to 9.99 minutes (0 to 999)	0.00 minutes (0)	1A 1B Set 2603 2653 [1] 2613 2663 [2] 2623 2673 [3] 2633 2683 [4] 2643 2693 [5] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to SI and Proportional Band is not set to 0.
Rate x (A or B) Set the rate time.	0.00 to 9.99 minutes (0 to 999)	0.00 minutes (0)	1A 1B Set 2604 2654 [1] 2614 2664 [2] 2624 2674 [3] 2634 2684 [4] 2644 2694 [5] r/w	Active if PID Units (Setup Page) is set to U.S. and Proportional Band is not set to 0.
Dead Band x (A or B) Define the effective shift in the heating and cooling set points to prevent conflict.	0 to 30000 (0 to 30000)	0 (0)	1A 1B Set 2605 2655 [1] 2615 2665 [2] 2625 2675 [3] 2635 2685 [4] 2645 2695 [5] r/w	Active if Proportional Band is not set to 0 and one output is set to heat and the other to cool (Setup Page).

 $[\]begin{tabular}{l} \checkmark NOTE: For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter. \end{tabular}$

Operations Page Parameter Table Modbus					
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear	
Hysteresis x (A or B) Define the process variable change from the set point required to re-energize the output (in on-off mode).		3 (3)		Active if Proportional Band is set to 0 and one channel is set to heat and the other to cool (Setup Page).	
Alarm	Set Points				
Main > Operations > Alarm	Set Points				
Alarm 1 Low SP Set low value at which alarm is triggered.	<pre><per sensor=""> to Alarm 1 High Set Point</per></pre>	<pre><per sensor=""></per></pre>	302 r/w	Active if Alarm 1 Type (Setup Page) is set to Process.	
Alarm 1 High SP Set high value at which alarm is triggered.	<pre><per sensor=""> to Alarm 1 Low Set Point</per></pre>	<pre><per sensor=""></per></pre>	303 r/w	Active if Alarm 1 Type (Setup Page) is set to Process.	
Alarm 1 Low Deviation Set the deviation below set point 1	-19999 to -1 (-1 to 19999) 1 to -1999.9	-999 (-999) -99.9 (999)	302 r/w	Active if Alarm 1 Type (Setup Page) is set to Deviation. Active if decimal is set to 0.0.	
that will trigger an alarm. Alarm 1 High Deviation Set the deviation above set point 1 that will trigger an	(-1 to 19999) 1 to 30000 (1 to 30000) .1 to 3000.0 (1 to 30000)	999 (999)	303 r/w	Active if Alarm 1 Type (Setup Page) is set to Deviation. Active if decimal is set to 0.0	
alarm. Alarm 2 Low SP Set low value at which alarm is triggered.	<pre><per sensor=""> to Alarm 2 High Set Point</per></pre>	<per sensor=""></per>	321 r/w	Active if Alarm 2 Type (Setup Page) is set to Process.	
Alarm 2 High SP Set high value at which alarm is triggered.	<pre><per sensor=""> to Alarm 2 Low Set Point</per></pre>	<pre><per sensor=""></per></pre>	322 r/w	Active if Alarm 2 Type (Setup Page) is set to Process.	
Alarm 2 Low Deviation Set the deviation below set point 2 that will trigger an alarm.	-19999 to -1 (-1 to -19999) 1 to -1999.9 (-1 to -19999)	-999 (-999) -99.9 (-999)	321 r/w	Active if Alarm 2 Type (Setup Page) is set to Deviation. Active if decimal is set to 0.0	
Alarm 2 High Deviation Set the deviation above set point 2 that will trigger an alarm.	0 to 30000 (0 to 30000)	999 (999)	322 r/w	Active if Alarm 2 Type (Setup Page) is set to Deviation.	

3.14 ■ Operations Watlow Series F4

Operations Page Parameter Record

Make a photocopy of this page and enter your settings on that copy.

Name		 	
Date _		 	

	1		I	ı	l.
PID Set Chan 1 Menu	PID Set 1	PID Set 2	PID Set 3	PID Set 4	PID Set 5
Proportional Band A					
IntegralA / ResetA					
DerivativeA / RateA					
Dead Band A					
Hysteresis A					
Proportional Band B					
IntegralB / ResetB					
DerivativeB / RateB					
Dead Band B					
Hysteresis B					
PID Set Chan 2 Menu	PID Set 6	PID Set 7	PID Set 8	PID Set 9	PID Set 10
Proportional Band A					
IntegralA / ResetA					
DerivativeA / RateA					
Dead Band A					
Hysteresis A					
Proportional Band B					
IntegralB / ResetB					
DerivativeB / RateB					
Dead Band B					
Hysteresis B					
PID Set Ch 1 Outer Loo	PID Set 1	PID Set 2	PID Set 3	PID Set 4	PID Set 5
Proportional Band A					
IntegralA / ResetA					
DerivativeA / RateA					
Dead Band A					
Proportional Band B					
IntegralB / ResetB					
DerivativeB / RateB					
Dead Band B					
Alarm Set Point Menu	Alarm 1	Alarm 2			
Low Set Point					
High Set Point					
Lo Deviation					
			1		

Hi Deviation

Notes

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3.18 ■ Operations Watlow Series F4

Chapter Four: **Profile Programming**

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Profile Plan Checklist
How to Program a New Profile
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Overview

This chapter explains how to program a ramp-andsoak profile so that it will be stored in the Series F4 memory.

- The first section explains profiles, steps and step types.
- The second section explains how to name and program a ramping profile. The Series F4 presents a sequence of questions that prompt you to define the steps and the step properties. While reading this section, refer to the profile already embedded in the Series F4 software. You can use this profile, Military Standard Test 810, as a template and learning tool.
- The third section explains how to edit and delete an existing profile. In the Series F4, you

✓ NOTE:

For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

✓ NOTE:

If your Series F4 is a single-channel controller, you will see only the temperature on Channel 1 of the embedded profile. This is not the true Military Standard Test 810D.

- choose from a list of the steps and their parameters, much like in previous controllers.
- You will also find a User Profile Record to use to record the steps and parameters for your profiles.

If you receive this controller as a separate unit, you will have to install, wire and configure the Series F4 before you set up a ramping profile.

If you receive this controller already installed in an environmental chamber, furnace or other equipment, continue with this chapter. You will not have to configure the controller if the manufacturer has done this for you. You should check the Setup Page in the controller software for settings of relevant inputs and outputs.

✓ NOTE:

Make sure your controller inputs are properly configured before entering profiles. Analog Input setup changes may delete profiles.

What Is a Ramping Profile?

A **ramp** is a programmed change from one set point to another. A **soak** maintains the set point over a period of time.

A **profile** is a set of instructions programmed as a sequence of steps. The controller handles the profile steps automatically, in sequence. As many as 40 different profiles and a total of 256 steps can be stored in the Series F4's non-volatile memory.

The 256 steps are grouped by profile. So, one profile could have 256 steps; or 39 profiles could have 6 steps and one could have 22; or 32 profiles could have eight steps each. The maximum number of steps is 256, and the maximum number of profiles is 40.

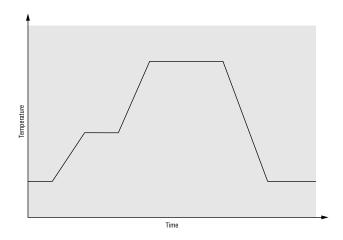


Figure 4.2 — An eight-step profile, as it might be logged on a chart recorder.

Step Types — Building Blocks of Profiles

Six types of steps are available in the Series F4. They are the building blocks of ramping profiles.

Use the six step types to create simple or complex profiles involving all inputs and outputs. The Series F4 prompts you to define each step's properties, listed below.

- Autostart
- Ramp Time
- Ramp Rate
- Soak
- Jump
- End

- 2. Event outputs to turn on or off (if digital outputs are set up as events in the Setup Page);
- 3. Time (in hours, minutes and seconds);
- 4. Channel 1 Set Point;
- 5. Channel 2 Set Point (if dual channel);
- 6. PID set (one of five sets of heat/cool PID parameters per channel, pre-defined in the Operations Page);
- 7. Guaranteed Soak (requires the actual process value to stay within the Soak Band as set in the System Menu).

Autostart

Autostart pauses a profile until the specified date or day, and time (of a 24-hour-clock). Define the Autostart by choosing:

- 1. Day (of the week) or Date,
- 2. Time

Ramp Time

Ramp Time changes the set point to a new value in a chosen period of time. Ramp Time is the same for both channels of a dual-channel controller. Define the Ramp Time step by choosing:

Wait for an event or process value;
 (Wait for Events are set up in the Setup Page.)

Ramp Rate



Ramp Rate (for single channel only) changes the set point to a new value at a chosen rate. Define the Ramp Rate step by choosing:

- Wait for an event or process value;
 (Wait for Events are set up in the Setup Page.)
- 2. Event outputs to turn on or off (if digital outputs are set up as events in the Setup Page);
- 3. Rate (units per minute);
- 4. Channel 1 Set Point;
- 5. PID set (one of five sets of heat/cool PID parameters, pre-defined in the Operations Page);
- 6. Guaranteed Soak (requires the actual process value to stay within the Soak Band as set in the System Menu).

Soak

Soak maintains the set point from the previous step for a chosen time in hours, minutes and seconds. Define the Soak step by choosing:

- Wait for an event or process value;
 (Wait for Events are set up in the Setup Page.)
- 2. Event outputs to turn on or off (if digital outputs are set up as events in the Setup Page);
- 3. Time;
- 4. PID set (one of five sets of heat/cool PID parameters per channel, pre-defined in the Operations Page); or
- 5. Guaranteed Soak (requires the actual process value to stay within the Soak Band as set in the System Menu).

Jump

Jump initiates another step or profile. Define the Jump step by choosing:

- 1. Profile to jump to;
- 2. Step to jump to; and
- 3. Number of Repeats.

✓ NOTE:

If a power out condition occurs during a profile and more than 20 jump steps are stored in the F4's Profile Program memory, the controller will terminate the profile and turn off all outputs if Continue, Hold or Terminate was selected as the Power Out action. If Profile Reset or Go to Idle Set Point was selected, the controller will take those actions. A pop-up message will warn of this when the 21st jump step is programmed

End

End terminates the profile in a chosen state. All profiles must have an End step. It cannot be deleted or changed to another step type. Define the End by choosing:

• End with Hold, Control Off, All Off or Idle end state.

Another Option: Wait For

Wait For is not a step type, but Ramp Time, Ramp Rate and Soak steps can be programmed to wait for events and processes. This means the wait conditions must be satisfied before the time clock and the step activity proceeds.

If the step is to wait for an analog input, the actual

process value must arrive at or cross the specified value before the step proceeds.

Digital inputs must first be configured in the Setup Page as Wait for Events, with the condition to be met also specified. Then, to wait for this digital input, you must specify On, meaning the condition as configured in the Setup Page, or Off, meaning the opposite of that condition.

Profile Plan Checklist

- **1. Configure the controller** (Setup Page) to provide the right foundation for the profile:
 - ☐ Set the appropriate input sensor ranges and limits (Input Menus).
 - ☐ Establish digital inputs and outputs as events if required (Digital Input and Output Menus).
 - ☐ Set the guaranteed soak band (System Menu).
 - ☐ Decide the controller response to a power-out situation (System Menu).
 - ☐ Choose Celsius or Fahrenheit (System Menu) scale.
 - ☐ If Setup Page values have not been recorded, note them on the Setup Page Parameter Record in the Setup Chapter.

2. Check the Operations Page:

- ☐ If defaults are not acceptable, establish PID values (through the Autotune or Edit PID Menu).
- ☐ Set the alarm set points (Alarm Set Points Menu).
- **3. Plan the profile on paper.** The User Profile Record (later in this chapter) will give you a framework for your plan.
- **4. Program the profile.** Make sure the User Profile Record is an accurate record of the program.
- **5. Store the Setup Page Parameter Record** along with the User Profile Record to document your programmed settings.

How to Program a New Profile

The Series F4 uses a question-and-answer format to prompt you to define the steps and step types of a new profile. Here's how:

1. Go to the Profiles Page.

Move the cursor to Go to Profiles (at the bottom of the Main Page), then press the Right Key ♥.

2. Create a new profile.

Press Q.

3. Name the profile.

Unless the equipment manufacturer has locked out this function, you can name your profiles for easy reference. (Names can have up to 10 characters.) To name a profile,

- Press to enter the name space and the first position.
- Press the Up or Down Key to scroll through the alphabet and choose the letter or number. (See Chapter 2, Navigation, for the character selections available.)
- Press to move to the next position.
- Continue until the name is complete, or until you move through the name space into the next screen.
- Enter to save the name of the profile. This name will be stored in the Series F4's memory and will appear on the Main Page when you run the profile.

4. Choose the step type.

There are six step types, each of which must be defined through different parameters. (See "Step Types," earlier in this chapter.)

5. Define each step type.

The Series F4 prompts you to define the parameters of each step type. For example, when you choose Ramp Time, the Profile Guide asks:

- if you want the step to wait for an event or process input before starting;
- whether events outputs are on or off (digital outputs must be set up as events in the Setup Page);



Main>Profile_____ >Create Profile Edit Profile Delete Profile

Choose to Name:____ No >Yes

Enter Profile Name:_ <u>ALUMINUM8</u> ▲▼ Adjusts Char < Back > Next

Choose Step1 Type:__ Autostart >Ramp Time Ramp Rate ▼

Choose to wait:____ >Step does not wait Step waits for...

- how much time it will take to reach set point;
- what the set point is;
- which PID set to activate; and
- · whether you want a guaranteed soak.

Continue defining step types until your profile is complete. The last step must be an End step.

6. Choose the end-state.

All profiles end with an End step, which is preprogrammed into the new profile. Choose:

- Hold set point and event outputs;
- Control off, set point off, event output status maintained;
- All Off (control outputs and event outputs) or
- Idle, with each channel at user-specified set points. Event output status maintained.

7. Save your settings.

When exiting the Profiles Page, choose whether to save profile data **Q** or restore values **Q**.

✓ NOTE:

The final step of every profile is End. You cannot delete an End step or change it to another type, but you can insert new steps before it.

Enter Ramp Time:____ 00:00:01 (H:M:S) ▼▲ Adjusts Digit < > Save Changes



Get Information from the ① Key

If you do not know a term, press the **6** Key when the cursor points to the word in the display text. Or check the glossary in the Appendix of this user manual.

i Ramp Time: A step type that changes the set point to a ■ new value in a ▼ user-chosen period of time.

How to Edit a Profile

To change one or more parameters in any step of a profile, choose Edit Profile on the Profiles Page.

1. Go to the Profiles Page.

Move the cursor to Go to Profile (at the bottom of the Main Page), then press **◊**.

2. Choose to Edit a Profile.

Press O.

3. Choose the profile you want to edit.

Press .

4. Choose how you change the profile.

Choose whether you want to insert a new step, edit a specific step or delete a step.

To edit a step:

- Select the number of the step you wish to edit from a list of steps and step types.
- The next screen presents a list of all possible step types. The cursor will be positioned on the current step type. To keep it, press ② and make your changes to the properties listed on succeeding screens.
- If you choose to change a Step Type, the Series F4 will prompt you to program all necessary parameters.

To insert a step:

Move the cursor to the number of the step that the new step will precede. Press ②. The Series F4 will prompt you to program all necessary parameters of the new step. Inserting a step changes the numbers of all steps that follow.

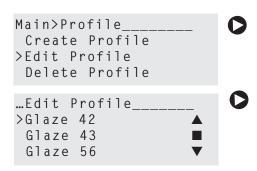
To delete a step:

Move the cursor to the number of the step to be deleted. Press **②**. Deleting a step changes the numbers of all steps that follow.

A Jump Step that jumps to an End Step cannot be deleted.

✓ NOTE:

Inserting a step changes the numbers of all steps that follow.







User Profile Record

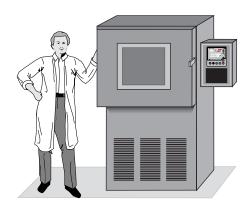
Copy this record and use it to plan profiles. Keep it with a Setup Page Parameter Record to document the controller's programmed settings.

Profile Name:	
Date Programmed:	
Programmed by:	
Controller checked by:	

Step	Step	Date/Day,	Wait	S	et E	Evei	nts	5				Time	Rate	Set	Set	PID	Guar.	Jump to	Step	Repeats	End
Nmbr	Туре	Time	for	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	HMS		Pt 1	Pt 2	Set	Soak	Profile			Step
				_	_														-		
				+	+	-								-					-		
				+	+																
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A Sample Application: Environmental Testing

Programming a Profile



This profile is embedded in the Series F4 software for use as a teaching tool and as a template. To see how it is programmed in steps, and how each step is defined, go to the Profiles Page, choose Edit Profile and open MILSTD 810D.

If your Series F4 is a single-channel controller, you will see only the temperature on Channel 1. This is NOT the true Military Standard Test 810D.

To test its customers' navigational equipment,

Ajax Testing Co. selected a version of Military Standard Test 810D, which is often used to test navigational or other military equipment under hot, humid conditions. The full test requires a two-channel controller to manipulate both temperature and humidity in an environmental chamber.

Andy planned his profile on the User Profile Record,

after checking the Setup Page to make sure the controller's inputs, outputs, limits and ranges were configured properly. Andy then programmed the profile into the Series F4.

Military Standard 810D

Step 1: Ramp Time Initialize the set point for channels 1 and 2.

Step 2: Soak Wait for channels 1 and 2 process values to reach their set points before the test

proceeds.

Step 3: Soak To ensure that the equipment temperature has stabilized, expose the equipment

in the chamber to a temperature of 88°F and an RH of 88% for five hours.

Steps 4 to 11: Ramp Time The test calls for a programmed increase in temperature and decrease in relative

humidity over a period of eight hours.

Step 12: Soak Expose the equipment in the chamber to a temperature of 105°F and an RH of

59% for three hours.

Steps 13 to 19: Ramp Time The test calls for a programmed decrease in temperature and increase in relative

humidity over a period of seven hours.

Step 20: Jump Jump to step 3 and repeat steps 3 to 20 twenty times.

Step 21: End End the profile and turn off all outputs.

Step	Step	Date/Day,	Wait	Se	et E	vei	nts					Time	Rate	Set	Set	PID	Guar.	Jump to	Step	Repeats	End
Nmbr	Туре	Time	for	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	HMS		Pt 1	Pt 2	Set	Soak	Profile			Step
1	Ramp Time											1 sec.		88°F	88%						
2	Soak		Process 1	&	2							1 sec.									
3	Soak											5 hrs.									
4	Ramp Time											1 hr.		90°F	85%						
5	Ramp Time											1 hr.		93°F	80%						
6	Ramp Time											1 hr.		96°F	76%						
7	Ramp Time											1 hr.		98°F	73%						
8	Ramp Time											1 hr.		100°F	69%						
9	Ramp Time											1 hr.		102°F	65%						
10	Ramp Time											1 hr.		104°F	62%						
11	Ramp Time											1 hr.		105°F	59%						
12	Soak		Process 1	&	2							3 hrs.									
13	Ramp Time											1 hr.		102°F	65%						
14	Ramp Time											1 hr.		99°F	69%						
15	Ramp Time											1 hr.		97°F	73%						
16	Ramp Time											1 hr.		94°F	79%						
17	Ramp Time											1 hr.		91°F	85%						
18	Ramp Time											1 hr.		90°F	85%						
19	Ramp Time											1 hr.		89°F	88%						
20	Jump																		3	20	
21	End																				All Off
				1												1	l		I		

Figure 4.9a — Profile Chart for Military Standard 810D Test.

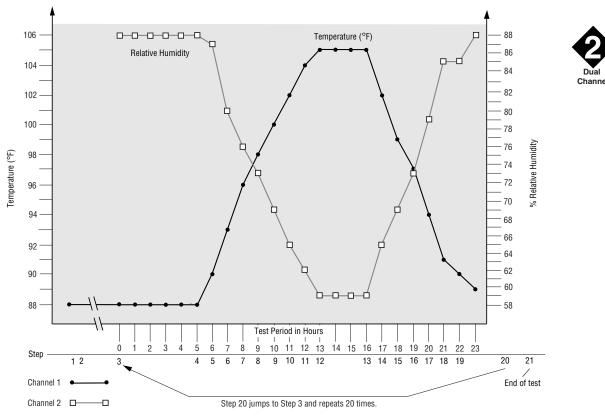


Figure 4.9b — Graph of Military Standard 810D Test.

Frequently Asked Questions About Profiles

1. Why should I check the Setup Page before programming a profile?

Complex, sophisticated profile control is possible with the Series F4's two or three analog inputs, four digital inputs, four control outputs (two for a single-channel controller), two alarm outputs, two retransmit outputs and eight digital outputs, but they must be configured correctly. Don't assume that the controller has been set up correctly for the profile you want to program and run. Checking the Setup Page first will save time.

2. Why can't I program a Ramp Rate step on Channel 2?

Ramp Rate is available only on single-channel controllers.

3. Why can't I set the Channel 2 parameters?

Channel 2 parameters do not appear in singlechannel controllers, or Input 2 is Off in a dualchannel controller.

4. Why can't I adjust the set point to get the value I want?

Check the configuration of the inputs (Setup Page) and the set point limits (Setup Page).

5. Why don't the digital inputs appear as Wait for conditions?

They must first be configured as events in the Setup Page.

6. Why can't I delete a particular step of my profile?

You cannot delete a step that another step jumps to, or a step that is an End step.

7. Why can't I delete the End step?

Because every profile must have an End step, and this End step is programmed into the profile. If you wish to add a step before the end, use the Insert Step command under the Edit Profiles Menu.

8. I just programmed the profile, but when I press the Profile Key nothing happens. What's wrong?

You must return to the Main Page before running a profile. The Profile Key does not function from any other page but the Main Page.

9. How do I know which profile is running?

When a profile is running, the profile name and current step number is displayed on the Main Page. You may have to scroll up or down to find this information.

10. Why can't I access certain pages, menus or parameters?

The parameters you are looking for may not be available in your model of controller.

The OEM that installed the F4 may have locked users out of certain pages and menus.

The F4's software may have been locked by a supervisor or someone else at your facility.

If a profile is running, you can enter only the Profiles Page.

Profiles Page Map Fdit Profile Profile x (1 to 40) Insert Step Create Profile Name Profile Insert Before Step x Step x (1 to 256) Type Step x (1 to 256) Type (see below) Autostart Edit Step Date Step x (1 to 256) Type Day Autostart Time Date Ramp Time Day Wait For Ramp Time Wait For Event Output Time Event Output Ch1 SP Time Ch2 SP Ch1 SP Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5) Ch2 SP Ch2 PID Set x (6 to 10) Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5) Guar, Soak1 Ch2 PID Set x (6 to 10) Guar. Soak2 Guarantee Soak1 Ramp Rate Guarantee Soak2 Wait For Ramp Rate Event Output Wait For Rate Event Output Ch1 SP Rate Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5) Ch1 SP Guar. Soak1 Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5) Soak Guarantee Soak1 Wait For Soak Event Output Wait For Time Event Output Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5) Time Ch2 PID Set x (6 to 10) Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5) Guar. Soak1 Ch2 PID Set x (6 to 10) Guar. Soak2 Guarantee Soak1 Jump Guarantee Soak2 Jump to Profile x (1 to 40) Jump

Control Off
All Off
Idle
Ch1 Idle Set Point
Ch2 Idle Set Point

Jump to Step x

Number of Repeats

Control Off
All Off
Idle
Ch1 Idle Set Point
Ch2 Idle Set Point
Delete Step
Done

Hold

Fnd

Done Delete Profile

Profile x (1 to 40)

Re-Name Profile

Profile x (1 to 40)

✓ NOTE:

Some parameters may not appear, depending on the model and configuration of the controller.

End

Hold

Jump to Profile x (1 to 40)

Jump to Step x

Number of Repeats

Profiles	Page	Parameter	Table
	9 -		

	•	Range		Register read/write	Conditions for
Paramete	er Description	(Modbus Value)	Default	[I/O, Set, Ch]	Parameters to Appear
				Autosta	art
>Edi	t Profile > Profile x (1	to 40) > Edit Step > St	ep x (1 to 256) > Autostaı	rt Step
Date	Set date to autostart.	M/D/Y [Date] (0) [Day] (1) [mo] (1 to 12) [day] (1 to 31) [yr] (1998 to 2035)	today's date	4004 [Date] or [Day] 4005 [mo] 4006 [day] 4007 [yr] r/w	Active: Always.
Day	Set day of the week to autostart.	Every Day (0) Sunday (1) Monday (2) Tuesday (3) Wednesday (4) Thursday (5) Friday (6) Saturday (7)	Every Day (0)	4008 r/w	Active: Always.
Time	Set time to autostart.	00:00:00 to 23:59:59 [h] (0 to 23) [m] (0 to 59) [s] (0 to 59)	00:00:00 [h] (0) [m] (0) [s] (0)	4009 4010 4011 r/w	Active: Always.
			-		np Rate or Soak Step
	`		ep x (1 to 256) > Ramp Ti	me or Ramp Rate or Soak Step
Wait for	•	Step does not wait (0)	Step does not wait (0)		Active if digital inputs are configured as wait for events.
	Wait for an event or process value. (Digital inputs must be configured in the Setup Page before they can be used here.) The F4 can be programmed to wait for up to 4 event inputs and 3 analog inputs.		wait (0)	4103 r	area as wait for events.
Event O	_	Digital Outputs 1 to 8			Active if digital outputs are con-
	Turn an event output on or off. (Digital outputs must be configured in the Setup Page before they can be used here. Verify that the setup matches events.)	Off (0) On (1)		4030 r/w [1] 4111 r [1] 4031 r/w [2] 4112 r [2] 4032 r/w [3]) 4113 r [3]) 4033 r/w [4] 4114 r [4] 4034 r/w [5] 4115 r [5] 4035 r/w [6] 4116 r [6] 4036 r/w [7] 4037 r/w [8] 4118 r [8]	figured as events.

Modbus

ightharpoonup NOTE: To edit profiles through serial communications, see p. 7.17,

✓ NOTE: Two sets of Modbus registers contain profile information: In edit mode, the number of the profile being edited is at 4000, and the number of the step being edited is at 4001. When the profile is running, the number of the profile being run is at 4100, and the number of the step being run is at 4101. All run addresses are read only.

Profile	Profiles Page Parameter Table Modbus Register									
Paramete	er Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear					
Time	Set the time in hours, minutes and seconds.	00:00:01 to 99:59:59 [h] (0 to 99) [m] (0 to 59) [s] (0 to 59)	00:00:01 (0) (0) (1)	Ch 4009 r/w [h] 4119 r [h] 4010 r/w [m] 4120 r [m] 4011 r/w [s] 4121 r [s]	Active if Step is set to Ramp Time or Soak.					
Rate	Select the rate of change by entering degrees per minute.	.1 to 3,000.0 degrees per minute (1 to 30000)	.1	4043 r/w	Active if Step is set to Rate and controller is not Dual Channel.					
Set Poi	Set the target for the Channel 1 process value (temperature, etc.) at the end of this step.	Set point low limit to set point high limit	75 (75)	4044 r/w 4122 r	Active if Step is set to Time or Rate.					
Set Poi	Set the target for the Channel 2 process value (temperature, etc.) at the end of this step.	Set point low limit to set point high limit	75 (75)	4045 r/w 4123 r	Active if Step is set to Time and controller is Dual Channel.					
PID Set	Select the PID set for each channel.	Channel 1 PID (1 to 5) Channel 2 PID (6 to 10) [1] (0 to 4) [2] (0 to 4)	[1] (0) [2] (0)	Ch 4046 r/w [1] 4124 r [1] 4047 r/w [2] 4125 r [2]	Active: Always.					
Guaran	tee Soak Select this feature.	No (0) Yes (1)	No (0)	Ch 4048 r/w [1] 4049 r/w [2]	Active: Always.					
					Wait for:					
> Pı	rofile (1 to 40) > Edit	Step > Step x (1 to 256) > Ramp Tim	e or Ramp F	late or Soak Step > Wait for:					
Step Do	Do not wait for any	Does not wait (0) Wait for (1)	_	4012 r/w	_					
	condition.									
Step Wa	Wait for the chosen	Event Input x (1 to 4) Analog Input x (1 to 3)		4012 r/w	Active: Always.					

✓ NOTE: Two sets of Modbus registers contain profile information: In edit mode, the number of the profile being edited is at 4000, and the number of the step being edited is at 4001. When the profile is running, the number of the profile being run is at 4100, and the number of the step being run is at 4101. All run addresses are read only.

ightharpoonup NOTE: For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

condition.

Profiles Page Parameter Table Modbus Register										
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear						
Event Input x (1 to 4) Select whether or not to wait for a digital signal to initiate this step.		Don't Wait (0)	Input 4013 r/w [1] 4104 r [1] 4014 r/w [2] 4015 r [2] 4015 r/w [3] 4106 r [3] 4016 r/w [4] 4107 rw [4]	Active if the selected Event Input is Enabled.						
Analog Input x (1 to 3) Select whether or not to wait for a process value to initiate this step.	Don't Wait (0) Wait (1)	Don't Wait (0)	4108 r [1] 4023 r/w [2] 4109 r [2] 4025 r/w [3] 4110 r [3]	Active if the selected Analog Input is present (Analog Input 1 always is).						
				log Input x (1 to 3)						
> Ramp Time or Ramp F	Rate or Soak Step > Wa	ait for: > To Wa	it for > Anal	og Input x (1 to 3)						
Enter Analog Input x Select the process value that will initiate this step.	Range Low to Range High	Follow input selected	Input 4022 r/w [1] 4024 r/w [2] 4026 r/w [3]	Active: Always.						
				Event Output						
> Edit Step > Step x (1 t	o 256) > Ramp Time or	Ramp Rate o	r Soak Step	> Event Output						
Output x (1 to 8) Select this Digital Output to be on or off.	Off (0) On (1)	Off (0)	Output 4030 r/w [1] 4111 r [1] 4031 r/w [2] 4112 r [2] 4032 r/w [3] 4113 r [3] 4033 r/w [4] 4114 r [4] 4034 r/w [5] 4035 r/w [6]	Active if the associated Digital Output is set to Event.						

4036 r/w 4117 r 4037 r/w 4118 r



WARNING:

Check the configuration of the controller on the Setup Page before starting and running a profile (if the Setup Page is not locked). Make sure settings are appropriate to the profile. If the Setup Page is accessible, failure to check the configuration before running a profile could result in damage to equipment and/or property, and/or injury or death to personnel.

✓ NOTE: Two sets of Modbus registers contain profile information: In edit mode, the number of the profile being edited is at 4000, and the number of the step being edited is at 4001. When the profile is running, the number of the profile being run is at 4100, and the number of the step being run is at 4101. All run addresses are read only.

Profiles Page Paramet	er Table		Modbus			
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear		
				PID Set		
> Profile x (1 to 40) > Ed	it Step > Step x (1 to 2	56) > Ramp Ti	me or Ramp	Rate or Soak Step > PID Set		
Channel 1 Select a PID set for channel 1.	PID Set 1 (0) PID Set 2 (1) PID Set 3 (2) PID Set 4 (3) PID Set 5 (4)	PID Set 1 (0)	4046 r/w 4124 r	Active: Always.		
Channel 2 Select a PID set for channel 2.	PID Set 6 (0) PID Set 7 (1) PID Set 8 (2) PID Set 9 (3) PID Set 10 (4)	PID Set 6 (0)	4047 r/w 4125 r	Active if controller is Dual Channel.		
				Jump		
\Main > Profiles > Edit Profi	le > Profile x (1 to 40) >	> Edit Step > S	Step x (1 to 2	256) > Jump Step		
Jump To Profile Select name or number of profile to jump to.	1 to 40 or name (1 to 40)	_	4050 r/w	_		
Step x (1 to 256)	1 to 256	1(1)	4051 r/w	Active: Always.		
Select number of steps to jump to.	(1 to 256)			none. mways.		
Number of Repeats	1 to 999	1 (1)	4052 r/w	Active: Always.		
Set number of times to repeat the chosen Jump.	(1 to 999)					
				End		

Watlow Series F4

[✓] NOTE: Two sets of Modbus registers contain profile information: In edit mode, the number of the profile being edited is at 4000, and the number of the step being edited is at 4001. When the profile is running, the number of the profile being run is at 4100, and the number of the step being run is at 4101. All run addresses are read only.

[✓] NOTE: For more information about how parameter settings
affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

Profiles Page Parameter Table Modbus

i ionics i ago i aramot	or rabic	Register				
	Range	D 4 1	read/write	Conditions for		
Parameter Description	(Modbus Value)	Default	[I/O, Set, Ch]	Parameters to Appear		
				ldle		
Main > Profiles > Edit Profile	e > Profile x (1 to 40) >	Edit Step / St	tep x (1 to 25	66) > Step > End > Idle		
Enter Channel 1 Idle Set Point	Set Point 1 Low Limit to Set Point 1 High Limit	75 (75)	4061 r/w	Active: Always (Channel 1).		
Select the channel 1 set point to be maintained after the profile ends.	Limit					
Enter Channel 2 Idle Set Point	to Set Point 2 High	75 (75)	4062 r/w	Active if controller is set to Dual Channel Ramping (Channel 2).		
Select the channel 2 set point to be maintained after the profile ends.	Limit					

✔ NOTE: Two sets of Modbus registers contain profile information: In edit mode, the number of the profile being edited is at 4000, and the number of the step being edited is at 4001. When the profile is running, the number of the profile being run is at 4100, and the number of the step being run is at 4101. All run addresses are read only.

✓ NOTE: Press the Information Key **1** for task-related tips.

Chapter Five: Setup

Setup Guidelines
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Overview

This chapter presents information about configuring the controller software through the Setup Page. This is where you:

- indicate what hardware the input and output pins will be connected to;
- indicate how the inputs and outputs will function (Some of the inputs, outputs and functions may not be visible, depending on the model number of your controller);
- choose Celsius or Fahrenheit scales;
- make other choices about the display of information on the Main Page and in the Upper (LED) Display; and
- set up computer communications with the controller.

Many control features are explained in greater depth in the Features Chapter.

To reach the Setup Page from the Main Page, move the cursor to Go to Setup, then press the Right **O** Key.

✓ NOTE:

If the Series F4 is already installed in an environmental chamber, oven, furnace or other equipment, most parameters will already be configured and access to the Setup Page may be limited (locked).

Setup Guidelines

Setup Page parameters affect many areas of the controller's function:

- which parameters and functions are visible in other pages;
- the way the controller responds to your application; and
- the way information is displayed on the Main Page.

Setting up the controller properly will provide a sound foundation for settings in other pages.

Parameter Setup Order

Initial configuration of the Series F4 is best done in the following order:

- 1. Go to the System Menu (Setup Page). Here you will indicate:
 - the current time and date;
 - preference of PID units U.S. (Reset, Rate) or SI (Integral, Derivative);
 - preference of Celsius or Fahrenheit scales;
 - whether or not to display these units in the controller's Upper Display,

✓ NOTE:

To see how all the pages, menus and parameters are grouped, see the software map on the inside back cover of this manual.

✓ NOTE:

For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

- the guaranteed soak band for each channel;
- open-loop detection warnings on or off; and
- profile-power outage actions.
- 2. Go the Setup Page and define all inputs, outputs and alarms:
 - Analog Input x (1 to 3);
 - Digital Input x (1 to 4);
 - Control Output x (1A, 1B, 2A or 2B);
 - Alarm Output x (1 or 2);
 - Retransmit Output x (1 or 2);
 - Digital Output x (1 to 8); and
 - Communications
- 3. Go to the Operations Page and tune or set the PID sets.
- 4. Go to the Operations Page and set the alarm set points.
- 5. Go to the Profiles Page to program the profiles.

After the initial configuration of the controller, the most frequent changes will be to profiles, alarm set points and PID sets. The Setup Page is likely to be the least frequently accessed for changes. Some manufacturers may prefer to lock out this page to prevent user access.

Changing parameters may change other parameters. For example, changing the type of units (temperature, relative humidity, etc.) will affect settings that assume either Reset or Rate and Integral or Derivative. Changing from the Celsius to the Fahrenheit scale will affect every parameter with a numerical value in one or the other scale. In some cases, a change in one parameter will affect the defaults of others.

✓ NOTE:

>None

SP

Choose P:1 Display

Input 1 Value 30°C■

Input 2 Value 76% ▼

Changes to some parameters will affect other parameters.

26°C

30°C

Customizing the Main Page

Up to 16 lines can be added to the Main Page to display status and information from the controller.

Go to the Setup Main Page menu on the Setup Page. The first screen will prompt you to choose one of the 16 lines to customize. "P1 Parameter" is the first line; "P16 Parameter" is the 16th. After choosing this line by pressing **O**, select a parameter to monitor. Your choices are:

- None
- Input 1 Value
- Input 2 Value
- Input 3 Value
- Set Point 1
- Set Point 2
- % Power 1
- % Power 2
- Tune Status 1
- Tune Status 2
- Time
- Date
- Digital Ins*
- Digital Outs*
- Time Remaining
- Current File
- Current Step

- Active Ch1 PID Set
- Active Ch2 PID Set
- Last Jump Step
- Jump Count
- WaitFor Status
- Step Type
- Target SP1
- Target SP2
- Inner Set Point
- Custom Message 1
- Custom Message 2
- Custom Message 3
- Custom Message 4
- Input 1 Cal. Offset
- Input 2 Cal. Offset
- Input 3 Cal. Offset

SP2 30°C
TargetSP2 100%
Input1 26°C
Input2 4%
Input3 20°C
PROFILE_2 Waiting
Step 2 Ramp Time
Wait A_2_4 D1_34
Remain 00:00:00
Jump Step 0_0
Jump Count 0
Ch1 PID Set 1
Ch2 PID Set 3
Power1 0%
Power2 55%
Digital In _234
Digital Out _2_4_678
Time 14:15:30

Figure 5.2 — Example Parameters on the Custom Main Page.

10/7/99

✓ NOTE:

Date

For defaults, see the Keys, Displays and Navigation Chapter.

When a Wait for condition is still pending, its number will appear in the Main Page display; when it is no longer being awaited, it will be underlined.

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^{*} When a digital input or output is active, its number will appear in the Main Page display; when it is inactive, its position will be underlined.

Custom Main Page Parameter Record

Make a photocopy of this page and enter your settings on that copy.

Name	Date						
Will always appear if active: Will appear if active and set up to appear:	Main Page Input 1 Error Input 2 Error Input 3 Error Alarm 1 Condition Alarm 2 Condition Autotuning Channel 1 Autotuning Channel 2						
Choose from the column at the far right the information you want to appear on the Main Page (in any order):	(Position on Main Page) P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7 P8 P9 P10 P11 P12 P13 P14 P15 P16	Input 2 Value Input 3 Value Set Point 1 Set Point 2 % Power 1 % Power 2 Tune status 1 Tune status 2 Time Date Digital Inputs Digital Outputs					
Will always appear:	Go to Operations Go to Profiles Go to Setup						
	Go to Factory						

Watlow Series F4 Setup ■ 5.3

Sample Application:

Setup for Environmental Testing



Before programming the profile to run the temperature and humidity tests in the environmental chamber, Andy had to configure the controller to suit the equipment and the test.

He went to the Setup Page, System Menu, and established the global system parameters, including the real-time clock, the date and the PID units. Then he continued through the list of inputs and outputs, configuring each and keeping notes about his settings on the User Setup Chart.

To enter, press the Right Key. •

To exit, press the Left Key repeatedly.

Use a copy of the chart at the end of this chapter to record your settings.

Analog Input 1

For greatest accuracy in measuring the chamber temperature, a resistance temperature detection (RTD) sensor has been wired to analog input 1. Andy wanted to measure tenths of degrees Fahrenheit, with an alarm that would clear by itself if the temperature exceeded or fell below the active alarm set point band. Alarm set points are determined in the Operations Page.

Sensor: RTD Type: DIN Decimal Point: 0.0 Set Point Low: 32.0°F Set Point High: 450.0°F No Calibration Offset 0-second Filter Self-Clearing Error

Retransmit Output 1

To track the temperature of the equipment inside the chamber, Andy configured a retransmit output to match input 3. He scrolled down the list of inputs and outputs on the Setup Page and found Retransmit Output. He chose 50°F and 150°F, respectively, for the Scale Low and Scale High; the smaller the range, the higher the resolution on the chart.

Source: Input 3 Current: 4-20mA Scale Low: 50°F Scale High: 150°F Scale Offset: 0°F

Control Output x (1A, 1B, 2A, 2B)

Next, he scrolled back up to set the control outputs controlling heat and humidity. For the fastest possible switching rate, tighter control and longer heater life, he selected Burst Fire control for each of them, designating 1A and 1B as heat/cool outputs, and 2A and 2B as humidify/de-humidify outputs.

Digital Output 7

Digital output 7 was wired to an SSR (solid-state relay) that switched a solenoid valve controlling the flow of liquid nitrogen used for cooling.

Name: Default Function: Boost cool Boost Power Level: -90% Boost Delay: 20 seconds

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Analog Input 2

The humidity sensor on analog input 2 was a process sensor using a 4-20 mA signal, so Andy set the high end of the scale (20mA) for 100% and the low (4mA) for 0% relative humidity (rh). Knowing that process sensor displays are sometimes jumpy, he put a 1-second filter on it to stabilize it.

Sensor: Process Type: Vaisala Units: % RH Scale Low: 0% Scale High: 100% Set Point Low: 10% Set Point High: 90% No Calibration Offset 1-second Filter Self-clearing Error

Analog Input 3

A thermocouple (type J) sensor was adequate to measure the temperature of the equipment itself (analog input 3). The other settings remained the same as analog input 1.

Sensor: Thermocouple

Type: J

Decimal Point: Whole numbers

only

Alarms

He assigned an alarm output to indicate a temperature deviation on input 1, which would monitor chamber temperature, and gave it a name that would state the problem.

Name: TEMP DEV Type: Deviation Source: Input 1 Latch: Yes

Silencing: Self-clear Alarm Hysteresis: 1, 1.0

Sides: Both

Condition: Close on alarm

Show: Yes

Digital Inputs

Then he set up the digital inputs for remote functions. Digital input 1 would be wired to a key-lock switch that requires the operator to have a key to operate the controller and chamber. Digital input 2 would be wired to a door switch to stop the profile if the chamber door opens.

Digital Input 1
Name: KEYLOCK
Function: Panel lock
Condition: Start on high

Digital Input 2Name: Default
Function: Pause
Condition: High

Digital Output 6

For heating and cooling capacity and to accommodate the compressor, Andy assigned these functions to Digital outputs 6, 7 and 8.

Digital output 6, wired to a big auxiliary heater, was set up to kick in only when the main heater worked at greater than 90% power (boost power level) for more than 20 seconds (boost delay).

Name: BOOST HEAT Function: Boost heat Boost Power Level: 90% Boost Delay: 20 seconds

Digital Output 8

Andy set the compressor control parameter to have the compressor run only when cooling is needed.

% on Power = 0% % off Power = 9% Off Delay: 30 seconds On Delay: 60 seconds There was no computer connection, so Andy skipped Communications.

Then he left the Setup Page and went to the Factory Page where he put a password lock on the Setup Page, Profile Page and Factory Page.

Finally, he went to the Operations Page and set the active alarm band:

-20°F +20°F

Watlow Series F4 Setup ■ 5.5

Setup Page Map

System	Alarm Output x (1 and 2)
Guar. Soak Band1	Name
Guar. Soak Band2	Alarm Type
Current Time	Alarm Source
Current Date	Latching
PID Units	Silencing
°F or °C	Alarm Hysteresis
Show °F or °C	Alarm Sides
Ch1 Autotune SP	Alarm Logic
Ch2 Autotune SP	Alarm Messages
Input 1 Fail	Retransmit Output x (1 and 2)
Input 2 Fail	Retransmit Source
Open Loop Ch1	Analog Range
Open Loop Ch2	Low Scale
Power-Out Time	High Scale
Power-Out Action	Scale Offset
Analog Input x (1 to 3)	Digital Output x (1 to 8)
Sensor	Name
Type	Function
Units	Off
Decimal	Event Output
Scale Low	Complementary Output
Scale High	(Output 5 only)
SP Low Limit	Control Output
SP High Limit	Boost Heat (Output 6 only)
Calibration Offset	Boost %Power
Filter Time	Boost Delay Time
Error Latch	Boost Cool (Output 7 only)
Cascade	Boost %Power
Digital Input x (1 to 4)	Boost Delay Time
Name	Compressor (Output 8 only)
Function	Compressor On %Power
Condition	Compressor Off %Power
Control Output x (1A, 1B, 2A or	Compressor On Delay
2B)	Compressor Off Delay
Function	Communications
Cycle Time	Baud Rate
Process	Address
Hi Power Limit	Custom Main Page
Lo Power Limit	Px (Parameter 1 to 16)
20 101101 2111110	Process Display
	Input 1 only
	Alternating Display
	IN1 Display Time
	IN2 Display Time
	IN3 Display Time
	Static Message
	Message 1-4
	I TOSSUGE I T

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Setup Page Parameter	Table		Modbus Register	
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
System				
Main > Setup > System				
Guarantee Soak Band x (1 or 2) Select value above and below set point to define the soak band.	Decimal choice dependent: 1 to 9999, or .1 to 999.9, or .01 to 99.99, or .001 to 9.99	1	Band 1205 [1] 1212 [2] r/w	Active: Always (1). Active if controller is Dual Channel (2).
Current Time Enter actual time. (24-hour-clock)	(1 to 9999) hh:mm:ss 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 [hh] (0 to 23) [mm] (0 to 59) [ss] (0 to 59)	current time	Time 1916 [hh] 1917 [mm] 1918 [ss] r/w	Active: Always.
Current Date Enter actual date.	M/D/Y 01/01/1998 to 12/31/2035 [mm] (1 to 12) [dd] (1 to 31) [yy] (1998 to 2035)	current date	Time 1919 [mm] 1920 [dd] 1921 [yy] r/w	Active: Always.
PID Units Choose units for PID control.	U S (Reset/Rate) (0) SI (Integral/Derivative) (1)	U S (Reset/ Rate) (0)	900 r/w	Active: Always.
°F or °C Choose temperature scale.	°F (0) °C (1)	°F (0)	901 r/w	Active: Always.
Show °F or °C Choose whether to display or hide °C or °F in top display.	No, Upper Display (0) Yes, Upper Display (1)	Yes, Upper Display (1)	1923 r/w	Active: Always.
Channel x Autotune Set Point (1 or 2) Set percent of set point to auto-tune to.	50 to 150% (50 to 150)	90% (90)	Point 304 [1] 323 [2] r/w	Active: Always (1). Active if controller is Dual Channel (2).
Input x Fail (1 or 2) Enter percent of power supplied to the output if analog input sensor fails.	0 to 100% Heat only 0 to 100% Cool only -100% to +100% Cool/Heat or Heat/Cool	0% (0)	Fail 903 [1] 906 [2] r/w	Active: Always (1). Active if controller is Dual Channel (2).
Open Loop Channel x (1 or 2) Select whether to turn off outputs and display an error message.	Off (0) On (1)	Off (0)	Channel 904 [1] 907 [2] r/w	_
Power-Out Time Define a power outage in seconds.	0 to 9999 seconds (0 to 9999)	10 seconds (10)	1213 r/w	_
Power-Out Action Choose controller response to power outage while running a profile.	Continue (0) Hold (1) Terminate (2) Reset (3) Idle Set Point 1 (4) Idle Set Point 2 (5)	Continue (0)	1206 r/w	Active: Always.

✓ NOTE:

For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

Watlow Series F4 Setup ■ 5.7

-	Page Parameter	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Modbus Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
	Analog I	nput x (1 to 3)			
Main >	Setup > Analog Inp	out x (1 to 3)			
Sensor	Select the sensor.	Thermocouple (0) RTD (1) Process (2) [2]Wet Bulb-Dry Bulb*(3) Off (4)	Thermocouple (0)	Input 600 [1] 610 [2] 620 [3] r/w	Active: Always.
Туре	Select the linearization table to apply to the sensor.	If Sensor is set to thermocouple:	J (0) DIN (12) 4 to 20mA (13)	Input 601 [1] 611 [2] 621 [3] r/w	CAUTION: Changes to Sensor, Type, Units, Decimals, Scales, Set Point Limits, will delete all profiles stored in the F4's memory.

^{*} A wet bulb at input 2 uses the input 1 value to calculate the relative humidity on channel 2. The humidify and dehumidify outputs (2A and 2B) are disabled when the input 1 temperature is too low $(32^{\circ}F/0^{\circ}C)$ or too high $(212^{\circ}F/100^{\circ}C)$. The relative humidity display in the Main Page will display "RH Disabled" for a low temperature error and "RH Disabled" for a high temperature error.

high (320°F/160°C). The relative humidity display in the Main Page will display "RH Disabled" for a low temperature error and "RH Disabled" for a high temperature error.

*** The Series F4 provides temperature compensation for the Rotronics Model H260 Capacitive Relative Humidity Sensor to calculate relative humidity on channel 2. The humidify and dehumidify outputs (2A and 2B) are disabled when the input 1 temperature is too low (-5°F/-20°C) or too high (320°F/160°C). The relative humidity display in the Main Page will display "RH Disabled" for a low temperature error and "RH Disabled" for a high temperature error.

5.8 ■ Setup Watlow Series F4

^{**} The Series F4 provides temperature compensation for the Vaisala HMM-30C Solid-state Humidity Sensor to calculate relative humidity on channel 2. The humidify and dehumidify outputs (2A and 2B) are disabled when the input 1 temperature is too low $(-40^{\circ}F/-40^{\circ}C)$ or too

Setup Page	Parameter	Table		Modbus	
Parameter De	scription	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
to com	an elevation npensate for ulb evapora- ates.	0 to 2499 ft (0) 2500 to 4999 ft (1) 5000 ft and above (2)	0 to 2499 ft (0)	1902 r/w	Active if Analog Input 2 Type is Wet Bulb-Dry Bulb.
	the units of are for the	Temperature (0) %rh (1) psi (2) units (3)	Temperature (0)	Input 608 [1] 618 [2] 628 [3] r/w	Active if Sensor Type is set to Process.
Decimal Set th	e decimal for input.	0 (0) 0.0 (1) 0.00 process (2) 0.000 process (3)	0 (0)	Input 606 [1] 616 [2] 626 [3] r/w	Active if Sensor Type is set to Process.
low er	nit value for nd of current or te range.	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.	_	Input 680 [1] 682 [2] 684 [3] r/w	Active if Sensor Type is set to Process.
Scale High Set ur high e	nit value for end of current tage range.	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.	_	Input 681 [1] 683 [2] 685 [3] r/w	Active if Sensor Type is set to Process.
Set Point Low Set lin		Depends on sensor.	_	Input 602 [1] 612 [2] 622 [3] r/w	Active: Always.
	Limit mit for maxi- set point.	Depends on sensor.	_	Input 603 [1] 613 [2] 623 [3] r/w	Active: Always.
=	ensate for sen- rors or other	-19999 to 30000	0	Input 605 [1] 615 [2] 625 [3] r/w	Active: Always.
	e filter time out in seconds.	-60.0 to 60.0 (-600 to 600)	0.0 (0) 1.0 if Decimal is set to 0.0 and Sensor Type is set to Thermo- couple or RTD. (10)	Input	Active: Always.
	whether error is automatic or al.	Self Clear (0) Latch (1)	Self Clear (0)	Input 607 [1] 617 [2] 627 [3] r/w	Active: Always.
	whether to be cascade thm.	No Cascade (0) Process Cascade (1) Deviation Cascade (2)	No Cascade (0)	1925 r/w	Active if Analog Input 3 is not set to Off (variable selection only).

✓ NOTE:

For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

Watlow Series F4 Setup ■ 5.9

Setup Page Paramete	r Table	Modbus Register			
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear	
Process Cascade Low Range	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.	_	1926 r/w	Active if Input 3 is not set to off and Process Cascade is selected.	
Process Cascade High Range	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.	_	1927 r/w	Active if Input 3 is not set to off and Process Cascade is selected.	
Deviation Cascade Low Range	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.	_	1926 r/w	Active if Input 3 is not set to off and Deviation Cascade is selected.	
Deviation Cascade High Range	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.	_	1927 r/w	Active if Input 3 is not set to off and Deviation Cascade is selected.	
Digital In	put x (1 to 4)				
Main > Setup > Digital Inp	ut x (1 to 4)				
Name Name the input for easy reference.	<selected by="" user=""> (ASCII Values)</selected>	DIGIT IN1	3000-3009 3010-3019 3020-3029 3030-3039 r/w	Active: Always.	
Function Select the digital input function.	Off (0) Panel Lock (1) Reset Alarm (2) Control Outputs Off (3) All Outputs Off (4) Digital Outputs Off (5) Start Profile(6)* Pause Profile (7) Resume Profile (8) Terminate Profile (9) Wait for Event (10)	Off (0)	Input 1060 [1] 1062 [2] 1064 [3] 1066 [4] r/w	Active: Always. While a profile is running, the controller will not recognize digital inputs that are programmed to start a profile. *While a profile is running, the controller will not recognize digital inputs programmed to start a profile. Only one profile can be run at a time.	
Condition Select the condition to trigger digital input.	Low (0) High (1)	Low (0)	Input 1061 [1] 1063 [2] 1065 [3] 1067 [4] r/w	Active: Always.	
	Output x (1A,1B, 2A	•			
Main > Setup > Control Ou		-	0.1	1 1 10 1 1 7 1 7 2	
Function Select type of function for output.	Off (0) Heat (1) Cool (2)	Heat (1A and 2A) (1) Off (1B, 2B) (0)	Output 700 [1A] 717 [1B] 734 [2A] 751 [2B] r/w	Active if Analog Inputs 1 and 2 are enabled.	
Choose Cycle Time Enter the value of the variable burst cycle time.	Variable Burst (0) Fixed Time (1)		Output 509 [1A] 559 [1B] 2509 [2A] 2559 [2B] r/w	Active always.	
✓ NOTE:					

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Press the Information Key ${\bf 6}$ for more task-related tips.

Setup Page Parameter	Table		Modbus	
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
Enter Cycle Time Select the duration of cycle.	.1 to 60 (1 to 600)	Fixed Time 1.0 sec. (10)	Output 506 [1A] 556 [1B] 2506 [2A] 2556 [2B] r/w	Active if the selected output is not Process and Burst is set to No.
Process Set process output type.	4 to 20mA (0) 0 to 20mA (1) 0 to 5V (2) 1 to 5V (3) 0 to 10V (4)	4 to 20mA (0)	Output 701 [1A] 718 [1B] 735 [2A] 752 [2B] r/w	Active if the selected output is set to a process output.
High Power Limit Set high limit control (PID mode only) output power level.	Low Limit +1 to 100% (Low Limit +1 to 100)	100% (100)	Output 714 [1A] 731 [1B] 748 [2A] 765 [2B] r/w	Active: Always.
Set low limit control (PID mode only) output power level.	0% to High Limit -1 (0 to High Limit -1)	0% (0) Output 715 [1A] 732 [1B] 749 [2A] 766 [2B] r/w Active: Always.		
Main > Setup > Alarm Out	tput x (1 and 2)			
Name	<pre><selected by="" user=""></selected></pre>	ALARMX	3200-3209	Active always.
Name the alarm for easy reference.	(ASCII Values)	ALMINIX	3210-3219 r/w	Active aiways.
Alarm Type Select the alarm type.	Off (0) Process (1) Deviation (2)	Off (0)	Output 702 [1] 719 [2] r/w	Active always.
Alarm Source Select the alarm source.	Input 1 (0) Input 2 (1) Input 3 (2)	Off (0)	Output 716 [1] 733 [2] r/w	Active if the source is enabled.
Latching Choose automatic or manual clearing of alarms.	Alarm Self-Clears (0) Alarm Latches (1)	Alarm Self- Clears (0)	Output 704 [1] 721 [2] r/w	Active if Alarm Output is enabled.
Choose whether to mask alarms on power-up.	No (0) Yes (1)	No (0)	Output 705 [1] 722 [2] r/w	Active if Alarm Output is enabled.
Alarm Hysteresis Set the alarm hysteresis.	1 to 30000 (1 to 30000)	3 (3)	703 [1] 720 [2] r/w	Active if Alarm Output is enabled.
Alarm Sides Choose to enable Low, High or both alarm set points.	Both (0) Low (1) High (2)	Both (0)	Output 706 [1] 723 [2] r/w	Active if Alarm Output is enabled.
Alarm Logic Select the alarm logic option.	Open on Alarm (0) Close on Alarm (1)	Open on Alarm (0)	Output 707 [1] 724 [2]	Active if Alarm Output is enabled.
Alarm Messages	Yes on Main Page (0)	Yes on Main	Output	Active if Alarm Output is en-
Select the alarm message option.	No (1)	Page (0)	708 [1] 725 [2] r/w	abled.

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Setup Page Parameter	Table		Modbus Register	
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
Retransm	it Output x (1 and	2)		
Main > Setup > Retransmit	Output x (1 and 2)			
Retransmit Source Choose a source for retransmit signal.	Input 1 (0) Input 2 (1) Input 3 (2) Set Point 1 (3) Set Point 2 (4) Channel 1 Power (5) Channel 2 Power (6)	Input 1 (0)	Output 709 [1] 726 [2] r/w	Active: Always. (Values appear only if the source is enabled.)
Analog Range Select voltage or current range to retransmit.	4 to 20mA (0) 0 to 20mA (1) 0 to 5V (2) 1 to 5V (3) 0 to 10V (4)	4 to 20mA (0)	Output 836 [1] 837 [2] r/w	Active: Always.
Low Scale Set low end of current or voltage range to retransmit.	-19999 to high scale -1 (minimum sensor range) (-19999 to High Scale -1)	Low end of sensor range	Output 710 [1] 727 [2] r/w	Active: Always.
High Scale Set high end of current or voltage range to retransmit.	Low Scale +1 to 30000 (maximum sensor range) (Low Scale +1 to 30000)	High end of sensor range	Output 711 [1] 728 [2] r/w	Active: Always.
Scale Offset Shift the scale up (+) or down (-) to agree with source signal.	-19999 to 30000 Range Low to Range High (-19999 to 30000)	0 (0) Output 712 [1] 729 [2] r/w		Active: Always.
Digital Ou	utput x (1 to 8)			
Main > Setup > Digital Out	put x (1 to 8)			
Name the digital output for easy reference.	<selected by="" user=""> (ASCII Values)</selected>	DIGIT OUTX	3100-3109 3110-3119 3120-3129 3130-3139 3140-3149 3150-3159 3160-3169 3170-3179 r/w	Active: Always.
Function Choose a function for each digital output.	Off (0) Event Output (1) Complementary Output (Digital 5) (2) *Control Output 1A *Control Output 1B *Control Output 2A *Control Output 2B **Boost Heat (Digital 6) (3) **Boost Cool (Digital 7) (4) **Compressor (Digital 8) (5)	Off (0)		*Active if the selected output is not Process. **Operates based on Channel 1 power requirements.
Boost Percent Power Enable boost above chosen power level.	0% to 100% for Heat -100% to 0% for Cool	Heat 100% (100) Cool -100% (- 100)	Output 2052 [6] 2062 [7] r/w	Active if Digital 6 or 7 Function is set to Boost Heat or Boost Cool.
Boost Time Delay Set time to delay boost.	0 to 9999 seconds (0 to 9999)	30 seconds (30)	Output 2054 [6] 2064 [7] r/w	Active if Digital 6 or 7 Function is set to Boost Heat or Boost Cool.

5.12 ■ Setup Watlow Series F4

Setup Page Parameter Table

Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
Compressor On % Power The compressor will be on below this chosen power level.	-100% to 100% (-100 to 100)	0% (0)	2072 r/w	Active if Digital 8 Function is Compressor.
Compressor Off % Power The compressor will be off above this chosen power level.	Compressor on % power to 100%	Compressor on % power	2073 r/w	Active if Digital 8 Function is Compressor.
Compressor Off Delay Set time to delay compressor turn-off.	0 to 9999 seconds (0 to 9999)	10 seconds (10)	2075 r/w	Active if Digital 8 Function is Compressor.
Compressor On Delay Set time to delay compressor turn-on.	1 to 9999 seconds (1 to 9999)	30 seconds (30)	2074 r/w	Active if Digital 8 Function is Compressor.

Modbus



WARNING: Provide a labeled switch or circuit breaker near peripheral equipment permanently connected to the Series F4 digital outputs as the means of disconnection for servicing. Failure to do so could result in damage to equipment and/or property, and/or injury or death to personnel.

and/or injury or death to perso				
Commun				
Main > Setup > Communic	ations			
Baud Rate Select transmission speed.	19200 (0) 9600 (1)	19200	Not available	Active: Always.
Address Select address for controller.	1 to 247 (1 to 247)	1	Not available	Active: Always.

Watlow Series F4 Setup ■ 5.13

Setup Page Parameter	Table		Modbus Register	
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write (I/O, Set, Ch)	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
Custom	Main Page			
Main > Setup > Custom Ma	ain Page			
P x (1 to 16) Choose parameters to appear on Main Page. Process	None (0) Input 1 Value (1) Input 2 Value (2) Input 3 Value (3) Set Point 1 (4) Set Point 2 (5) % Power 1 (6) % Power 2 (7) Tune status 1 (8) Tune status 2 (9) Time (10) Date (11) Digital Inputs (12) Digital Outputs (13) Time Remaining (14) Current File (15) Current Step (16) Active Ch1 PID Set(17) Active Ch2 PID Set(18) Last Jump Step (19) Jump Count (20) WaitFor Status (21) Step Type (22) Target SP1 (23) Target SP1 (23) Target SP2 (24) Inner Set Point (25) Custom Message 1 (26) Custom Message 3 (28) Custom Message 4 (29) Input1 Cal. Offset (30) Input2 Cal. Offset (31) Input3 Cal. Offset (32)	[1] Current File (15) [2] Current Step (16) [3] Input 2 Value (2) [4] Set Point 1 (4) [5] Set Point 2 (5) [6] Step Type (22) [7] Target SP1 (23) [8] Target SP2 (24) [9] WaitFor Status (21) [10] Time Remaining (14) [11] Digital Inputs (12) [12] Digital Outputs (13) [13] % Power 1 (6) [14] % Power 2 (7) [15] Date (11) [16] Time (10)	Par. 1400 [1] 1401 [2] 1402 [3] 1403 [4] 1404 [5] 1405 [6] 1406 [7] 1407 [8] 1408 [9] 1409 [10] 1410 [11] 1411 [12] 1412 [13] 1413 [14] 1414 [15] 1415 [16] r/w	Active: Always.
Main > Setup > Process D	isplay			
Input 1 Only	Input 1 (0) Alternating (1)	Input 1 (0)	5500	Active: Always.
Alternating Display	Input 1 Display Time (0 to 999) Input 2 Display Time (0 to 999) Input 3 Display Time (0 to 999)	5501 [1] 5502 [2] 5503 [3]		Active if Inputs 2 and/or 3 are active.
Static Me				
Main > Setup > Static Mes				
Message 1-4	<selected by="" user=""> (ASCII Values)</selected>	Message X	4501-4518[1] 4521-4538[2] 4541-4558[3] 4561-4578[4]	Active: Always.
✓ NOTE:				

5.14 ■ Setup Watlow Series F4

Press the Information Key ${\bf 0}$ for more task-related tips.

Setup Page Parameter Record

Make a photocopy of this page and enter your settings on that copy.

Name					_ Date			
System Menu	Setting	_						
Guar. Soak Band 1								
Guar. Soak Band 2								
Current Time								
Current Date								
PID Units								
F or C								
Show F or C								
Ch1 Autotune SP		1						
Ch2 Autotune SP								
Input 1 Fail								
Input 2 Fail								
Open Loop Ch1								
Open Loop Ch2								
Power-Out Time								
Power-Out Action								
Input Menu	Analog In 1	Analog In 2	Analog In 3	Digital In 1	Digital In 2	Digital In 3	Digital In 4	
Sensor								
Туре								
Decimal								
Altitude								
Units								
Scale Low								
Scale High								
SP Low Limit								
SP High Limit								
Calibration Offset								
Filter Time								
Error Latch								
Cascade								
Name								
Function								
Condition								
Control Output Menu	Output 1A	Output 1B	Output 2A	Output 2B	Alarm 1	Alarm 2	Retrans 1	Retrans 2
Function	<u> </u>							
Cycle Time								
Process Type								
Hi Power Limit								
Lo Power Limit								
Alarm Name			1	1				
Alarm Type								
Alarm Source								
Latching								
Silencing								
Alarm Hysteresis								
Alarm Sides								
Alarm Logic								
Alarm Messages								
Retransmit Source								
Analog Range	-							
Low Scale								
High Scale								
Scale Offset	-							
Digital Output Menu	Digit Out 1	Digit Out 2	Digit Out 3	Digit Out 4	Digit Out 5	Digit Out 6	Digit Out 7	Digit Out 8
Name	Digit Out 1	Digit Out 2	Digit Out 3	Digit Out 4	Digit Out 5	Digit Out 6	Digit Out /	Digit Out 6
Maille Function								
Boost % Power								
Rooct Dolay								
Boost Delay								
Compressor On % Power								
Compressor On % Power Compressor Off % Power								
Compressor On %Power Compressor Off %Power Compressor On Delay								
Compressor On % Power Compressor Off % Power Compressor On Delay Compressor Off Delay		ı						
Compressor On % Power Compressor Off % Power Compressor On Delay Compressor Off Delay Communications Menu								
Compressor On % Power Compressor Off % Power Compressor On Delay Compressor Off Delay								

5.15 ■ Setup Watlow Series F4

Notes

5.16 ■ Setup Watlow Series F4

6

Chapter Six: Features

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Watlow Series F4 Features ■ 6.1

Inputs

Calibration Offset

Calibration offset allows a device to compensate for an inaccurate sensor, lead resistance or other factors that affect the input value. A positive offset increases the input value, and a negative offset decreases the input value.

You can view or change the offset value of inputs 1, 2 or 3 with the Calibration Offset parameter.

Location in software: Setup Page > Analog Input x (1 to 3).

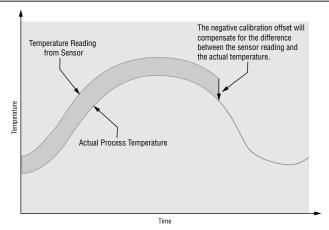


Figure 6.2a — Calibration Offset.

Filter Time Constant

A time filter smooths an input signal by applying a first-order filter time constant to the signal. Either the displayed value or both the displayed and control values can be filtered. Filtering the displayed value makes it easier to monitor. Filtering the signal may improve the performance of PID control in a noisy or very dynamic system.

A positive value affects only the viewed values. A negative value affects both the viewed and control values.

Location in software: Setup Page > Analog Inputs x (1 to 3).

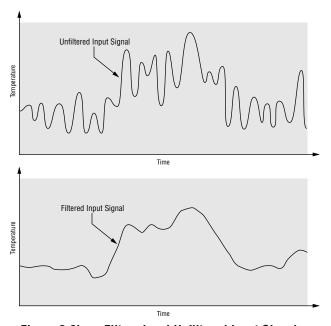


Figure 6.2b — Filtered and Unfiltered Input Signals.

6.2 ■ Features Watlow Series F4

Set Point Low Limit and High Limit

The controller constrains the set point to a value between a low limit and a high limit. The high limit cannot be set higher than the sensor high limit or lower than the low limit. The low limit cannot be set lower than the sensor low limit or higher than the high limit.

You can view or change the input low limit (SP Low Limit) and the input high limit (SP High Limit) for analog inputs 1, 2 or 3.

Location in software: Setup Page > Analog Input x (1 to 3).

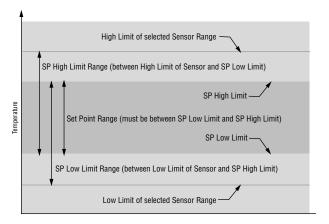


Figure 6.3a — Sensor Ranges.

High Scale and Low Scale

When an analog input is selected as a process input, you must choose a value to represent the low and high ends of the current or voltage range. For example, if an analog input with a process sensor type 4 to 20mA is selected and the units are % Relative Humidity, then 0% could represent 4mA and 100% could represent 20mA. The set point will be limited to the range between scale low and scale high.

Location in software: Setup Page > Retransmit Output x (1 or 2).

Event

With an event input an operator can perform certain operations on a system by opening or closing a switch or applying a dc logic signal to the controller. This feature can add convenience, safety or security to a system.

In the Series F4, digital inputs 1 to 4 can be assigned as wait for events, as well as other process control features.

Location in software: Setup Page > Digital Input x (1 to 4) Condition.

Retransmit

Retransmit outputs 1 and 2 can retransmit an analog signal to serve as an input variable for another device. The signal may serve as a remote set point for another controller or as input for a chart recorder to document system performance over time.

Location in software: Setup Page.

Watlow Series F4 Features ■ 6.3

Control Methods

On-Off Control

On-off control switches the output either full on or full off, depending on the input, set point and hysteresis values. The hysteresis value indicates the amount the process value must deviate from the set point to turn on the output. Increasing the value decreases the number of times the output will cycle. Decreasing hysteresis improves controllability. With hysteresis set to 0 the process value would stay closer to the set point, but the output would switch on and off more frequently, causing "chattering."

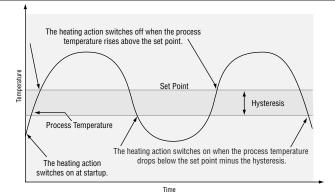
Set the proportional band to 0 to set the controller to on-off control mode.

Proportional Band x (A or B) location in software: Operations Page > Edit PID > PID Channel x (1 or 2) > PID Set x (1 to 5) or (6 or 10).

Hysteresis x (A or B) location in software: Operations Page > Edit PID > PID Set Channel x (1 or 2) > PID Set x (1 to 5) or (6 or 10).

✓ NOTE:

Fail power does not function in on/off control mode.



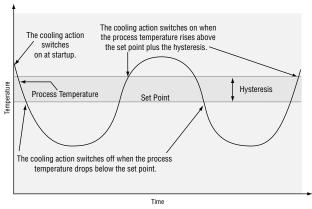


Figure 6.4a — On-off Control for Heating and Cooling.

Proportional Control

Some processes need to maintain a temperature or process value closer to the set point than on-off control can provide. Proportional control provides closer control by adjusting the output when the temperature or process value is within a proportional band. When the value is in the band, the controller adjusts the output based on how close the process value is to the set point; the closer to set point the lower the output. This is similar to backing off on the gas pedal of a car as you approach a stop sign. It keeps the temperature or process value from swinging as widely as it would with simple on-off control. However, when a system settles down, the temperature or process value tends to "droop" short of the set point.

With proportional control the output power level equals (set point minus process value) divided by propband.

Location in software: Operations Page > Edit PID > PID Set Channel x (1 or 2) > PID Set x (1 to 5) or (6 to 10).

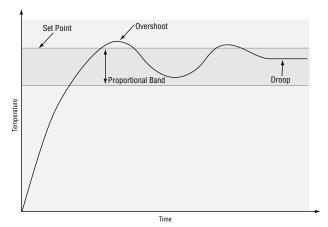


Figure 6.4b — Proportional Control.

6.4 ■ Features Watlow Series F4

Proportional plus Integral (PI) Control

The droop caused by proportional control (reset) can be corrected by adding integral control. When the system settles down the integral value is tuned to bring the temperature or process value closer to the set point. Integral determines the speed of the correction, but this may increase the overshoot at startup or when the set point is changed. Too much integral action will make the system unstable. Integral is cleared when the process value is outside of the proportional band.

Integral (if units are set to SI) is measured in minutes per repeat. A low integral value causes a fast integrating action.

Reset rate (if units are set to U.S.) is measured in repeats per minute. A high reset value causes a fast integrating action.

Location in software: Operations Page > Edit PID > PID Set Channel x (1 or 2) > PID Set x (1 to 5) or (6 to 10).

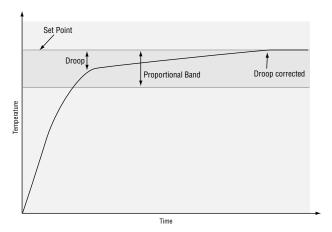


Figure 6.5a — Proportional Plus Integral Control.

Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) Control

Use derivative rate control to minimize overshoot in a PI-controlled system. Derivative adjusts the output based on the rate of change in the temperature or process value. Too much derivative will make the system sluggish.

Location in software: Operations Page > Edit PID > PID Set Channel x (1 or 2) > PID Set x (1 to 5) or (6 to 10).

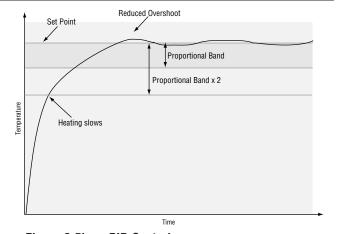


Figure 6.5b — PID Control.

Dead Band

In a multiple PID application the dead bands above and below the set point can save an application's energy and wear by maintaining process temperature within acceptable ranges. Shifting the effective cooling set point and heating set point keeps the two systems from fighting each other.

Proportional action ceases when the process value is within the dead band. Integral action continues to bring the process temperature to the set point. When the dead band value is zero, the heating element activates when the temperature drops below the set point, and the cooling element switches on when the temperature exceeds the set point.

Location in software: Operations Page > Edit PID > PID Set Channel x (1 or 2) > PID Set x (1 to 5) or 6 to 10).

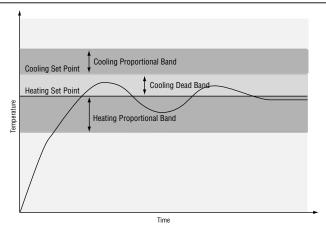


Figure 6.5c — Cooling Dead Band.

Watlow Series F4 Features ■ 6.5

Multiple PID Sets

The Series F4 has five PID sets available for each channel, sets 1 to 5 for Channel 1 and sets 6 to 10 for Channel 2, allowing optimal performance under different conditions, loads and temperatures. In the Static Set Point mode, PID Set 1 is used for Channel 1 and PID Set 6 is used for Channel 2 control. When programming a profile, you can assign different sets to each Ramp step and Soak step.

A PID set includes proportional, integral and derivative settings for outputs A and B. It also includes dead band, as long as the proportional band is not set to 0.

Location in software: Operations Page > Edit PID > PID Set Channel x (1 or 2) > PID Set x (1 to 5) or (6 to 10).

Channel 1 (Heat/Cool)	Channel 2 (Relative
Output 1A Heat	Humidity)
Output 1B Cool	Output 2A Humidify
PID Sets 1 to 5	Output 2B Dehumidify
PropBand A	PID Sets 6 to 10
Integral A	PropBand A
Derivative A	Integral A
Dead Band A	Derivative A
PropBand B	Dead Band A
Integral B	PropBand B
Derivative B	Integral B
Dead Band B	Derivative B
	Dead Band B

Burst Fire

Burst firing provides even output power with the lowest level of noise generation (RFI). Burst fire is the preferred method for controlling a resistive load, providing a very short time base for longer heater life.

The controller determines when the ac sine wave will cross the 0-volts point, then switches the load on or off only at this point, minimizing RFI.

Location in software: Setup Page > Control Output x (1 to 3).

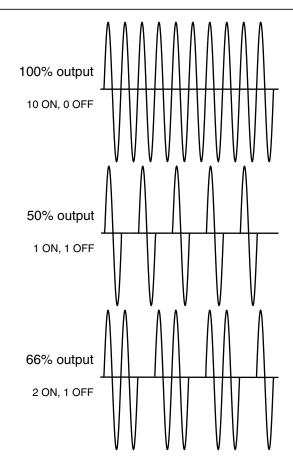


Figure 6.6 — Burst Fire.

6.6 ■ Features Watlow Series F4

Other Features

Autotuning

The autotuning feature allows the controller to measure the system response to determine effective settings for PID control. When autotuning is initiated the controller reverts to on-off control. The temperature must cross the auto-tune set point four times to complete the autotuning process. Once complete, the controller controls at the normal set point, using the new parameters. The F4 stores the value in the PID set specified.

Location in software: Operations Page > Autotune PID > Channel 1 Autotune > PID Set x (1 to 5) or Channel 2 Autotune > PID Set x (6 to 10).



CAUTION: Choose an auto-tune set point value that will protect your product from possible damage from overshoot or undershoot during the autotuning oscillations. If the product is sensitive, carefully select the auto-tune set point to prevent product damage.

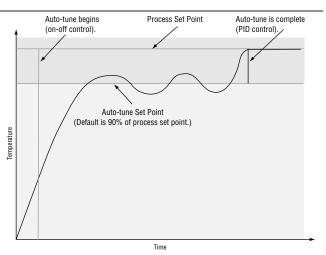


Figure 6.7 — Autotuning.

✓ NOTE:

For manual tuning, see the Operations Chapter.

Power-Out Time/Power-Out Action

The Power-Out Time and Power-Out Action parameters direct the F4's response to the interruption of electrical power while running a profile. The F4's battery-powered real-time clock tracks the amount of time the power is out. When power is restored, the controller compares this amount of time to the Power-Out Time setting and takes whatever action is selected in the Power-Out Action setting.

First, determine how long the power can be interrupted without adversely affecting results. Set the Power-Out Time to this time. If power is returned in less time than this setting, the profile will resume running. (The profile run time stops while the power is off.) If power is returned after a time longer than this setting, the F4 will take action based on the user-configured Power-Out Action parameter: **Continue** (resume the profile at the point that power was interrupted); **Hold** (hold the profile at the point that power was interrupted); **Terminate** (stop the profile using the End step conditions); **Reset** (restart the profile from Step 1); **Idle** (stop the profile and transfer to an idle setpoint).

Location in software: Setup Page > System > Power-Out Time > Power-Out Action.

✓ NOTE:

The Power Out Action occurs only if a profile was running when the power went out. If a profile was on hold, it will return to its Hold status when the power returns.

Watlow Series F4 Features ■ 6.7

Alarms

Alarms are activated when the process value or temperature leaves a defined range. A user can configure how and when an alarm is triggered, what action it takes and whether it turns off automatically when the alarm condition is over.

Configure alarm outputs in the Setup Page before setting alarm set points.

Alarm Set Points

The alarm high set point defines the process value or temperature that will trigger a high side alarm. It must be higher than the alarm low set point and lower than the high limit of the sensor range.

The alarm low set point defines the temperature that will trigger a low side alarm. It must be lower than the alarm high set point and higher than the low limit of the sensor range.

Location in software: Operations Page > Alarm Set Point > Alarm x (1 or 2).

Alarm Hysteresis

An alarm state is triggered when the process value reaches the alarm high or alarm low set point. Alarm hysteresis defines how far the process must return into the normal operating range before the alarm can be cleared.

Alarm hysteresis is a zone inside each alarm set point. This zone is defined by adding the hysteresis value to the alarm low set point or subtracting the hysteresis value from the alarm high set point.

Location in software: Setup Page > Alarm Output x (1 or 2).

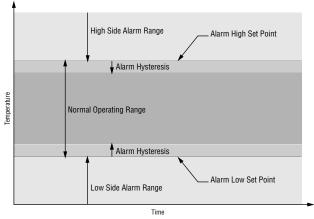


Figure 6.8 — Alarm Settings.

Process or Deviation Alarms

A process alarm uses one or two absolute set points to define an alarm condition. A deviation alarm uses one or two set points that are defined relative to the control set point. High and low alarm set points are calculated by adding and/or subtracting offset values from the control set point. If the set point changes, the window defined by the alarm set points automatically changes with it.

In the Series F4 you must configure each alarm output as either a process or deviation alarm.

Location in software: Setup Page > Alarm Output x (1 or 2).

6.8 ■ Features Watlow Series F4

Alarm Latching

A latched alarm will remain active after the alarm condition has passed. It can only be deactivated by the user. An alarm that is not latched (self-clearing) will deactivate automatically when the alarm condition has passed.

Location in software: Setup Page > Alarm x (1 or 2).

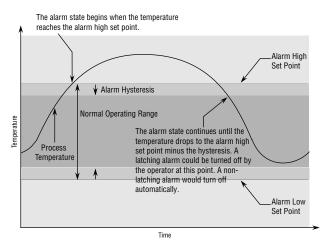


Figure 6.9a — Alarm Latching.

Alarm Silencing

Alarm silencing has two uses:

- 1. It is often used to allow a system to warm up after it has been started up. With alarm silencing on, an alarm is not triggered when the process temperature is initially lower than the alarm low set point. The process temperature has to enter the normal operating range beyond the hysteresis zone to activate the alarm function.
- 2. Alarm silencing also allows the operator to disable the alarm output while the controller is in an alarm state. The process temperature has to enter the normal operating range beyond the hysteresis zone to activate the alarm output function.

If the Series F4 has an output that is functioning as a deviation alarm, the alarm is silenced when the set point is changed, until the process value reenters the normal operating range.

Location in software: Setup Page > Alarm x (1 or 2).

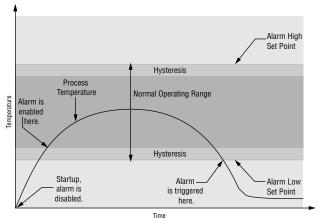


Figure 6.9b — Alarm Silencing.

Alarm Sides

Alarms can be configured to trigger when the process exceeds the High Alarm Set Point, the Low Alarm Set Point or both.

Location in software: Setup Page > Alarm x (1 or 2).

(Alarm set points are established in the Operations Page.)

Watlow Series F4 Features ■ 6.9

Advanced Features

Boost Heat and Boost Cool

The boost heat feature uses a digital output to turn on an additional heater to speed up the heating. As the process temperature approaches the set point, the boost heat output switches off so that the process temperature doesn't overshoot the set point.

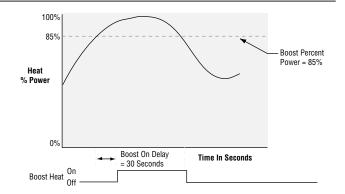
Boost cool uses a digital output to speed up the cooling process, typically by activating a solenoid valve that releases liquid nitrogen.

For either boost heat or boost cool, set Boost % Power to define the power level that must be exceeded before the boost output is activated. Use a positive value for heating, a negative value for cooling.

To prevent the output from cycling and to extend hardware life, define Boost Time Delay in seconds to set the minimum period of time that the output will remain off after an on cycle.

The Series F4 uses digital output 6 for boost heat and digital output 7 for boost cool. Hysteresis for boost heat and cool is fixed at 5%.

Location in software: Setup > Digital Output x (6 or 7).



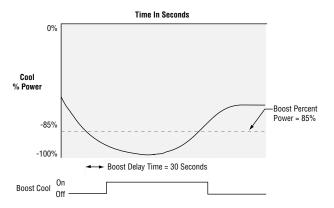


Figure 6.10a — Boost Heat and Boost Cool.

Compressor Control

The compressor control can save wear on a compressor and prevent it from locking up from short cycling. A bypass valve operated by a control output regulates how the process is cooled, while a digital output switches the compressor on and off.

The Series F4 uses digital output 8 for compressor control. Compressor On % Power sets the power level that will switch the compressor on. Compressor Off % Power sets the power level that will switch the compressor off.

The compressor will not turn on until the output power exceeds the Compressor On % Power for a time longer than the Compressor On Delay. The compressor will not turn off until the output power exceeds the Compressor Off % Power for a time longer than the Compressor Off Delay.

Location in software: Setup Page > Digital Output 8.

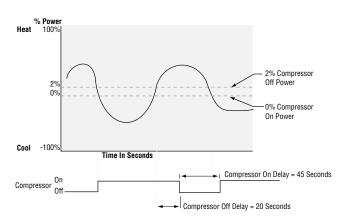


Figure 6.10b — Compressor Power.

6.10 ■ Features Watlow Series F4

Cascade

Cascade control is a control strategy in which one control loop provides the set point for another loop. It allows the process or part temperature to be reached quickly while minimizing overshoot. Cascade is used to optimize the performance of thermal systems with long lag times.

This graph illustrates a thermal system with a long lag time. Curve A represents a single-loop control system with PID parameters that allow a maximum heat-up rate. Too much energy is introduced and the set point is overshot. In most systems with long lag time, the process value may never settle out to an acceptable error. Curve C represents a single-control system tuned to minimize overshoot. This results in unacceptable heat-up rates, taking hours to reach the final value. Curve B shows a cascade system that limits the energy introduced into the system, allowing an optimal heat-up rate with minimal overshoot.

Cascade control uses two control loops (outer and inner) to control the process. The outer loop monitors the process or part temperature, which is then compared to the set point. The result of the comparison, the error signal, is acted on by the settings in a PID set (C1 to C5), which then generates a power level for the outer loop. The internal set point is determined by the outer-loop power level and the set point low limit and set point high limit settings for analog input 1.

The inner loop monitors the energy source (heating and cooling), which is compared to the internal set point generated by the outer loop. The result of the comparison, the error signal, is acted on by the settings in a PID set $(1\ to\ 5)$, which generates an output power level between -100% to +100%. If the power level is positive the heat will be on; if the power level is negative the cool will come on.

In Series F4 controllers, cascade control is available on channel 1. Analog input 3 is used to measure the outer-loop process while analog input 1 is used to measure the energy source. Power from the energy sources are supplied by outputs 1A and 1B.

To set up and tune a system for cascade control, see the Operations Chapter.

Location in software: Setup Page and Operations Page.

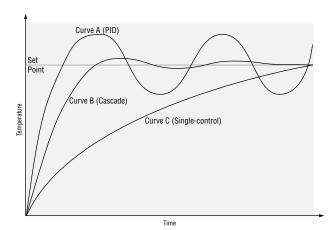


Figure 6.11a — Control Lag Times.

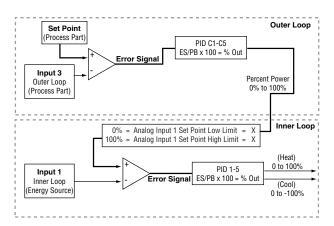


Figure 6.11b — Cascade Control.

Watlow Series F4 Features ■ 6.11

Notes

6.12 ■ Features Watlow Series F4

Chapter Seven: Communications

Exception Responses	.7.2
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Overview

The Series F4 uses Modbus as its communications protocol. Modbus is a standard protocol developed by A.E.G. Schneider. Modbus RTU enables a computer or PLC to read and write directly to registers containing the controller's parameters. With it you can read all of the controller's parameters with a few read commands.

If you already have a software application that uses Modbus, the Modbus Registers Table in this chapter will provide the register number and values (sometimes called enumerated types) for each parameter.

Dependencies between parameters do exist. For best results, program the parameters in the order in which they appear in the Software Map (inside back cover).

To program a profile using Modbus, refer to the Profiling Flow Charts in this chapter.

For basic information about writing an application using Modbus protocol, you may want to download the electronic *Watlow Controls Data Communications Guide* from the Watlow web site:

http://www.watlow.com/prodtechinfo

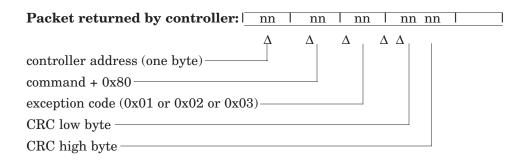
Exception Responses

When a controller cannot process a command it returns an exception response and sets the high bit (0x80) of the command.

0x01 illegal command

0x02 illegal data address

0x03 illegal data value



✓ NOTE:

For ranges, conditions and other information, look up parameter names in the Index, which will direct you to earlier chapters in this book.

Series F4 Modbus Registers

Parameters Sorted Alphabetically

Registers for profiling parameters are in a separate section at the end of this list, followed by a list of all Modbus registers in numerical order. For more information about parameters, see the Index.

	or all 1/10 as as registers in maniferration	1 00017 2 01 11101	o minorimation about par
103	% Power Output 1A, Status	7,16	Alarm Source, Alarm Output 1
r	0 to 100 (expressed in %)	r/w	0 Input 1
107 r	% Power Output 1B, Status 0 to 100 (expressed in %)		1 Input 2 2 Input 3
111	% Power Output 2A, Status	733	Alarm Source, Alarm Output 2
r	0 to 100 (expressed in %)	r/w	0 Input 1
115	% Power Output 2B, Status		1 Input 2 2 Input 3
r 100	0 to 100 (expressed in %)	702	Alarm Type, Alarm Output 1
102 r	Alarm 1, Status	r/w	0 Off
106	Alarm 2, Status		1 Process
r	,	740	2 Deviation
303	Alarm High Deviation, Alarm 1, Value	719 r/w	Alarm Type, Alarm Output 2 0 Off
r/w 322	1 to 30000 Alarm High Deviation, Alarm 2, Value	.,	1 Process
r/w	1 to 30000		2 Deviation
303	Alarm High Set Point, Alarm 1, Value	1902 r/w	Altitude, Analog Input 2 0 0 to 2499 ft
r/w	<pre><per sensor=""> to Alarm 1 Low Set Point</per></pre>	17 VV	1 2500 to 4999 ft
322 r/w	Alarm High Set Point, Alarm 2, Value <pre> <pre< td=""><td></td><td>2 5000 ft and above</td></pre<></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		2 5000 ft and above
703	Alarm Hysteresis, Alarm Output 1	606	Analog Input 1 Decimal Point
r/w	1 to 30000	r/w	0 0 1 00
720	Alarm Hysteresis, Alarm Output 2		2 000
r/w 704	1 to 30000 Alarm Latching, Alarm Output 1		3 0000
r/w	0 Alarm Self-clears	616	Analog Input 2 Decimal Point
	1 Alarm Latches	r/w	0 0 1 00
721	Alarm Latching, Alarm Output 2		2 000
r/w	0 Alarm Self-clears 1 Alarm Latches		3 0000
707	Alarm Logic, Alarm Output 1	626	Analog Input 3 Decimal Point 0 0
r/w	O Open on Alarm	r/w	1 00
	1 Close on Alarm		2 000
724 r/w	Alarm Logic, Alarm Output 2 0 Open on Alarm	000	3 0000
17 VV	1 Close on Alarm	836 r/w	Analog Range, Retransmit Output 1 0 4 to 20mA
302	Alarm Low Deviation, Alarm 1, Value	17 44	1 0 to 20mA
r/w	-19999 to -1		2 0 to 5V
321 r/w	Alarm Low Deviation, Alarm 2, Value -19999 to -1		3 1 to 5V 4 1 to 10V
302	Alarm Low Set Point, Alarm 1, Value	837	Analog Range, Retransmit Output 2
r/w	<pre><per sensor=""> to Alarm 1 High Set Point</per></pre>	r/w	0 4 to 20mA
321	Alarm Low Set Point, Alarm 2, Value		1 0 to 20mA 2 0 to 5V
r/w	<pre><per sensor=""> to Alarm 2 High Set Point</per></pre>		3 1 to 5V
708 r/w	Alarm Messages, Alarm Output 1 0 Yes on Main Page		4 1 to 10V
1, **	1 No	305 r/w	Autotune Channel 1 0 Tune Off
725	Alarm Messages, Alarm Output 2	17 VV	1 PID Set 1
r/w	0 Yes on Main Page 1 No		2 PID Set 2
1308	Alarm Set Point, Lockout		3 PID Set 3 4 PID Set 4
r/w	0 Full Access		5 PID Set 5
	1 Read Only	324	Autotune Channel 2
	2 Password 3 Hidden	r/w	0 Tune Off 1 PID Set 6
706	Alarm Sides, Alarm Output 1		2 PID Set 7
r/w	0 Both		3 PID Set 8
	1 Low		4 PID Set 9 5 PID Set 10
723	2 High Alarm Sides, Alarm Output 2	343	Autotune Cascade
r/w	0 Both	r/w	0 Tune Off
	1 Low		1 PID Set 1
705	2 High		2 PID Set 2 3 PID Set 3
705 r/w	Alarm Silencing, Alarm Output 1 0 No		4 PID Set 4
1, **	1 Yes	4000	5 PID Set 5
722	Alarm Silencing, Alarm Output 2	1306 r/w	Autotune PID, Lockout 0 Full Access
r/w	0 No 1 Yes	17 **	1 Read Only
	1 162		2 Password
			3 Hidden

7.2 ■ Communications Watlow Series F4

304	Autotune Set Point, Channel 1, Value	734	Control Output 2A Function
r/w	50 to 150 (expressed in %)	r/w	1 Heat
323	Autotune Set Point, Channel 2, Value		2 Cool
r/w	50 to 150 (expressed in %)	751	Control Output 2B Function
2062	Boost Cool % Power, Digital Output 7	r/w	0 Öff
r/w	-100 to 0 for Cool (expressed in %)		1 Heat ✓ NOTE:
2064	Boost Cool Delay On Time, Digital Output 7		2 Cool
r/w	0 to 9999 seconds	1920	Current Date, Day For more information about
		r/w	1 to 31 parameters, see the Index.
2062	Boost Cool Power		±
r/w	Value	1919	Current Date, Month
2064	Boost Cool Time	r/w	1 to 12
r/w	Value	1921	Current Date, Year
2052	Boost Heat % Power, Digital Output 6	r/w	1998 to 2035
r/w	0 to 0 for Heat (expressed in %)	1916	Current Time, Hour
2054	Boost Heat Delay On Time, Digital Output 6	r/w	0 o 23
r/w	0 to 9999 seconds	1917	Current Time, Minutes
2052	Boost Heat Power	r/w	0 to 59
		1918	Current Time, Seconds
r/w	Value in %	r/w	0 to 59
2054	Boost Heat Time		Custom Main Page Parameters (P1 to P16)
r/w	Value in seconds	r/w	0 None
605	Calibration Offset, Analog Input 1	1 / VV	1 Input I Value
r/w	-19999 to 30000		2 Input 2 Value
615	Calibration Offset, Analog Input 2		3 Input 2 Value
r/w	-19999 to 30000		4 Set Point 1
625	Calibration Offset, Analog Input 3		5 Set Point 2
r/w	-19999 to 30000		6 % Power 1
1922	Cascade Inner Set Point		
r	Cascade IIIIei Set Fullit		
•	A 1.7		8 Tune Status 1
1925	Cascade Type		9 Tune Status 2
r/w	0 No Cascade		10 Time
	1 Process Cascade		11 Date
	2 Deviation Cascade		12 Digital Inputs
1926	Cascade, Range Low		13 Digital Outputs
r/w	Depends on Sensor		14 Time Remaining
1927	Cascade, Range High		15 Current File
r/w	Depends on Sensor		16 Current Step
1330-33	Change Password		17 Active Ch1 PID Set
r/w	ASCII codes 0-9, A-Z		18 Active Ch2 PID Set
1501	CJC1 AtoD, Diagnostics		19 Last Jump Step
r	HHHH see In 1 AD		20 Jump Count
•			21 Wait For Status
1500	CJC1 Temp, Diagnostics		22 Step Type
r 4500	value		23 Target Set Point 1
1532	CJC2 AtoD, Diagnostics		24 Target Set Point 2
r	НННН		25 Internal Cascade Set Point
1531	CJC2 Temp, Diagnostics		26 Custom Message 1
r	value		27 Custom Message 2
312	Clear Alarm 1, Key Press Simulation		28 Custom Message 3
W	write any value		29 Custom Message 4
331	Clear Alarm 2, Key Press Simulation		30 Input1 Cal. Offset
W	write any value		31 Input2 Cal. Offset
311	Clear Error 1, Key Press Simulation		32 Input3 Cal. Offset
	write any value	4501-18	Custom Message 1
W		r/w	
330	Clear Error 2, Key Press Simulation	4521-38	Custom Message 2
W	write any value	r/w	.
349	Clear Error 3, Key Press Simulation		Custom Message 3
W	write any value	r/w	oustoni mossage o
1315	Clear Locks		Custom Mossage 4
	0 yes		Custom Message 4
2046	Complementary Output, Digital Output 5	r/w	Out Time (tous) Out of Out of A
	0 1A	509	Cycle Time (type), Control Output 1A
	1 1B	r/w	0 Variable Burst
	2 2A		1 Fixed Time
	3 2B	506	Cycle Time Value, Control Output 1A
2073	Compressor Off % Power, Digital Output 8	r/w	number
r/w	Compressor On % Power to 100%	559	Cycle Time (type), Control Output 1B
	·	r/w	0 Variable Burst
2075	Compressor Off Delay, Digital Output 8 0 to 9999 seconds		1 Fixed Time
r/w		556	Cycle Time Value, Control Output 1B
2072	Compressor On % Power, Digital Output 8	r/w	number
r/w	-100 to 100 (expressed in percent)	2509	Cycle Time (type), Control Output 2A
2074	Compressor On Delay, Digital Output 8	r/w	0 Variable Burst
r/w	1 to 9999 seconds	.,	1 Fixed Time
	Control Output Calibration — see Process Output Calibration	2506	Cycle Time Value, Control Output 2A,
700	Control Output 1A Function	2300 r/w	number
r/w	1 Heat		
	2 Cool	2559	Cycle Time (type), Control Output 2B
717	Control Output 1B Function		0 Variable Burst
r/w	0 Off	0550	1 Fixed Time
.,	1 Heat	2556	Cycle Time Value, Control Output 2B
	2 Cool	r/w	number
	_ 5001	2605	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
		r/w	0 to 30000

2615	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1	2663	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
r/w	0 to 30000	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
2625 r/w	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1 0 to 30000	2673 r/w	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
2635	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	2683	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1
r/w	0 to 30000	r/w 2693	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1
2645 r/w	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1 0 to 30000	2093 r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
505	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1	553	Derivative 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1
r/w	0 to 30000 Dead Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
515 r/w	0 to 30000	563 r/w	Derivative 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
525	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1	573	Derivative 1B, PID Set 3, Channel 1
r/w 535	0 to 30000	r/w 583	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
r/w	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1 0 to 30000	r/w	Derivative 1B, PID Set 4, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
545	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1	593	Derivative 1B, PID Set 5, Channel 1
r/w 2655	0 to 30000 Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1	r/w 2503	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2
r/w	0 to 30000	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
2665	Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1	2513	Derivative 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2
r/w 2675	0 to 30000 Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	r/w 2523	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2
r/w	0 to 30000	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
2685	Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	2533	Derivative 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2
r/w 2695	0 to 30000 Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1	r/w 2543	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2
r/w	0 to 30000	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
555	Dead Band 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1	2553	Derivative 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2
r/w 565	0 to 30000 Dead Band 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1	r/w 2563	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2
r/w	0 to 30000	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
575	Dead Band 1B, PID Set 3, Channel 1	2573	Derivative 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2
r/w 585	0 to 30000 Dead Band 1B, PID Set 4, Channel 1	r/w 2583	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
r/w	0 to 30000	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
595	Dead Band 1B, PID Set 5, Channel 1	2593	Derivative 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
r/w 2505	0 to 30000 Dead Band 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	r/w 201	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Digital Input 1, Status
r/w	1 to 30000		0 Low
2515 r/w	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2 1 to 30000	1061	1 High Digital Input 1 Condition
2525	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	r/w	0 Low
r/w	1 to 30000	1000	1 High
2535 r/w	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2 1 to 30000	1060 r/w	Digital Input 1 Function O Off
2545	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2		1 Panel Lock
r/w	1 to 30000		2 Reset Alarm 3 Control Outputs Off
2555 r/w	Dead Band 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2 1 to 30000		4 All Outputs Off
2565	Dead Band 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2		5 Digital Outputs Off 6 Start Profile
r/w 2575	1 to 30000 Dead Band 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2		7 Pause Profile
2575 r/w	1 to 30000		8 Resume Profile 9 Terminate Profile
2585	Dead Band 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2		10 Wait For Event
r/w 2595	1 to 30000 Dead Band 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2	1075	Digital Input 1, Start Profile
r/w	1 to 30000	r/w 1076	1 to 40 Digital Input 1, Start Step
2603	Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1	r/w	1 to 256
r/w 2613	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1	213	Digital Input 2, Status
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		0 Low 1 High
2623	Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	1063	Digital Input 2 Condition
r/w 2633	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	r/w	0 Low
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	1062	1 High Digital Input 2 Function
2643	Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1	r/w	0 Off
r/w 503	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) Derivative 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1		1 Panel Lock 2 Reset Alarm
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		3 Control Outputs Off
513 r/w	Derivative 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		4 All Outputs Off
523	Derivative 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1		5 Digital Outputs Off 6 Start Profile
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		7 Pause Profile
533 r/w	Derivative 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		8 Resume Profile 9 Terminate Profile
543	Derivative 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1		10 Wait For Event
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	1077	Digital Input 2, Start Profile
2653 r/w	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	1 to 40
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Watlow Series F4 7.4 ■ Communications

1078 r/w	Digital Input 2, Start Step 1 to 256	2946 r/w	Control Output 0 1A
225	Digital Input 3, Status	1/ ٧٧	1 1B
	0 Low		2 2A 3 2B
1065	1 High Digital Input 3 Condition	2050	Digital Output 6, Condition
r/w	0 Low	r/w	0 Off 1 On
1064	1 High Digital Input 3 Function	2051	Digital Output 6 Function
r/w	0 Off	r/w	0 Off
	1 Panel Lock 2 Reset Alarm		1 Event Output 3 Boost Heat
	3 Control Outputs Off	2060	Digital Output 7, Condition
	4 All Outputs Off 5 Digital Outputs Off	r/w	0 Off 1 On (2) COUNTY
	6 Start Profile	2061	Digital Output 7 Function
	7 Pause Profile 8 Resume Profile	r/w	0 Off For more information 1 Event Output
	9 Terminate Profile		4 Boost Cool about parameters, see
1079	10 Wait For Event Digital Input 3, Start Profile	2070 r/w	Digital Output 8, Condition the Index.
r/w	1 to 40	17 VV	1 On
1080 r/w	Digital Input 3, Start Step 1 to 256	2071 r/w	Digital Output 8 Function O Off
237	Digital Input 4, Status	1/ VV	1 Event Output
	0 Low	0070	5 Compressor
1067	1 High Digital Input 4 Condition	2072 r/w	Power On Value
r/w	0 Low	2073	Power Off
1066	1 High Digital Input 4 Function	r/w 2074	Value Delay On
r/w	0 Off	r/w	Value
	1 Panel Lock 2 Reset Alarm	2055 r/w	Delay Off Value
	3 Control Outputs Off	1513	Display Test, Test
	4 All Outputs Off 5 Digital Outputs Off	W	0 Off 1 On
	6 Start Profile	1307	Edit PID, Lockout
	7 Pause Profile 8 Resume Profile	r/w	0 Full Access 1 Read Only
	9 Terminate Profile		1 Read Only 2 Password
1081	10 Wait For Event Digital Input 4, Start Profile	607	3 Hidden Error Latching, Analog Input 1
r/w	1 to 40	r/w	0 Self Clear
1082 r/w	Digital Input 4, Start Step 1 to 256	647	1 Latch
2000	Digital Output 1, Condition	617 r/w	Error Latching, Analog Input 2 0 Self Clear
r/w	0 Off	607	1 Latch
2001	1 On Digital Output 1 Function	627 r/w	Error Latching, Analog Input 3 O Self Clear
r/w	0 Off	4000	1 Latch
2010	1 Event Output Digital Output 2, Condition	1303 r/w	Factory Page, Lockout 0 Full Access
r/w	0 Off		1 Read Only
2011	1 On	604	2 Password Filter Time, Analog Input 1
2011 r/w	Digital Output 2 Function O Off	r/w	-600 to 600 (expressed in tenths of seconds)
0000	1 Event Output	614 r/w	Filter Time, Analog Input 2 -600 to 600 (expressed in tenths of seconds)
2020 r/w	Digital Output 3, Condition O Off	624	Filter Time, Analog Input 3
2004	1 On	r/w 1602	-600 to 600 (expressed in tenths of seconds) Full Defaults
2021 r/w	Digital Output 3 Function O Off		800 yes
	1 Event Output	1205 r/w	Guaranteed Soak Band, Channel 1 1 to 9999
2030 r/w	Digital Output 4, Condition O Off	1212	Guaranteed Soak Band, Channel 2
.,	1 On	r/w	1 to 9999
2031 r/w	Digital Output 4 Function O Off	714 r/w	High Power Limit, Control Output 1A Low Limit+1 to 100 (expressed in %)
1/ VV	1 Event Output	731	High Power Limit, Control Output 1B
2040	Digital Output 5, Condition 0 Off	r/w 748	Low Limit+1 to 100 (expressed in %) High Power Limit, Control Output 2A
r/w	1 On	r/w	Low Limit+1 to 100 (expressed in %)
2041	Digital Output 5 Function	765 r/w	High Power Limit, Control Output 2B Low Limit+1 to 100 (expressed in %)
r/w	0 Off 1 Event Output	711	High Scale, Retransmit Output 1
	2 Complementary Output	r/w 728	Low Scale +1 to 30000 (maximum sensor range) High Scale, Retransmit Output 2
		r/w	Low Scale +1 to 30000 (maximum sensor range)

2607	Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1	1603	Input 1, Calibrate
r/w 2617	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1		1 0 mV Thermocouple 2 50 mV Thermocouple
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		3 32° Type J
2627 r/w	Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1 1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		4 Ground 5 Lead
2637	Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1		6 15.0 ohms
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		7 380.0 ohms 8 0.000 V
2647 r/w	Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1 1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		9 10.000 V
507	Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1		10 4.000 mA 11 20.000 mA
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	1505	Input 2 AtoD, Diagnostics
517 r/w	Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	r	НННН
527	Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1	105	Input 2 Error, Status
r/w 537	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	221 906	Input 2 Error, Status Input 2 Fail % Power, System
r/w	Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1 1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	r/w	-100 to 100 (expressed in %)
		222	Input 2 Open Loop, Status
547 r/w	Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1 1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		Innut O Time Diamontine
2657	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1	9 r	Input 2 Type, Diagnostics Univ
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		None
2667 r/w	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1 1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	104 r	Input 2 Value, Status
2677	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	1608	value Input 2, Calibrate
r/w 2687	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 1B. Cascade PID Set 4. Channel 1		1 0 mV Thermocouple
2007 r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		2 50 mV Thermocouple 3 32° Type J
2697	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1		4 Ground
r/w 557	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1		5 Lead 6 15.0 ohms
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting))		7 380.0 ohms
567	Hysteresis 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1		8 0.000 V 9 10.000 V
r/w 577	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 1B, PID Set 3, Channel 1		10 4.000 mA
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		11 20.000 mA
587	Hysteresis 1B, PID Set 4, Channel 1	1506 r	Input 3 AtoD, Diagnostics HHHH
r/w 597	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 1B, PID Set 5, Channel 1	109	Input 3 Error, Status
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	10	Input 3 Type, Diagnostics
2507 r/w	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2 1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	r	Univ None
2517	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	108	Input 3 Value, Status
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	r	value
2527 r/w	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	1613	Input 3, Calibrate 1 0 mV Thermocouple
2537	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 2A. PID Set 9. Channel 2		2 50 mV Thermocouple
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		3 32° Type J 4 Ground
2547	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2		5 Lead
r/w 2557	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2		6 15.0 ohms 7 380.0 ohms
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)		7 380.0 ohms 8 0.000 V
2567	Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2		9 10.000 V
r/w 2577	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2		10 4.000 mA 11 20.000 mA
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	2601	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
2587	Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2	r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
r/w 2597	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting) Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2	2611 r/w	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
r/w	1 to 30000 (dependent on decimal setting)	2621	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1
308	Idle Set Point, Channel 1, Power Out Action	r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
r/w 327	number Idle Set Point, Channel 2, Power Out Action	2631 r/w	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
r/w	number	2641	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1
1504	Input 1 AtoD, Diagnostics	r/w 501	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
r 101	HHHH Innut 1 From Status	501 r/w	Integral 1A , PID Set 1, Channel 1 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
101 209	Input 1 Error, Status Input 1 Error, Status	511	Integral 1A , PID Set 2, Channel 1
903	Input 1 Froi, otatus Input 1 Fail % Power, System	r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
r/w	-100 to 100 (expressed in %)	521 r/w	Integral 1A , PID Set 3, Channel 1 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
210	Input 1 Open Loop, Status	531	Integral 1A , PID Set 4, Channel 1
8 r	Input 1 Type, Diagnostics Univ	r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
100	Input 1 Value, Status	541 r/w	Integral 1A , PID Set 5, Channel 1 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
r	value	2651	Integral 1B , Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
		r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)

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2661	Integral 1B , Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1		Name, Digital Output 4 (10 charac	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — s	·
2671 r/w	Integral 1B , Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		Name, Digital Output 5 (10 charac	
2681	Integral 1B , Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — s	•
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	7/w	Name, Digital Output 6 (10 character ASCII equivalent decimal code — s	
2691	Integral 1B , Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1		Name, Digital Output 7 (10 charac	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — s	,
551	Integral 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1		Name, Digital Output 8 (10 charac	· ·
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — s	
561	Integral 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1	904	Open Loop Channel 1	-
r/w E74	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	0 Off	
571 r/w	Integral 1B, PID Set 3, Channel 1 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		1 On	
581	Integral 1B, PID Set 4, Channel 1	907 r/w	Open Loop Channel 2 0 Off	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	17 VV	1 On	
591	Integral 1B, PID Set 5, Channel 1	200	Operation Mode, Status	✓NOTE:
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	16	Output 1A Type, Diagnostics	For more information
2501	Integral 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	r	1 DC	•
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		2 SSR	about parameters, see
2511 r/w	Integral 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	47	3 Process	the Index.
2521	Integral 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	17 r	Output 1B Type, Diagnostics O None	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		1 DC	
2531	Integral 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2		2 SSR	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		3 Process	
2541	Integral 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	18	Output 2A Type, Diagnostics	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r	0 None 1 DC	
2551	Integral 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2		2 SSR	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		3 Process	
2561 r/w	Integral 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2 000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	19	Output 2B Type, Diagnostics	
2571	Integral 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2	r	0 None	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		1 DC 2 SSR	
2581	Integral 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2		3 Process	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	900	PID Units, System	
2591	Integral 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2	r/w	0 US (Reset/Rate)	
r/w	000 to 9999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		1 SI (Integral/Derivative)	
1515	Line Frequency, Diagnostics	1206	Power-Out Action	
r 715	xx Low Power Limit, Control Output 1A	r/w	0 Continue 1 Hold	
r/w	0 to High Limit-1000 to 9999 (expressed in %)		2 Terminate	
732	Low Power Limit, Control Output 1B		3 Reset	
r/w	0 to High Limit-1 (expressed in %)		4 Idle Set Point 1	
749	Low Power Limit, Control Output 2A	1010	5 Idle Set Point 2 Power-Out Time	
r/w	0 to High Limit-1 (expressed in %)	1213 r/w	0 to 9999 seconds	
766	Low Power Limit, Control Output 2B	5500	Process Display	
r/w	0 to High Limit-1 (expressed in %)	r/w	0 Input 1 only	
710 r/w	Low Scale, Retransmit Output 1 -19999 to Scale High-1 (minimum sensor range)		1 Alternating	
727	Low Scale, Retransmit Output 2	5501	Process Display, Input 1 Time	
r/w	-19999 to Scale High-2 (minimum sensor range)	r/w	0 to 999	
5	Mfg. Date, Diagnostics	5502	Process Display, Input 2 Time	
r	XXXX	r/w	0 to 999	
0	Model, Diagnostics	5503 r/w	Process Display, Input 3 Time 0 to 999	
r	F4	1606	Process Output 1A, 1.000V, Calibr	ate
	Name, Alarm 1 (10 characters)	W	0000 to 3000 (expressed in the	
r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	1607	Process Output 1A, 10.000V, Calib	orate
	Name, Alarm 2 (10 characters)	W	0000 to 12000 (expressed in the	housandths volts)
r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	1605	Process Output 1A, 20.000mA, Ca	
3000-09 r/w	Name, Digital Input 1 (10 characters) ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	W	0000 to 24000 (expressed in n	
	Name, Digital Input 2 (10 characters)	1604	Process Output 1A, 4.000mA, Cali	
r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	W 1611	0000 to 6000 (expressed in mi	
	Name, Digital Input 3 (10 characters)	1611 w	Process Output 1B, 1.000V, Calibr 0000 to 3000 (expressed in the	
r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	 1612	Process Output 1B, 10.000V, Calib	
	Name, Digital Input 4 (10 characters)	W	0000 to 12000 (expressed in the	housandths volts)
r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	1610	Process Output 1B, 20.000mA, Ca	
	Name, Digital Output 1 (10 characters)	W 4600	0000 to 24000 (expressed in n	
r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	1609 w	Process Output 1B, 4.000mA, Cali 0000 to 6000 (expressed in m	
	Name, Digital Output 2 (10 characters)	w 1616	Process Output 2A, 1.000V, Calibr	
r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	W	0000 to 3000 (expressed in the	
	Name, Digital Output 3 (10 characters)	 1617	Process Output 2A, 10.000V, Calib	,
r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart	W	0000 to 12000 (expressed in the	

1615 w	Process Output 2A, 20.000mA, Calibrate 0000 to 24000 (expressed in microamps)	2660 Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel r/w 0 to 30000	
1614 W	Process Output 2A, 4.000mA, Calibrate 0000 to 6000 (expressed in microamps)	2670 Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1/W 0 to 30000	2670
1621	Process Output 2B, 1.000V, Calibrate	2680 Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel	2680
w 1622	0000 to 3000 (expressed in thousandths volts) Process Output 2B, 10.000V, Calibrate	2690 Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel	2690
w 1620	0000 to 12000 (expressed in thousandths volts) Process Output 2B, 20.000mA, Calibrate	r/w 0 to 30000 550 Proportional Band 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1	550
w 1619	0000 to 24000 (expressed in microamps) Process Output 2B, 4.000mA, Calibrate	r/w 0 to 30000 560 Proportional Band 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1	
w 608	0000 to 6000 (expressed in microamps) Process Units, Analog Input	r/w 0 to 30000 570 Proportional Band 1B, PID Set 3, Channel 1	
r/w	0 Temperature 1 %rh	r/w 0 to 30000	r/w
	2 psi 3 units	580 Proportional Band 1B, PID Set 4, Channel 1 r/w 0 to 30000	r/w
618	Process Units, Analog Input 2	590 Proportional Band 1B, PID Set 5, Channel 1 r/w 0 to 30000	
r/w	0 Temperature 1 %rh	2500 Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2 r/w 0 to 30000	
	2 psi 3 units	2510 Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2 r/w 0 to 30000	
628 r/w	Process Units, Analog Input 3 0 Temperature	2520 Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2 r/w 0 to 30000	2520
	1 %rh 2 psi	2530 Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	2530
701	3 units Process, Control Output 1A	r/w 0 to 30000 2540 Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	
r/w	0 4 to 20mA 1 0 to 20mA	r/w 0 to 30000 2550 Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2	
	2 0 to 10V 3 0 to 5V	r/w 0 to 30000 2560 Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2	
718	4 1 to 5V Process, Control Output 1B	r/w 0 to 30000	r/w
r/w	0 4 to 20mA 1 0 to 20mA	r/w 0 to 30000	r/w
	2 0 to 10V 3 0 to 5V	2580 Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2 r/w 0 to 30000	
735	4 1 to 5V Process, Control Output 2A	2590 Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2 r/w 0 to 30000	
r/w	0´ 4 to 20mA 1 0 to 20mA	2604 Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1 r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	
	2 0 to 10V 3 0 to 5V	2614 Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1 r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	
752	4 1 to 5V Process, Control Output 2B	2624 Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	2624
r/w	0 4 to 20mA 1 0 to 20mA	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) 2634 Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	2634
	2 0 to 10V 3 0 to 5V	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) 2644 Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1	
1309	4 1 to 5V Profiles, Lockout	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) 504 Rate 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1	
r/w	0 Full Access 1 Read Only	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) 514 Rate 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1	
	2 Password 3 Hidden	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w
2600	Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1	7/W Rate 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w
r/w 2610	0 to 30000 Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1	r/w Rate 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1 n/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	
r/w 2620	0 to 30000 Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	544 Rate 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1 r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	
r/w 2630	0 to 30000 Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	2654 Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1 r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	
r/w 2640	0 to 30000 Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1	2664 Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1 r/W 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	
r/w 500	0 to 30000	2674 Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1 r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	2674
r/w	Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1 0 to 30000	2684 Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	2684
510 r/w	Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 0 to 30000	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) 2694 Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1	2694
520 r/w	Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 0 to 30000	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) 554 Rate 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1	
530 r/w	Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1 0 to 30000	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes) 564 Rate 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1	r/w
540 r/w	Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1 0 to 30000	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w
2650 r/w	Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1	r/w 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w
1/ 1/	0 to 30000	7/w Rate 1B, PID Set 4, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)s	

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594	Rate 1B, PID Set 5, Channel 1	2582	Reset 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
2504	Rate 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2592	Reset 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)
2514	Rate 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	1601	Restore Factory Calibration
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		0 Input 1 1 Input 2
2524	Rate 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2		2 Input 3 NOTE:
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	20	Retransmit 1 Type, Diagnostics
2534	Rate 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	r	0 None For more information
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		1 Process about parameters, see
2544	Rate 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	21	Retransmit 2 Type, Diagnostics
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r	0 None the Index.
2554 r/w	Rate 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	4000	1 Process
2564		1626 r/w	Retransmit Output 1, 1.000V, Calibrate 0000 to 3000 (expressed in thousandths volts)
r/w	Rate 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	1627	Retransmit Output 1, 10.000V, Calibrate
2574	Rate 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2	r/w	0000 to 12000 (expressed in thousandths volts)
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	1625	Retransmit Output 1, 20.000mA, Calibrate
2584	Rate 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2	r/w	0000 to 24000 (expressed in microamps)
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	1624	Retransmit Output 1, 4.000mA, Calibrate
2594	Rate 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2	r/w	0000 to 6000 (expressed in microamps)
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	1631	Retransmit Output 2, 1.000V, Calibrate
2602	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1	r/w	0000 to 3000 (expressed in thousandths volts)
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	1632	Retransmit Output 2, 10.000V, Calibrate
2612	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1	r/w 1620	0000 to 12000 (expressed in thousandths volts)
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	1630 r/w	Retransmit Output 2, 20.000mA, Calibrate 0000 to 24000 (expressed in microamps)
2622	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	1629	Retransmit Output 2, 4.000mA
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	0000 to 6000 (expressed in microamps)
2632	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	709	Retransmit Source, Retransmit Output 1
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	0 Input 1
2642 r/w	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		1 Input 2
502	Reset 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1		2 Input 3
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		3 Set Point 1 4 Set Point 2
512	Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1		5 Channel 1 Power
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		6 Channel 2 Power
522	Reset 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1	726	Retransmit Source, Retransmit Output 2
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	0 Input 1
532	Reset 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1		1 Input 2
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		2 Input 3
542	Reset 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1		3 Set Point 1 4 Set Point 2
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		5 Channel 1 Power
2652	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1		6 Channel 2 Power
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	25	Save Changes to EE
2662 r/w	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		0 Save
2672	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	681	Scale High, Analog Input 1
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.
2682	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	683	Scale High, Analog Input 2
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w 685	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.
2692	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1	r/w	Scale High, Analog Input 3 Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	680	Scale Low, Analog Input 1
552	Reset 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1	r/w	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	682	Scale Low, Analog Input 2
562 r/w	Reset 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.
572	Reset 1B, PID Set 3, Channel 1	684	Scale Low, Analog Input 3
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	Depends on sensor and decimal point selection.
582	Reset 1B, PID Set 4, Channel 1	712	Scale Offset, Retransmit Output 1
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	r/w	-19999 to 30000
592	Reset 1B, PID Set 5, Channel 1	720	Range Low to Range High
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	729 r/w	Scale Offset, Retransmit Output 2 -19999 to 30000
2502	Reset 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	17 VV	Range Low to Range High
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)	601	Sensor Type, Analog Input 1
2512	Reset 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	r/w	0 J
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		1 K
2522	Reset 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2		2 T
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		3 E 4 N
2532	Reset 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2		5 C
r/W 2542	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		6 D
2542 r/w	Reset 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2 000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		7 PT2
2552	Reset 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2		8 R
2332 r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths per minutes)		9 S 10 B
2562	Reset 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2		11 JIS
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		12 DIN
2572	Reset 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2		13 4 to 20 mA
r/w	000 to 999 (expressed in hundredths of minutes)		14 0 to 20 mA

611 r/w	15 0 to 5V 16 1 to 5V 17 0 to 10V 18 0 to 50mV Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 0 J 1 K 2 T 3 E 4 N 5 C 6 D 7 PT2 8 R 9 S 10 B 11 JIS 12 DIN 13 4 to 20 mA 14 0 to 20 mA	602 r/w 612 r/w 622 r/w 1300 r/w 1302 r/w	Set Point Low Limit, Analog Input 1 Depends on Sensor Set Point Low Limit, Analog Input 2 Depends on Sensor Set Point Low Limit, Analog Input 3 Depends on Sensor Set Point, Lockout 0 Full Access 1 Read Only Setup Page, Lockout 0 Full Access 1 Read Only 2 Password 3 Hidden Show °F or °C 0 No, Upper Display 1 Yes, Upper Display
	15 0 to 5V 16 1 to 5V	313 W	Silence Alarm 1, Key Press Simulation Write any value
	17 0 to 10V 18 0 to 50mV	332 W	Silence Alarm 2, Key Press Simulation Write any value
	19 Vaisala 0 to 5V 20 Vaisala 0 to 10V	4	Software Revision, Diagnostics
	21 Valsala 0 to 20mA 22 Rotronics 0 to 5V	2 3	000 to 999 Software Number, Diagnostics
621	Sensor Type, Analog Input 3	r 1514	0 to 99 Test Outputs, Test
r/w	0 J 1 K 2 T 3 E 4 N 5 C 6 D 7 PT2 8 R 9 S 10 B 11 JIS 12 DIN 13 4 to 20 mA 14 0 to 20 mA 15 0 to 5V 16 1 to 5V 17 0 to 10V 18 0 to 50mV Sensor, Analog Input 1		O All Off 1 Output 1A 2 Output 1B 3 Output 2A 4 Output 2B 5 Retransmit 1 6 Retransmit 2 7 Alarm 1 8 Alarm 2 9 Digital Out 1) 10 Digital Out 2 11 Digital Out 2 11 Digital Out 3 12 Digital Out 3 12 Digital Out 4 13 Digital Out 5 14 Digital Out 6 15 Digital Out 6 15 Digital Out 8 17 All On 18 Communications
r/w	0 Thermocouple 1 RTD 2 Process 4 Off	901 r/w	°F or °C, System 0 °F 1 °C
610 r/w	Sensor, Analog Input 2	Prof	ile Parameters
	1 RTD 2 Process 3 Wet Bulb-Dry Bulb 4 Off	4004 r/w	Autostart Profile Date or Day 0 Date 1 Day
620 r/w	Sensor, Analog Input 3 0 Thermocouple	4009 r/w	Autostart Time (hours) 0 to 99
	1 RTD 2 Process	4010 r/w	Autostart Time (minutes) 0 to 59
1	4 Off Serial Number, First Part, Diagnostics	4011	Autostart Time (seconds)
r	0 to 999999	r/w 4006	0 to 59 Autostart, Date (day)
2 r	Serial Number, Second Part, Diagnostics 0 to 999999	r/w 4005	1 to 31 Autostart, Date (month)
1330-33	Set Locks — see individual items to lock Set Password	r/w	0 to 12
r/w 300	ASCII codes 0-9, A-Z Set Point 1, Value	4007 r/w	Autostart, Date (year) 1998 to 2035
r/w	Range Low 1 to Range High 1	4008 r/w	Autostart, Day (of week) 0 Every Day
319 r/w	Set Point 2, Value Range Low 2 to Range High 2		1 Sunday 2 Monday
603 r/w	Set Point High Limit, Analog Input 1 Depends on Sensor		3 Tuesday 4 Wednesday
613 r/w	Set Point High Limit, Analog Input 2 Depends on Sensor		5 Thursday 6 Friday
623 r/w	Set Point High Limit, Analog Input 3 Depends on Sensor		7 Saturday

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4046 r/w	Channel 1 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps O Channel 1 PID	4036 r/w	Event Output 7, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps 0 Off
17 **	1 Channel 2 PID	17 44	1 On
4124	Channel 1 PID, Ramp Rate, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status	4037	Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps
r	O Channel 1 PID	r/w	0 Off
40.47	1 Channel 2 PID	40.40	1 On
4047 r/w	Channel 2 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps O Channel 1 PID	4048 r/w	Guaranteed Soak Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps O No
1/ VV	1 Channel 2 PID	1/ ٧٧	1 Yes
4125	Channel 2 PID Set, Ramp Rate, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status	4049	Guaranteed Soak Channel 2, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps
r	0 Channel 1 PID	r/w	0 No
	1 Channel 2 PID	1010	1 Yes
	Create Profile — see Edit Profile Action Delete Profile or Step — see Edit Profile Action	1210 w	Hold a Profile, Key Press Simulation 1 Hold
4111	Digital Output 1, Monitor Current Status (Profile)	4119	Hours Remaining, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status
r	0 Off	r	0 to 23
	1 On		Insert Step — see Edit Profile Action
4112	Digital Output 2, Monitor Current Status (Profile)	4126	Jump Count, Current Profile Status
r	0 Off 1 On	r 4197	1 to 999
4113	Digital Output 3, Monitor Current Status (Profile)	4127 r	Jump Profile, Current Profile Status 0 to 40
r	0 Off	4052	Jump Repeats, Jump Step
	1 On	r/w	1 to 999
4114	Digital Output 4, Monitor Current Status (Profile)	4128	Jump Step, Current Profile Status
r	0 Off 1 On	r 4050	1-256
		4050 r/w	Jump to Profile, Jump Step 1 to 40
4115	Digital Output 5, Monitor Current Status (Profile)	4051	Jump to Step, Jump Step
r	0 Off 1 On	r/w	1 to 256
4116	1 On Digital Output 6, Monitor Current Status (Profile)	4120	Minutes Remaining, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status
r	0 Off	r	0 to 59
	1 On	3500-09 r/w	Name, Profile 1 (10 characters) ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart
4117	Digital Output 7, Monitor Current Status (Profile)		Name, Profile 2 (10 characters)
r	0 Off 1 On	r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart
4118	Digital Output 8, Monitor Current Status (Profile)	3520-29	Name, Profile 3 (10 characters)
r	0 Off	r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart
4000	1 On	3330-39 r/w	Name, Profile 4 (10 characters) ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart
4002	Edit Profile Action 1 Create		Name, Profile 5 (10 characters)
	2 Insert Step	r/w	ASCII equivalent decimal code — see Modbus Naming Flowchart
	3 Delete Current Profile		Name, Profile 6 (10 characters)
	4 Delete Step 5 Start Profile		Name, Profile 7 (10 characters)
	255 Delete All Profiles		Name, Profile 8 (10 characters) Name, Profile 9 (10 characters)
4060	End Action, End Step		Name, Profile 10 (10 characters)
r/w	0 Hold		Name, Profile 11 (10 characters)
	1 Control Off 2 All Off		Name, Profile 12 (10 characters)
	3 Idle		Name, Profile 13 (10 characters) Name, Profile 14 (10 characters)
4061	End Idle Setpoint Channel 1, End Step		Name, Profile 15 (10 characters)
r/w	Set Point 1 Low Limit to Set Point 1 High Limit		Name, Profile 16 (10 characters)
4062 r/w	End Idle Setpoint Channel 2, End Step Set Point 2 Low Limit to Set Point 2 High Limit		Name, Profile 17 (10 characters)
4129	End Set Point Channel 1, Current Profile Status		Name, Profile 18 (10 characters)
r	Range Low 1 to Range High 1		Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters)
4130	End Set Point Channel 2, Current Profile Status		Name, Profile 21 (10 characters)
r	Range Low 2 to Range High 2		Name, Profile 22 (10 characters)
4030 r/w	Event Output 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps 0 Off		Name, Profile 23 (10 characters)
1/ VV	1 On		Name, Profile 24 (10 characters) Name, Profile 25 (10 characters)
4031	Event Output 2, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps		Name, Profile 26 (10 characters)
r/w	0 Off		Name, Profile 27 (10 characters)
4022	1 On		Name, Profile 28 (10 characters)
4032 r/w	Event Output 3, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps 0 Off		Name, Profile 29 (10 characters)
	1 On		Name, Profile 30 (10 characters) Name, Profile 31 (10 characters)
4033	Event Output 4, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps		Name, Profile 32 (10 characters)
r/w	0 Off 1 On		Name, Profile 33 (10 characters)
4034	Event Output 5, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps		Name, Profile 34 (10 characters)
4034 r/w	0 Off		Name, Profile 35 (10 characters)
	1 On		Name, Profile 36 (10 characters)
4035	Event Output 6, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps		Name, Profile 37 (10 characters) Name, Profile 38 (10 characters)
r/w	0 Off 1 On		Name, Profile 39 (10 characters)
	ı VII		. ,

3890-99	Name, Profile 40 (10 characters) Profile Edit Action — see Edit Profile Action	4011 r/w	Soak Step Time (seconds) 0 o 59
4000	Profile Number	1217	Terminate a Profile, Key P
4100	Profile Number, Current Status	W	1 Terminate
4103	Profile Ramp Waiting, Current Status	4021 r/w	Wait For Analog 1, Ramp F 0 Don't Wait
4001	Profile Step Number	1/ W	1 Wait
4101 4003	Profile Step Number, Current Status Profile Step Type	4022	Wait For Analog 1, Value,
r/w	1 Ramp Time	r/w	Range Low to Range
	2 Ramp Rate	4023	Wait For Analog 2, Ramp F
	3 Soak	r/w	0 Don't Wait
	4 Jump 5 End (read only)	4004	1 Wait
4102	Profile Step Type, Current Status	4024 r/w	Wait For Analog 2, Value, Range Low to Range
r	1 Ramp Time	4026	Wait For Analog 3 Value, F
	2 Ramp Rate	r/w	Range Low to Range
	3 Soak	4025	Wait For Analog 3, Ramp F
	4 Jump 5 End	r/w	0 Don't Wait
4108	Profile Waiting for Analog Input 1, Current Status	4040	1 Wait
r	0 Don't Wait	4013 r/w	Wait For Event 1, Ramp Ra 0 Don't Wait
	1 Wait	17 VV	1 Wait for Off
4109	Profile Waiting for Analog Input 2, Current Status		2 Wait for On
r	0 Don't Wait 1 Wait	4014	Wait For Event 2, Ramp Ra
4110	Profile Waiting for Analog Input 3, Current Status	r/w	0 Don't Wait
4110 r	0 Don't Wait		1 Wait for Off 2 Wait for On
•	1 Wait	4015	Wait For Event 3, Ramp Ra
4104	Profile Waiting for Event 1, Current Status	r/w	0 Don't Wait
r	0 Don't Wait		1 Wait for Off
	1 Wait for Off 2 Wait for On		2 Wait for On
4105	Profile Waiting for Event 2, Current Status	4016	Wait For Event 4, Ramp Ra
r	0 Don't Wait	r/w	0 Don't Wait 1 Wait for Off
	1 Wait for Off		2 Wait for On
	2 Wait for On	4012	Wait/Don't Wait, Ramp Rai
4106	Profile Waiting for Event 3, Current Status	r/w	0 Don't Wait
r	0 Don't Wait 1 Wait for Off		1 Wait for
	2 Wait for On		
4107	Profile Waiting for Event 4, Current Status		
r/w	0 Don't Wait		
	1 Wait for Off 2 Wait for On		
4044	Ramp Set Point Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step		
r/w	Range low to range high		
4045	Ramp Set Point Channel 2, Ramp Time Step		
r/w	Range low to range high		
4009	Ramp Time (hours)		
r/w	0 to 99		
4010 r/w	Ramp Time (minutes) 0 o 59		
4011	Ramp Time (seconds)		
r/w	0 to 59		
4043	Rate, Ramp Rate Step		
r/w	1 to 3000 units per minute		
	ReName Profile — see Name, Profile x		
1209	Resume a Profile, Key Press Simulation		
W	1 Resume		
25 W	Save Changes to EE		
4119	Hours Remaining, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status		
r	0 to 99		
4120	Minutes Remaining, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status		
r	0 to 59		
4121 r	Seconds Remaining, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status 0 to 59		
4122	Set Point Ch. 1, Ramp Rate, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status		
r 4400	Range low to range high		
4123 r	Set Point Ch. 2, Ramp Rate, Ramp Time or Soak Step, Current Profile Status Range low to range high		
4009	Soak Step Time (hours)		
r/w	0 to 99		
4010	Soak Step Time (minutes)		
r/w	0 0 59		

ress Simulation Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps e High Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps High Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps e High Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps ate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps te or Ramp Time or Soak Steps

7.12 ■ Communications Watlow Series F4

Parameters Sorted by Modbus Register

Model Dispressions						
Serial Number: Second Part Lipignosities Serial Number: Second Part Lipignosities Software Number Conjonents: Software Number Conjonents: Mitty Date Dispunsities Imput 1 Type, Diagnosities Imput 1 Type, Diagnosities Software Number Conjonents: Software Number Conjonents: Software Number Conjonents: Mitty Date Diagnosities Imput 1 Type, Diagnosities Software Number Conjonents: Software Conjonents: Software Number Conjonents: Software Conjon	n	Model Diagnostics	51/	Rate 1A PID Set 2 Channel 1	613	Set Point High Limit Analog Input 2
Serlar Number, Dispositions						
Software Niember, Diagnostics	1	Serial Number, First Part, Diagnostics	515	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1	614	Filter Time, Analog Input 2
Software Niember, Diagnostics	2	Serial Number Second Part Diagnostics	517	Hysteresis 1A PID Set 2 Channel 1	615	Calibration Offset Analog Input 2
Seffware Revision, Dispositions 521 Integral 14, PID Set 3, Channel 1 518 517 First Landburg (Input 17 year, Dispositions 528 Dept on the Pix 12 Dept of 17 year, Dispositions 529 Dept on the Pix 12 Dept of 17 year, Dispositions 520 Dept on the Pix 12 Dept of 17 year, Dispositions 520 Dept on the Pix 12 Dept of 17 year, Dispositions 521 Dept of 17 year, Dispositions 522 Dept on the Pix 12 Dept of 17 year, Dispositions 523 Dept of 18 year, Dispositions 526 Dept of 18 year, Dispositions 526 Dept of 18 year, Dispositions 527 Dept of 18 year, Dispositions 528 Dept of 18 year, Dispositions 529 Dept of 18 year, Dispositions 529 Dept of 18 year, Dispositions 520 Dept of 18 ye						
Mig. Datp. Diagnostics S22 Reset 14, PID Set 3, Channel 1 S21 Dentative 14, PID Set 3, Channel 1 S21 Sensor, Analog Input 3 Sensor, Page, Analog Input 4 Sensor, Page, A		Software Number, Diagnostics		Proportional Band TA, PID Set 3, Channel T	010	Decimal Point, Analog Input 2
Mig. Datp. Diagnostics S22 Reset 14, PID Set 3, Channel 1 S21 Dentative 14, PID Set 3, Channel 1 S21 Sensor, Analog Input 3 Sensor, Page, Analog Input 4 Sensor, Page, A	4	Software Revision, Diagnostics	521	Integral 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1	617	Error Latching, Analog Input 2
Input 1 Type, Diagnostics 523 Delivative 1 A, PIG Set 3, Channel 520 Sessor, Analog Input 3 521 Sessor Type, Analog Input 3 522 Sessor Type, Analog Input 3 523 Sessor Type, Analog Input 3 523 Sessor Type, Analog Input 3 524 Sessor Type, Analog Input 3 524 Sessor Type, Analog Input 3 525 Sessor Type, Analog Input 3			500		610	
Imput 2 Type, Diagnostics 524 Batt 1 A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 621 Sensor Type, Analog Input 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5					, , ,
Imput 2 Type, Diagnostics 524 Batt 1 A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 621 Sensor Type, Analog Input 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8	Input 1 Type, Diagnostics	523	Derivative 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1	620	Sensor, Analog Input 3
Dead Band 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 622 Set Point High Limit, Analog Input 3		Innut 2 Type Diagnostics	524	Rate 1A PID Set 3 Channel 1	621	Sensor Tyne Analog Innut 3
16				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
170	10	Input 3 Type, Diagnostics	525	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1	622	Set Point Low Limit, Analog Input 3
170	16	Output 1A Type Diagnostics	526	Cycle Time 1A value PID Set 3 Channel 1	623	Set Point High Limit Analog Input 3
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Dutput 28 Type, Diagnostics S31 Integral 14, PID 584 d, Channel 1 S62 Sectional Point, Analog Ingust 3 Patternsmil 1 Type, Diagnostics S32 Reset 14, PID 584 d, Channel 1 S63 Sectional Point, Analog Ingust 3 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics S33 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics S34 Rate 14, PID 584 d, Channel 1 S63 Scale Lynd, Analog Ingust 3 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics S35 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics S36 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics Patternsm						
Dutput 28 Type, Diagnostics S31 Integral 14, PID 584 d, Channel 1 S62 Sectional Point, Analog Ingust 3 Patternsmil 1 Type, Diagnostics S32 Reset 14, PID 584 d, Channel 1 S63 Sectional Point, Analog Ingust 3 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics S33 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics S34 Rate 14, PID 584 d, Channel 1 S63 Scale Lynd, Analog Ingust 3 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics S35 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics S36 Patternsmil 2 Type, Diagnostics Patternsm	18	Output 2A Type, Diagnostics	530	Proportional Band 1A. PID Set 4. Channel 1	625	Calibration Offset, Analog Input 3
Rest 11A, PID Set 4, Channel 1 627				· ·		
Defraction 1, 2 Defr						
25 Save Changes to E 534 Rate 1 A, PIO Set 4, Channel 1 880 Scale Low, Analog Input 1 101 Input 1 Firror, Satus 537 Hysterissi 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1 682 Scale Low, Analog Input 2 103 "s. Power Output 1A, Status 541 Hysterissi 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1 682 Scale Low, Analog Input 2 104 Input 2 Value, Status 541 History A, Power Output 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 682 Scale Low, Analog Input 2 106 Alarm 2, Satus 544 Reset 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 684 Scale Low, Analog Input 2 108 Alarm 2, Satus 547 Reset 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 701 Proport Output 1A, Status 547 Physteresis 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 701 Alarm Hysteresis, Alarm Output 1 Alarm Lys	20	Retransmit 1 Type, Diagnostics	532	Reset 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1	627	Error Latching, Analog Input 3
25 Save Changes to E 534 Rate 1 A, PIO Set 4, Channel 1 880 Scale Low, Analog Input 1 101 Input 1 Firror, Satus 537 Hysterissi 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1 682 Scale Low, Analog Input 2 103 "s. Power Output 1A, Status 541 Hysterissi 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1 682 Scale Low, Analog Input 2 104 Input 2 Value, Status 541 History A, Power Output 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 682 Scale Low, Analog Input 2 106 Alarm 2, Satus 544 Reset 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 684 Scale Low, Analog Input 2 108 Alarm 2, Satus 547 Reset 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 701 Proport Output 1A, Status 547 Physteresis 1A, PID Set 3, Channel 1 701 Alarm Hysteresis, Alarm Output 1 Alarm Lys	21	Retransmit 2 Type Diagnostics	533	Derivative 1A PID Set 4 Channel 1	628	Process Units Analog Input 3
						, , ,
				Rate TA, PID Set 4, Channel T	080	Scale Low, Analog Input 1
	100	Input 1 Value, Status	535	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 4, Channel 1	681	Scale High, Analog Input 1
Alarm 1, Status 540 Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1 684 Scale High, Analog Input 2						
1909 1909		•				
	102	Alarm 1, Status	540	Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1	683	Scale High, Analog Input 2
	103	% Power Output 1A Status	541	Integral 1A PID Set 5 Channel 1	684	Scale Low, Analog Input 3
				•		
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108						
Input 3 Value, Status 547 Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1 703 Alarm Hysteresis, Alarm Output 1 111 705 706 706 707		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	107	% Power Output 1B, Status	545	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 5, Channel 1	702	Alarm Type, Alarm Output 1
	108		547	Hysteresis 1A PID Set 5 Channel 1	703	
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150	109	Input 3 Error, Status	550	Proportional Band 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1	704	Alarm Latching, Alarm Output 1
150	111	% Power Output 2A. Status	551	Integral 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1	705	Alarm Silencing, Alarm Output 1
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Imput 1 Open Loop, Status 555 Dead Band 18, PID Set 1, Channel 1 709 Low Scale, Retransmit Output 1 210 Imput 2 Open Loop, Status 557 Hystersis 18, PID Set 2, Channel 1 711 High Scale, Retransmit Output 1 222 Imput 2 Open Loop, Status 550 Proportional Band 18, PID Set 2, Channel 1 711 Scale Offset, Retransmit Output 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	201		554	Rate 1R PID Set 1 Channel 1	708	
213		0 1 /				
Digital Input 2, Status	209	Input 1 Error, Status	555	Dead Band 1B, PID Set 1, Channel 1	709	Retransmit Source, Retransmit Output 1
Digital Input 2, Status	210	Innut 1 Open Loop, Status	556	Cycle Time value Control Output 1B	710	Low Scale Retransmit Output 1
221				, ,		and the second s
222 Input 2 Open Loop, Status 560 Proportional Band 18, PID Set 2, Channel 1 714 High Power Limit, Control Output 1A 237 Digital Input 3, Status 561 Integral 18, PID Set 2, Channel 1 715 Alarm Output 2 Alarm Low Set Point 1, value 562 Beset 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1 716 Alarm Output 1B 717 Function, Control Output 1B 718 Alarm Source, Alarm Output 1 718 Alarm Source, Alarm Output 1 718 Pin Set 2, Channel 1 719 Alarm Source, Alarm Output 1 718 Pin Set 2, Channel 1 719 Alarm Type, Alarm Output 2 Alarm High Set Point and Deviation, Alarm 1, value 710 Proportional Band 1B, PID Set 2, Channel 1 719 Alarm Type, Alarm Output 2 Alarm Lother Set Point, Channel 1, value 710 Proportional Band 1B, PID Set 3, Channel 1 720 Alarm Silvan Output 2 Alarm Lother Set Point, Channel 1, Power Out Action 720 Alarm Silvan Output 2 Alarm Silvan Output 2 Alarm Silvan Output 2 Alarm Silvan Output 2 Alarm Missages, Alarm Output 2 Alarm Missages, Alarm Output 2 Alarm Logic, Alarm Output 2 Alarm Log						
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1, value	302	Alarm Low Set Point and Deviation Alarm	564	Rate 1R PID Set 2 Channel 1	718	Process Control Output 1B
Alarm High Set Point and Deviation, Alarm 567	002					
1, value		i, value		Dead Dand 16, PID Set 2, Ghanner 1		Alamii Type, Alamii Output 2
1, value	303	Alarm High Set Point and Deviation, Alarm	567	Hysteresis 1B. PID Set 2. Channel 1	720	Alarm Hysteresis, Alarm Output 2
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Autotune Channel 1 572 Reset 1B, PID Set 3, Channel 1 723 Alarm Suides, Alarm Output 2		· ·				
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1	305	Autotune Channel 1	572	Reset 1B. PID Set 3. Channel 1	723	Alarm Sides, Alarm Output 2
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Rate 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1 603 Set Point High Limit, Analog Input 1 903 Input 1 Fail % Power, System 904 Open Loop Channel 1 906 Input 2 Fail % Power, System 907 Open Loop Channel 1 908 Input 1 Fail % Power, System 909 Open Loop Channel 1 909 Input 2 Fail % Power, System 907 Input 2 Fail % Power, System 908 Input 2 Fail % Power, System 909 Input 2 Fail % Power, System 908 Input 2 Fail % Power, System 909	503	Derivative 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1	602	Set Point Low Limit, Analog Input 1	901	°F or °C. System
505 Dead Band 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1 506 Cycle Time value, Control Output 1A 507 Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1 508 Cycle Time value, Control Output 1A 509 Cycle Time Type, Control Output 1A 509 Cycle Time Type, Control Output 1A 510 Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 511 Integral 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 504 Filter Time, Analog Input 1 505 Calibration Offset, Analog Input 1 506 Decimal Point, Analog Input 1 507 Open Loop Channel 2 509 Cycle Time Type, Control Output 1A 507 Function, Digital Input 1 518 Process Units, Analog Input 1 519 Condition, Digital Input 1 510 Sensor, Analog Input 2 510 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 511 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 513 Condition, Digital Input 2						
506 Cycle Time value, Control Output 1A 605 Calibration Offset, Analog Input 1 906 Input 2 Fail % Power, System 507 Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1 606 Decimal Point, Analog Input 1 907 Open Loop Channel 2 509 Cycle Time Type, Control Output 1A 607 Error Latching, Analog Input 1 1060 Function, Digital Input 1 510 Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 608 Process Units, Analog Input 1 1061 Condition, Digital Input 1 1 1062 Function, Digital Input 1 1 1062 Function, Digital Input 1 1 1062 Function, Digital Input 2 1 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2 1 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2 1 1063 Condition, Digital I						
506 Cycle Time value, Control Output 1A 605 Calibration Offset, Analog Input 1 906 Input 2 Fail % Power, System 507 Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1 606 Decimal Point, Analog Input 1 907 Open Loop Channel 2 509 Cycle Time Type, Control Output 1A 607 Error Latching, Analog Input 1 1060 Function, Digital Input 1 510 Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 608 Process Units, Analog Input 1 1061 Condition, Digital Input 1 1 1062 Function, Digital Input 1 1 1062 Function, Digital Input 1 1 1062 Function, Digital Input 2 1 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2 1 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2 1 1063 Condition, Digital I	505	Dead Band 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1	604	Filter Time, Analog Input 1	904	Open Loop Channel 1
507 Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1 606 Decimal Point, Analog Input 1 907 Open Loop Channel 2 509 Cycle Time Type, Control Output 1A 607 Error Latching, Analog Input 1 1060 Function, Digital Input 1 510 Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 608 Process Units, Analog Input 1 1061 Condition, Digital Input 1 511 Integral 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 610 Sensor, Analog Input 2 1062 Function, Digital Input 2 512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 611 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2				, , ,		
509 Cycle Time Type, Control Output 1A 607 Error Latching, Analog Input 1 1060 Function, Digital Input 1 510 Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 608 Process Units, Analog Input 1 1061 Condition, Digital Input 1 511 Integral 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 610 Sensor, Analog Input 2 1062 Function, Digital Input 2 512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 511 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2						
509 Cycle Time Type, Control Output 1A 607 Error Latching, Analog Input 1 1060 Function, Digital Input 1 510 Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 608 Process Units, Analog Input 1 1061 Condition, Digital Input 1 511 Integral 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 610 Sensor, Analog Input 2 1062 Function, Digital Input 2 512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 511 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2	507	Hysteresis 1A, PID Set 1, Channel 1	606	Decimal Point, Analog Input 1	907	upen Loop Channel 2
510 Proportional Band 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 608 Process Units, Analog Input 1 1061 Condition, Digital Input 1 511 Integral 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 610 Sensor, Analog Input 2 1062 Function, Digital Input 2 512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 611 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2	509	Cycle Time Type. Control Output 1A	607	Error Latching, Analog Input 1	1060	
511 Integral 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 610 Sensor, Analog Input 2 1062 Function, Digital Input 2 512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 611 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2						
512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 611 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2						
512 Reset 1A, PID Set 2, Channel 1 611 Sensor Type, Analog Input 2 1063 Condition, Digital Input 2	511	Integral 1A , PID Set 2, Channel 1	610	Sensor, Analog Input 2	1062	Function, Digital Input 2
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515 Derivative 1A, PID Set 2, Chainner 1 612 Set Point Low Limit, Analog Input 2 1064 Function, Digital Input 3						
	513	Derivative TA, PID Set 2, Grannel 1	012	SEL POITIL LOW LIMIT, ANAIOG INPUT 2	1064	runction, Digital Input 3

1065	Condition, Digital Input 3	1926	Cascade, Range Low	2565	Dead Band 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2
1066	Function, Digital Input 4	1927	Cascade, Range High	2567	Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2
1067	Condition, Digital Input 4	2000	Digital Output 1, Condition	2570	Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2
1075	Digital Input 1, Start Profile	2001	Function, Digital Output 1	2571	Integral 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2
1075	Digital Input 1, Start Frome	2010	Digital Output 2, Condition	2572	Reset 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2
1077	Digital Input 2, Start Profile	2011	Function, Digital Output 2	2573	Derivative 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2
1078	Digital Input 2, Start Step	2020	Digital Output 3, Condition	2574	Rate 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2
1079	Digital Input 3, Start Profile	2021	Function, Digital Output 3	2575	Dead Band 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2
1080	Digital Input 3, Start Step	2030	Digital Output 4, Condition	2577	Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 8, Channel 2
1081	Digital Input 4, Start Profile	2031	Function, Digital Output 4	2580	Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
1082	Digital Input 4, Start Step	2040	Digital Output 5, Condition	2581	Integral 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
1205	Guaranteed Soak Band, Channel 1	2041	Function, Digital Output 5	2582	Reset 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
1206	Power-Out Action	2046	Complementary Output, Digital Output 5	2583	Derivative 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
1209	Resume a Profile, Key Press Simulation	2050	Digital Output 6, Condition	2584	Rate 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
1210	Hold a Profile, Key Press Simulation	2051	Function, Digital Output 6	2585	Dead Band 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
1212	Guaranteed Soak Band, Channel 2	2052	Boost Heat % Power, Digital Output 6	2587	Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 9, Channel 2
1213	Power-Out Time	2054	Boost Heat Delay On Time, Digital Output 6	2590	Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
1217	Terminate a Profile, Key Press Simulation	2060	Digital Output 7, Condition	2591	Integral 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
1300	Set Point, Lockout	2061	Function, Digital Output 7	2592	Reset 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
1302	Setup Page, Lockout	2062	Boost Cool % Power, Digital Output 7	2593	Derivative 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
1303	Factory Page, Lockout	2064	Boost Cool Delay On Time, Digital Output 7	2594	Rate 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
1306	Autotune PID, Lockout	2070	Digital Output 8, Condition	2595	Dead Band 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
1307	Edit PID, Lockout	2071	Function, Digital Output 8	2597	Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 10, Channel 2
1308	Alarm Set Point, Lockout	2072	Compressor On % Power, Digital Output 8	2600	Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 1,
1309	Profiles, Lockout	2073	Compressor Off % Power, Digital Output 8		Channel 1
1315	Clear Locks	2074	Compressor On Delay, Digital Output 8	2601	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1330-33	Set Password	2075	Compressor Off Delay, Digital Output 8	2001	2602Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1400-15	Custom Main Page Parameters (P1 to P16)	2500	Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2603	Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1500	CJC1 Temp, Diagnostics	2501	Integral 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2604	Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1501	CJC1 AtoD, Diagnostics	2502	Reset 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2605	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1504	Input 1 AtoD, Diagnostics	2502		2607	
			Derivative 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2		Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1505	Input 2 AtoD, Diagnostics	2504	Rate 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2610	Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 2,
1506	Input 3 AtoD, Diagnostics	2505	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	0044	Channel 1
1513	Display Test, Test	2506	Cycle Time Value, Control Output 2A	2611	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1514	Test Outputs, Test	2507	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2612	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1515	Line Frequency, Diagnostics	2509	Cycle Time (type), Control Output 2A	2613	Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1531	CJC2 Temp, Diagnostics	2510	Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2614	Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1532	CJC2 AtoD, Diagnostics	2511	Integral 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2615	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1601	Restore Factory Calibration	2512	Reset 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2617	Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1602	Full Defaults	2513	Derivative 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2620	Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 3,
1603	Input 1, Calibrate	2514	Rate 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2		Channel 1
1604	Process Output 1A, 4.000mA, Calibrate	2515	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2621	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1
1605	Process Output 1A, 20.000mA, Calibrate	2517	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2622	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1
1606	Process Output 1A, 1.000V, Calibrate	2520	Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	2623	Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1
1607	Process Output 1A, 10.000V, Calibrate	2521	Integral 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	2624	Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1
1608	Input 2, Calibrate	2522	Reset 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	2625	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1
1609	Process Output 1B, 4.000mA, Calibrate	2523	Derivative 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	2627	Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1
1610	Process Output 1B, 20.000mA, Calibrate	2524	Rate 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	2630	Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 4,
1611	Process Output 1B, 1.000V, Calibrate	2525	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2		Channel 1
1612	Process Output 1B, 10.000V, Calibrate	2527	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 8, Channel 2	2631	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1
1613	Input 3, Calibrate	2530	Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	2632	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1
1614	Process Output 2A, 4.000mA, Calibrate	2531	Integral 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	2633	Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1
1615	Process Output 2A, 20.000mA, Calibrate	2532	Reset 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	2634	Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1
1616	Process Output 2A, 1.000V, Calibrate	2533	Derivative 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	2635	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1
1617	Process Output 2A, 1.000V, Calibrate	2534	Rate 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	2637	Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1
1619	Process Output 2B, 4.000mA, Calibrate	2535	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	2640	Proportional Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 5,
1620	Process Output 2B, 4.000mA, Calibrate	2535	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 9, Channel 2	2040	Channel 1
1621	Process Output 2B, 20.000mA, Calibrate Process Output 2B, 1.000V, Calibrate	2540	Proportional Band 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	2641	Integral 1A , Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1
1622	Process Output 2B, 10.000V, Calibrate	2541	Integral 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	2642	Reset 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1
1624	Retransmit Output 1, 4.000mA, Calibrate	2542	Reset 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	2643	Derivative 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1
1625	Retransmit Output 1, 20.000mA, Calibrate	2543	Derivative 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	2644	Rate 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1
1626	Retransmit Output 1, 1.000V, Calibrate	2544	Rate 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	2645	Dead Band 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1
1627	Retransmit Output 1, 10.000V, Calibrate	2545	Dead Band 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	2647	Hysteresis 1A, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1
1629	Retransmit Output 2, 4.000mA, Calibrate	2547	Hysteresis 2A, PID Set 10, Channel 2	2650	Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 1,
1630	Retransmit Output 2, 20.000mA, Calibrate	2550	Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2	1	Channel 1
1631	Retransmit Output 2, 1.000V, Calibrate	2551	Integral 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2651	Integral 1B , Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1632	Retransmit Output 2, 10.000V, Calibrate	2552	Reset 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2652	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1902	Altitude, Analog Input 2	2553	Derivative 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2653	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1915	Cascade, Analog Input 3	2554	Rate 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2654	Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1916	Current Time, Hour	2555	Dead Band 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2655	Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1917	Current Time, Minutes	2556	Cycle Time Value, Control Output 2B	2657	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 1, Channel 1
1918	Current Time, Seconds	2557	Hysteresis 2B, PID Set 6, Channel 2	2660	Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 2,
1919	Current Date, Month	2559	Cycle Time (type), Control Output 2B		Channel 1
1920	Current Date, Day	2560	Proportional Band 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2661	Integral 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1921	Current Date, Year	2561	Integral 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2662	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1922	Cascade Inner Set Point	2562	Reset 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2663	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1923	Show °F or °C	2563	Derivative 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2664	Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
1925	Cascade Type	2564	Rate 2B, PID Set 7, Channel 2	2665	Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel 1
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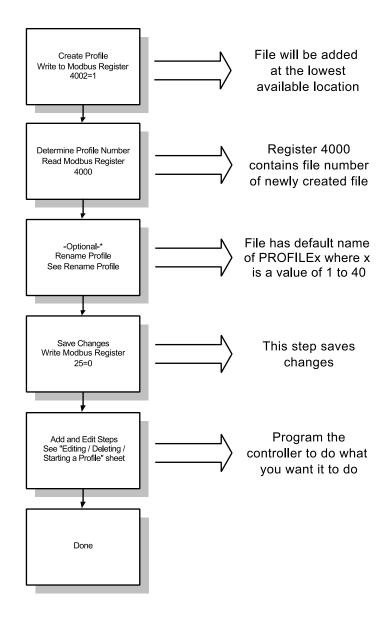
2667	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 2, Channel	3790-99	Name, Profile 30 (10 characters)		Ramp Time or Soak Steps
	1	3800-09	Name, Profile 31 (10 characters)	4050	Jump to Profile, Jump Step
2670	Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 3,	3810-19	Name, Profile 32 (10 characters)	4051	Jump to Step, Jump Step
	Channel 1	3820-29	Name, Profile 33 (10 characters)	4052	Jump Repeats, Jump Step
2671	Integral 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	3830-39	Name, Profile 34 (10 characters)	4060	End Action, End Step
2672	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	3840-49	Name, Profile 35 (10 characters)	4061	End Idle Setpoint Channel 1, End Step
2673	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel	3850-59	Name, Profile 36 (10 characters)	4062	End Idle Setpoint Channel 2, End Step
	1	3860-69	Name, Profile 37 (10 characters)	4100	Profile Number, Current Status
2674	Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel 1	3870-79	Name, Profile 38 (10 characters)	4101	Profile Step Number, Current Status
2675	Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel	3880-89	Name, Profile 39 (10 characters)	4102	Profile Step Type, Current Status
20.0	1	3890-99	Name, Profile 40 (10 characters)	4103	Profile Ramp Waiting, Current Status
2677	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 3, Channel	4000	Profile Number	4104	Profile Waiting for Event 1, Current Status
2011	1	4001	Profile Step Number	4105	Profile Waiting for Event 2, Current Status
2680	Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 4,	4002	Profile Edit Action	4106	Profile Waiting for Event 2, Current Status
2000	Channel 1	4003	Profile Step Type	4107	Profile Waiting for Event 4, Current Status
2681	Integral 1B , Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	4004	Autostart Profile Date or Day	4108	Profile Waiting for Analog Input 1, Current
2682	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1	4005	Autostart, Date (month)	4100	Status
2683	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel	4005	. ,	4109	Profile Waiting for Analog Input 2, Current
2000	1	4007	Autostart, Date (day)	4103	Status
2604	Pate 1P Caccada PID Cat 4 Channal 1	4007	Autostart, Date (year)	4110	
2684	Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel 1		Autostart, Day (of week)	4110	Profile Waiting for Analog Input 3, Current
2685	Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel	4009	Autostart Time (hours)	4444	Status
0007	1	4010	Autostart Time (minutes)	4111	Digital Output 1, Current Status
2687	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 4, Channel	4011	Autostart Time (seconds)	4112	Digital Output 2, Current Status
0000]	4009	Ramp Time (hours)	4113	Digital Output 3, Current Status
2690	Proportional Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 5,	4010	Ramp Time (minutes)	4114	Digital Output 4, Current Status
	Channel 1	4011	Ramp Time (seconds)	4115	Digital Output 5, Current Status
2691	Integral 1B , Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1	4009	Soak Step Time (hours)	4116	Digital Output 6, Current Status
2692	Reset 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1	4010	Soak Step Time (minutes)	4117	Digital Output 7, Current Status
2693	Derivative 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel	4011	Soak Step Time (seconds)	4118	Digital Output 8, Current Status
	1	4012	Wait/Don't Wait, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	4119	Hours Remaining, Ramp Time or Soak
2694	Rate 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel 1		or Soak Steps		Step, Current Profile Status
2695	Dead Band 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel	4013	Wait For Event 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	4120	Minutes Remaining, Ramp Time or Soak
	1		or Soak Steps		Step, Current Profile Status
2697	Hysteresis 1B, Cascade PID Set 5, Channel	4014	Wait For Event 2, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	4121	Seconds Remaining, Ramp Time or Soak
	1		or Soak Steps		Step, Current Profile Status
3000-09	Name, Digital Input 1 (10 characters)	4015	Wait For Event 3, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	4122	Set Point Channel 1, Ramp Rate, Ramp Time
3010-19	Name, Digital Input 2 (10 characters)		or Soak Steps		or Soak Step, Current Profile Status
3020-29	Name, Digital Input 3 (10 characters)	4016	Wait For Event 4, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	4123	Set Point Channel 2, Ramp Rate, Ramp Time
3030-39	Name, Digital Input 4 (10 characters)		or Soak Steps		or Soak Step, Current Profile Status
3100-09	Name, Digital Output 1 (10 characters)	4021	Wait For Analog 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp	4124	Channel 1 PID, Ramp Rate, Ramp Time or
3110-19	Name, Digital Output 2 (10 characters)		Time or Soak Steps		Soak Step, Current Profile Status
3120-29	Name, Digital Output 3 (10 characters)	4022	Wait For Analog 1, Value, Ramp Rate or	4125	Channel 2 PID Set, Ramp Rate, Ramp Time or
3130-39	Name, Digital Output 4 (10 characters)	.022	Ramp Time or Soak Steps	0	Soak Step, Current Profile Status
3140-49	Name, Digital Output 5 (10 characters)	4023	Wait For Analog 2, Ramp Rate or Ramp	4126	Jump Count, Current Profile Status
3150-59	Name, Digital Output 6 (10 characters)	1020	Time or Soak Steps	4127	Jump Profile, Current Profile Status
3160-69	Name, Digital Output 7 (10 characters)	4024	Wait For Analog 2, Value, Ramp Rate or	4128	Jump Step, Current Profile Status
3170-79	Name, Digital Output 8 (10 characters)	7027	Ramp Time or Soak Steps	4129	End Set Point Channel 1, Current Profile
3200-09	Name, Alarm 1 (10 characters)	4025	Wait For Analog 3, Ramp Rate or Ramp	4123	Status
3210-19	Name, Alarm 2 (10 characters)	4020	Time or Soak Steps	4130	End Set Point Channel 2, Current Profile
3500-09	Name, Profile 1 (10 characters)	4026	Wait For Analog 3 Value, Ramp Rate or	4130	Status
3510-19		4020	Ramp Time or Soak Steps	4501-18	Custom Message 1
3520-29	Name, Profile 2 (10 characters) Name, Profile 3 (10 characters)	4030	Event Output 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	4521-38	Custom Message 2
3530-39	Name, Profile 4 (10 characters)	4030		4541-58	Custom Message 2
3540-49	Name, Profile 5 (10 characters)	4031	or Soak Steps	4561-78	
3550-59		4031	Event Output 2, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time		Custom Message 4 Process Display
3560-69	Name, Profile 6 (10 characters) Name, Profile 7 (10 characters)	4032	or Soak Steps Event Output 3, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	5500 5501	
3570-79	Name, Profile 8 (10 characters)	4032	or Soak Steps	5502	Process Display Input 1, Time Process Display Input 2, Time
3580-89		4033		5503	
	Name, Profile 9 (10 characters)	4000	Event Output 4, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	5505	Process Display Input 3, Time
3590-99	Name, Profile 10 (10 characters)	4024	or Soak Steps		NOTE:
3600-09	Name, Profile 11 (10 characters)	4034	Event Output 5, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time		NOIE:
3610-19	Name, Profile 12 (10 characters)	4005	or Soak Steps	F	or more information about
3620-29	Name, Profile 13 (10 characters)	4035	Event Output 6, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time		
3630-39	Name, Profile 14 (10 characters)	4000	or Soak Steps	p_0	arameters, see the Index.
3640-49				_	
3650-59	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters)	4036	Event Output 7, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	1	
3660-69	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters)		or Soak Steps	1	
	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters)	4036	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time	1	
3670-79	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters)	4037	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps	•	
3680-89	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters)	4037 4043	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step	•	
3680-89 3690-99	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters)	4037	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or	•	
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step	•	
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09 3710-19	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044 4045	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 2, Ramp Time Step	•	
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09 3710-19 3720-29	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 2, Ramp Time Step Channel 1 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp		
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09 3710-19 3720-29 3730-39	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters) Name, Profile 24 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044 4045 4046	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 2, Ramp Time Step Channel 1 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps		
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09 3710-19 3720-29 3730-39 3740-49	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044 4045	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 2, Ramp Time Step Channel 1 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp		
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09 3710-19 3720-29 3730-39 3740-49 3750-59	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters) Name, Profile 24 (10 characters) Name, Profile 25 (10 characters) Name, Profile 25 (10 characters) Name, Profile 26 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 2, Ramp Time Step Channel 1 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Channel 2 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps		
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09 3710-19 3720-29 3730-39 3740-49 3750-59 3760-69	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters) Name, Profile 24 (10 characters) Name, Profile 25 (10 characters) Name, Profile 26 (10 characters) Name, Profile 26 (10 characters) Name, Profile 27 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044 4045 4046	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 2, Ramp Time Step Channel 1 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Channel 2 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Guaranteed Soak Channel 1, Ramp Rate or	•	
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09 3710-19 3720-29 3730-39 3740-49 3750-59 3760-69 3770-79	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters) Name, Profile 24 (10 characters) Name, Profile 25 (10 characters) Name, Profile 26 (10 characters) Name, Profile 27 (10 characters) Name, Profile 26 (10 characters) Name, Profile 27 (10 characters) Name, Profile 28 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047 4048	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 2, Ramp Time Step Channel 1 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Channel 2 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Guaranteed Soak Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps	•	
3680-89 3690-99 3700-09 3710-19 3720-29 3730-39 3740-49 3750-59 3760-69	Name, Profile 15 (10 characters) Name, Profile 16 (10 characters) Name, Profile 17 (10 characters) Name, Profile 18 (10 characters) Name, Profile 19 (10 characters) Name, Profile 20 (10 characters) Name, Profile 21 (10 characters) Name, Profile 22 (10 characters) Name, Profile 23 (10 characters) Name, Profile 24 (10 characters) Name, Profile 25 (10 characters) Name, Profile 26 (10 characters) Name, Profile 26 (10 characters) Name, Profile 27 (10 characters)	4037 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047	or Soak Steps Event Output 8, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Rate, Ramp Rate Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 1, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time Step Ramp Setpoint Channel 2, Ramp Time Step Channel 1 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Channel 2 PID Set, Ramp Rate or Ramp Time or Soak Steps Guaranteed Soak Channel 1, Ramp Rate or		

Communications Page	Range		Modbus Register read/write	Conditions for
Parameter Description	(Modbus Value)	Default	[I/O, Set, Ch]	Parameters to Appear
Communica				
Main > Setup > Communicati	ions			
Baud Rate Set the transmission speed in bits/seconds.	19200 9600	19200	No Modbus address.	Active: Always.
Address Set the controller's address between 1 and 247.	1 to 247	1	No Modbus address.	Active: Always.
NOTE: For more information ab	out how parameter cotting	70		

NOTE: For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

F4 Modbus Applications: Profile Programming Procedures

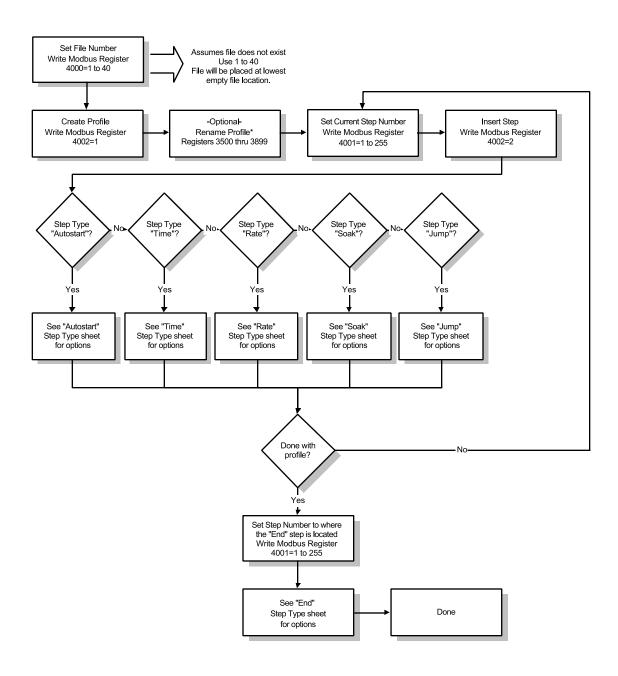
F4 Modbus Applications: Profile Overview



A maximum of 40 files may be created, with a total of 256 steps. Each time a new file is created, the file is placed after the previously created file. As files are deleted, newly created files are placed into these locations. Modbus Register 4000 returns the file number of the newly created file.

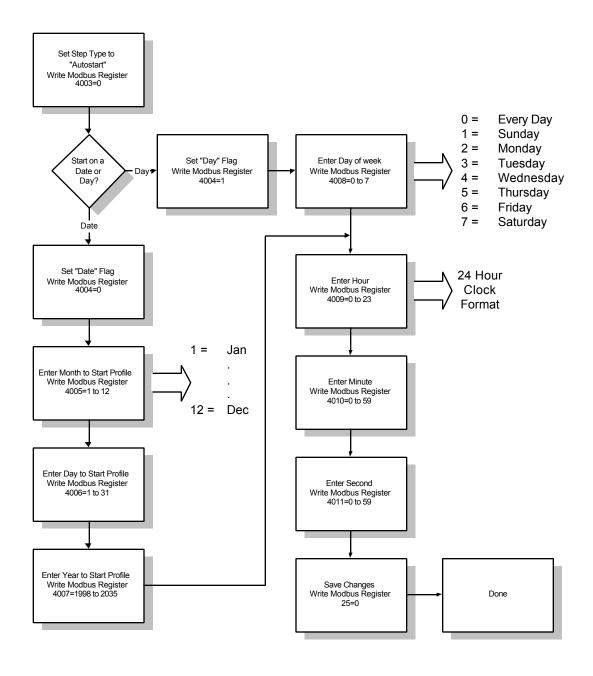
^{*}Profiles without custom-written names are referred to by their numbers (Profile 1, Profile 2, etc.),

F4 Modbus Applications: Creating a Profile



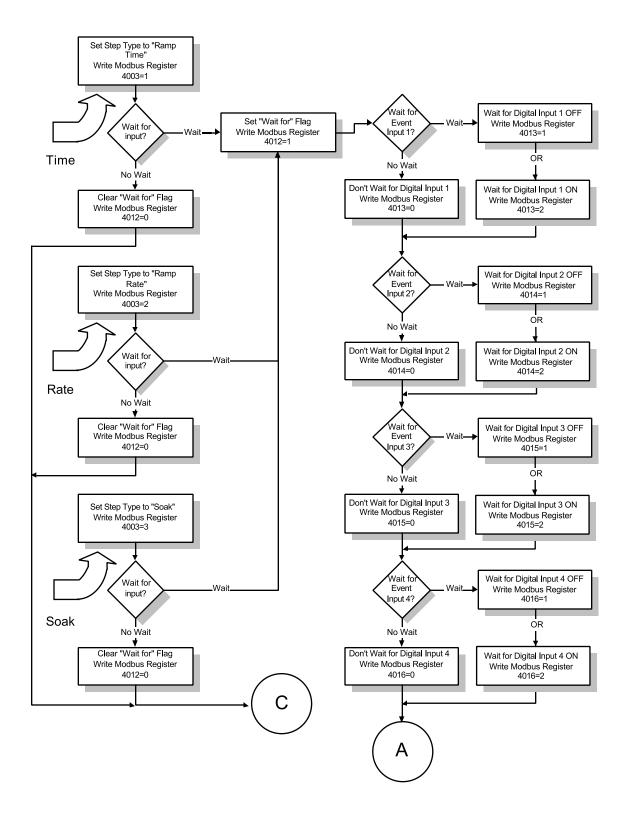
^{*}Profiles without custom-written names are referred to by their numbers (Profile 1, Profile 2, etc.),

F4 Modbus Applications: Autostart Step



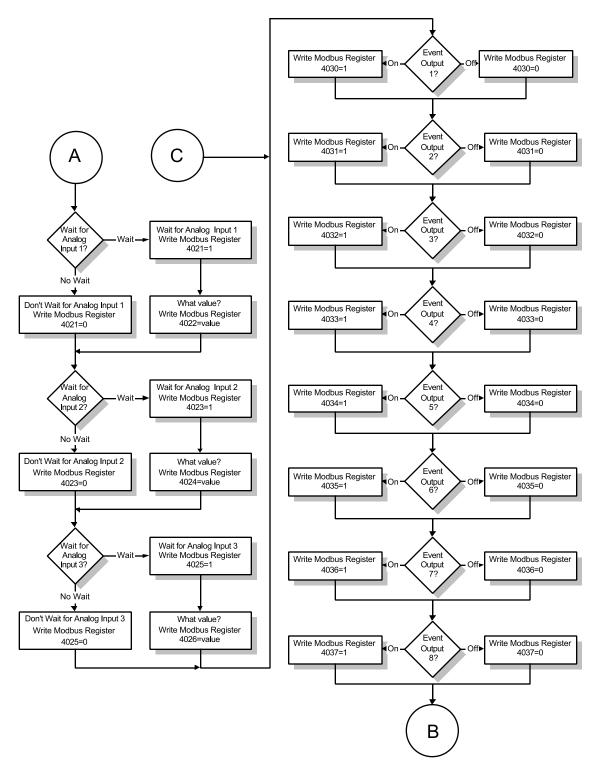
Autostart pauses a profile until the specified date or day, and time (of a 24-hour-clock).

F4 Modbus Applications: Ramp Time, Ramp Rate, Soak Steps (page 1 of 3)



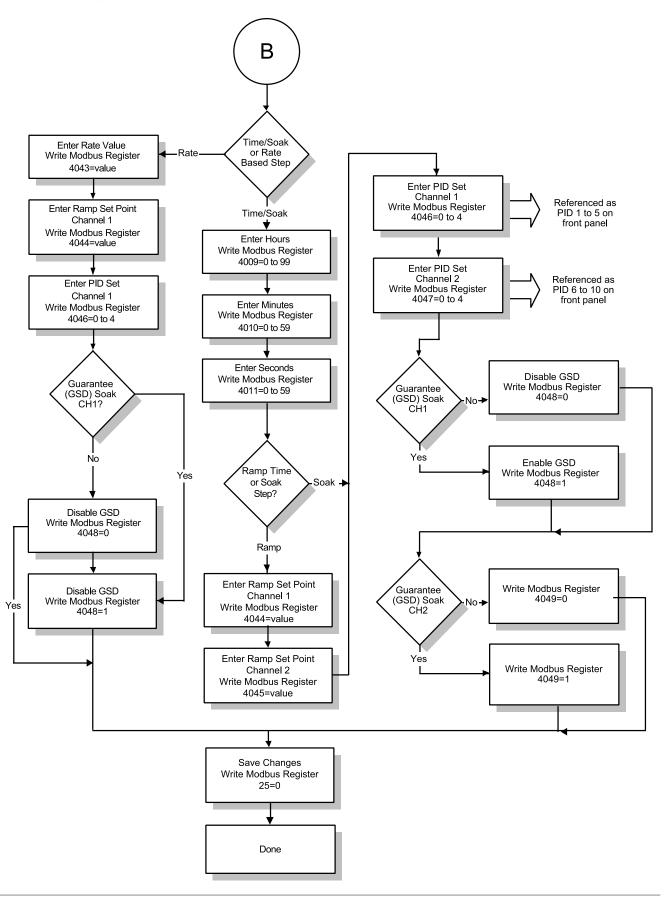
Digital inputs must be configured as Events before profiling: "Digital Input 1 to 4 Function = Wait for Event" and "Digital Input 1 to 4 Condition = Low or High." Modbus Registers 1060 through 1067. See Setup Page Map.

F4 Modbus Applications: Ramp Time, Ramp Rate, Soak Steps (page 2 of 3)



Analog inputs and digital outputs must be configured before programming a profile. See Setup Page Map.

F4 Modbus Applications: Ramp Time, Ramp Rate, Soak Steps (page 3 of 3)

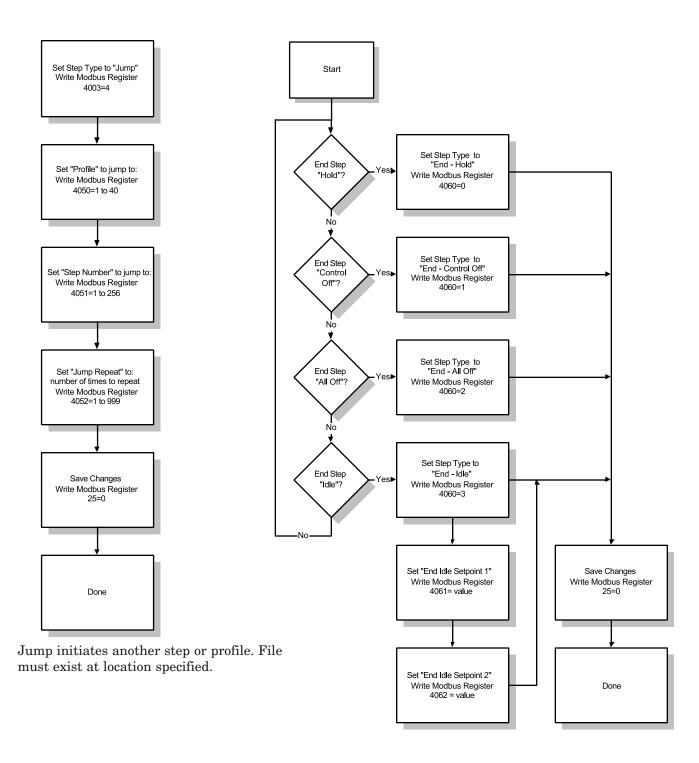


F4 Modbus Applications:

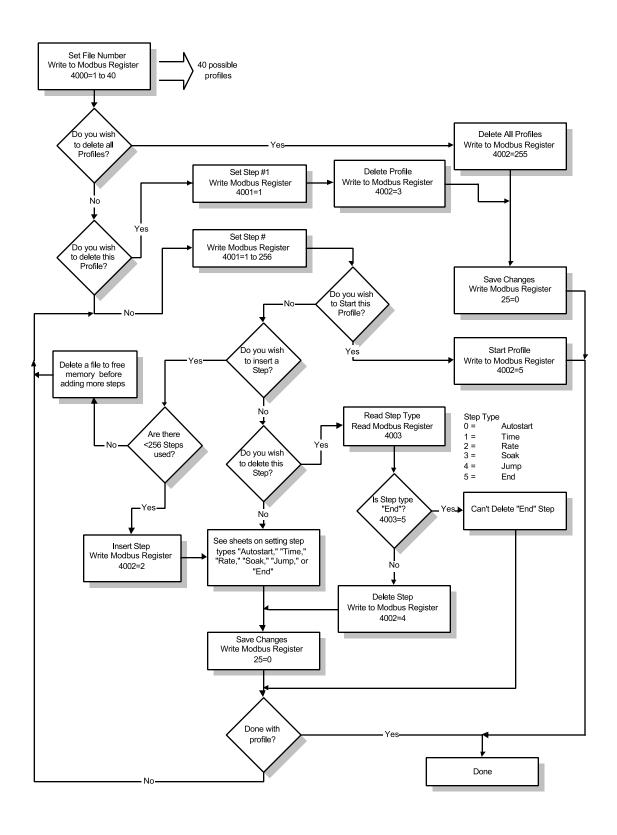
F4 Modbus Applications:

Jump Step

End Step

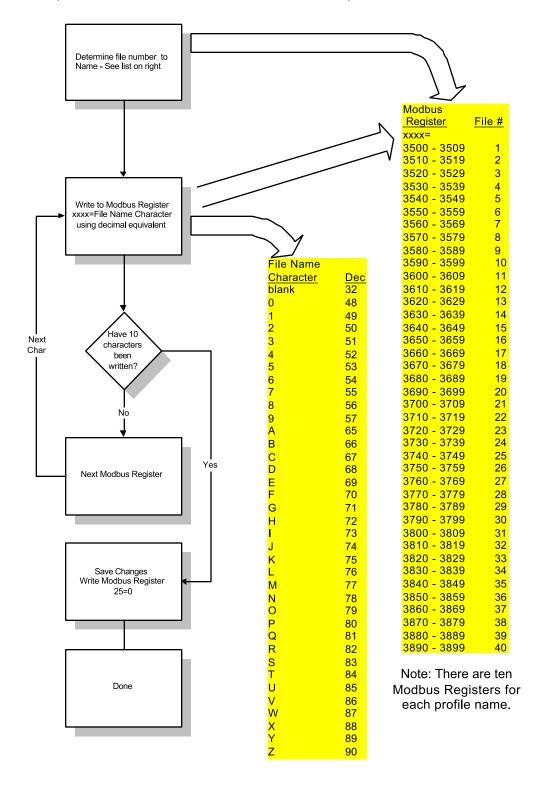


F4 Modbus Applications: Editing, Deleting, Starting a Profile

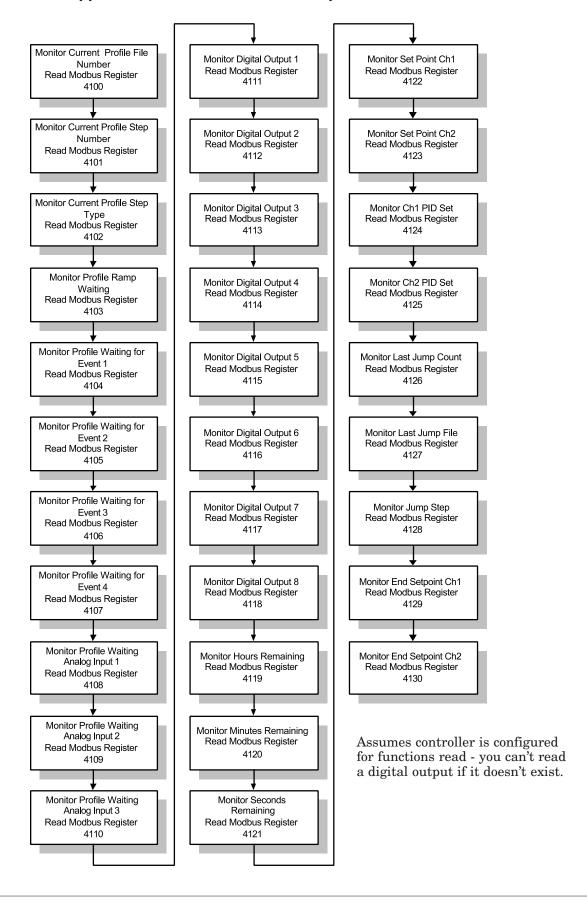


F4 Modbus Applications: Naming a Profile

Profiles without custom-written names are referred to by their numbers (Profile 1, Profile 2, etc.). Follow this procedure to customize the profile name, using ASCII-equivalent decimal codes (in the column labeled "Dec" in the chart below).



F4 Modbus Applications: Monitor Current Step



7.26 ■ Communications Watlow Series F4

Chapter Eight: **Security and Locks**

Overview

The Series F4 allows users to set separate security levels for the Static Set Point prompt on the Main Page, for all menus on the Operations Page, as well as for the Profiles Page, Setup Page and Factory Page. Four levels of security are available:

- Full Access (operators can enter and change settings);
- Read Only (operators can read but not change settings);
- Password (operators can enter and change settings after entering a password); and
- **Hidden** (operators cannot see the menu or page — it is not displayed). Set Point settings cannot be Hidden.

Full Access is the default for all menus. Unless you change the level of access, operators will be able to read and change every setting in every menu in the Series F4 software.

Set Lock Levels

To set levels of security, go to "Set Lockout," on the Factory Page. Press the Right Key This menu lists the menus for which access can be limited:

- Set Point on Main Page
- Operations Page Autotune PID
- Operations Page Edit PID
- Operations Page Alarm Set Point
- Profiles Page
- Setup Page
- Factory Page

After choosing the item to lock out, press and choose the level of access: Full, Read Only, Password or Hidden. If you choose Password, you must set the password — see below.

✓ *NOTE*:

Full Access is the default for all menus. Unless you change the level of access, operators will be able to read and change every setting in every menu in the Series F4 software.

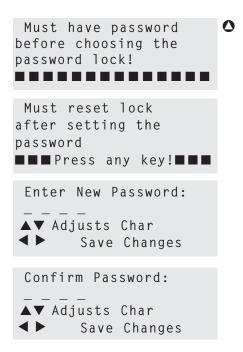
✓ NOTE:

For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.



Enter a Password

If you try to set password security before any password has been established, a pop-up message will give you the opportunity to enter one. Use the **COOO** keys to enter a four-character password, which can consist of letters, numbers or both. After entering and confirming the password, re-enter the chosen menu or page and select Password Security. Record your password and keep it secure.



Use a Password

To enter a password-protected area, users must enter the password. If an incorrect password is entered, a pop-up message will tell you it is invalid and you may try again. When the password is correct, choose again to enter the menu or page of your choice.

Change a Password

The Change Password parameter is near the end of the list under Set Lockout on the Factory Page. To change a password, you must first enter the old password for confirmation.



Save Changes

Save Changes

Invalid, Re-Enter:

▲▼ Adjusts Char

▼ Adjusts Char

Set Lockout Menu Map

Set Point
Oper. Autotune PID
Oper Edit PID
Oper. Alarm SP
Profile
Setup
Factory
Change Password
Clear Locks

Set Lockout Menu Para	meter Table		Modbus		
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear	
Set Lock	kout				
Main > Factory > Set Lock					
Set Point Set the set point access level.	Full Access (0) Read Only (1)	Full Access	1300 r/w	Active: Always.	
Operations, Autotune PID Limit access to this menu.	Full Access (0) Read Only (1) Password (2) Hidden (3)	Full Access	1306 r/w	Active: Always.	
Operations, Edit PID Limit access to this menu.	Full Access (0) Read Only (1) Password (2) Hidden (3)	Full Access	1307 r/w	Active: Always.	
Operations, Alarm Set Point Limit access to this menu.	Full Access (0) Read Only (1) Password (2) Hidden (3)	Full Access	1308 r/w	Active: Always.	
Profile Page Limit access to this page.	Full Access (0) Read Only (1) Password (2) Hidden (3)	Full Access	1309 r/w	Active: Always.	
Setup Page Limit access to this page.	Full Access (0) Read Only (1) Password (2) Hidden (3)	Full Access	1302 r/w	Active: Always.	
Factory Page Limit access to this page.	Full Access (0) Read Only (1) Password (2)	Full Access	1303 r/w	Active: Always.	
Reset or change password. Choose Yes to change the password.	Yes (0) No (1)		1314 r/w	Active: Always.	
Clear Locks Unlock set point and all pages and menus.	Yes (0)		1315 w		

NOTE: For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

Notes

9

Chapter Nine: Calibration

Thermocouple Input Procedure9.2
RTD Input Procedure9.2
Voltage Process Input Procedure9.3
Current Process Input Procedure9.3
Process Output Procedure9.4
Retransmit Output Procedure9.5
Calibration Menu Map9.6
Factory Page Parameter Table9.7

Overview

The Calibration Menu on the Factory Page allows calibration of inputs and outputs. Calibration procedures should be done only by qualified technical personnel with access to the equipment listed in each section.

Before beginning calibration procedures, warm up the controller for at least 20 minutes.

Restore Factory Values

Each controller is calibrated before leaving the factory. If at any time you want to restore the factory calibration values, use the last parameters in the menu: Restore In x (1 to 3) Cal. Press **②**. No special equipment is necessary.

✓ NOTE:

To see how all the pages, menus and parameters are grouped, refer to the inside back cover of this manual.

✓ NOTE:

For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

Watlow Series F4 Calibration ■ 9.1

Calibrating the Series F4

Thermocouple Input Procedure

Equipment

- Type J reference compensator with reference junction at 32°F/0°C, or type J thermocouple calibrator to 32°F/0°C.
- Precision millivolt source, 0 to 50mV minimum range, 0.002mV resolution.

Input x (1 to 3) Setup and Calibration

- 1. Connect the correct power supply to terminals 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).
- 2. Connect the millivolt source to Input 1 terminals 62 (-) and 61 (+), Input 2 terminals 58 (-) and 57 (+), or Input 3 terminals 56 (-) and 55 (+), with copper wire.
- 3. Enter 50.000mV from the millivolt source. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press the Right Key ◆ once at the Calibrate Input x (1 to 3) prompt (Factory Page). At the 50.00mV prompt press ◆ once and to store 50.00mV press the Up Key ◆ once.
- 4. Enter 0.000mV from the millivolt source. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. At the 0.00mV prompt press ◆ once and to store 0.00mV press ◆ once.
- 5. Disconnect the millivolt source and connect the reference compensator or thermocouple calibrator to Input 1 terminals 62 (-) and 61 (+) or Input 2 or 3 terminals 58 (-) and 57 (+). With type J thermocouple wire, if using a compensator, turn it on and short the input wires. When using a type J calibrator, set it to simulate 32°F/0°C. Allow 10 seconds for the controller to stabilize. Press ◆ once at the Calibrate Input x (1 or 2) prompt (Factory Page). At the 32°F Type J prompt press ◆ once and to store type J thermocouple calibration press ◆ once.
- 6. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

✓ *NOTE*:

You need the equipment listed and technical skills. Controllers come calibrated from the factory. Recalibrate only for other agency requirements or if temperatures aren't accurate as verified by another calibrated instrument.

RTD Input Procedure

Equipment

• $1k\Omega$ decade box with 0.01Ω resolution.

Input x (1 to 3) Setup and Calibration

- 1. Connect the correct power supply to terminals 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).
- 2. Short Input 1 terminals 60, 61 and 62; Input 2 terminals 54, 57 and 58; or Input 3 terminals 52, 55 and 56 together with less than 0.1Ω. Press the Right Key → once at the Calibrate Input x (1 to 3) prompt. At the Ground prompt press → once and to store ground input press the Up Key → once.
- 3. Short Input 1 terminals 60 and 61; Input 2 terminals 54 and 57; or Input 3 terminals 52 and 55 together with less than 0.5Ω. Press ◆ once at the Calibrate Input x (1 to 3) prompt. At the Lead prompt press ◆ once and to store lead resistance press ◆ once.
- Connect the decade box to Input 1 terminals 60 (S2), 61 (S1) and 62 (S3); Input 2 terminals 54 (S2), 57 (S1) and 58 (S3); or Input 3 terminals 52 (S2), 55 (S1) and 56 (S3), with 20- to 24-gauge wire.
- 5. Enter 15.00Ω from the decade box. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press \bigcirc once at the Calibrate Input x (1 to 3) prompt (Factory Page). At the 15.00Ω prompt press \bigcirc once and to store the 15.00Ω input press \bigcirc once.
- 6. Enter 380.00Ω from the decade box. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press \bullet once at the Calibrate Input x (1 to 3) prompt. At the 380.0Ω prompt press \bullet once and to store the 380.0Ω input press \bullet once.
- 7. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

9.2 ■ Calibration Watlow Series F4

Voltage Process Input Procedure

Equipment

• Precision voltage source, 0 to 10V minimum range, with 0.001V resolution.

Input x (1 to 3) Setup and Calibration

 Connect the correct power supply to terminals
 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).

Input 1

- 2. Connect the voltage source to terminals 59 (+) and 62 (-) of the controller.
- 3. Enter 0.000V from the voltage source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press the Right Key ◆ once at the Calibrate Input 1 prompt. At the 0.000V prompt press ◆ once and to store the 0.000V input press the Up Key ◆ once.
- 4. Enter 10.000V from the voltage source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press ◆ once at the Calibrate Input 1 prompt. At the 10.000V prompt press ◆ once and to store the 10.000V input press ◆ once.

Input 2

- 5. Connect the voltage source to terminals 53 (+) and 58 (-) of the controller.
- 6. Enter 0.000V from the voltage source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press ◆ once at the Calibrate Input 2 prompt. At the 0.000V prompt press ◆ once and to store the 0.000V input press ◆ once.
- 7. Enter 10.000V from the voltage source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press once at the Calibrate Input 2 prompt (Factory Page). At the 10.000V prompt press once and to store the 10.000V input press once.

Input 3

- 8. Connect the voltage source to terminals 51 (+) and 56 (-) of the controller.
- 9. Enter 0.000V from the voltage source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press ◆ once at the Calibrate Input 3 prompt. At the 0.000V prompt press ◆ once and to store the 0.000V input press ◆ once.
- 10. Enter 10.000V from the voltage source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize.

- Press once at the Calibrate Input 3 prompt (Factory Page). At the 10.000V prompt press once and to store the 10.000V input press once.
- 11. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

Current Process Input Procedure

Equipment

 Precision current source, 0 to 20mA range, with 0.01mA resolution.

Input x (1 to 3) Setup and Calibration

1. Connect the correct power supply to terminals 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).

Input 1

- 2. Connect the current source to terminals 60 (+) and 62 (-).
- 3. Enter 4.000mA from the current source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press the Right Key ◆ once at the Calibrate Input 1 prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press ◆ once and to store 4.000mA press the Up Key ◆ once.
- 4. Enter 20.000mA from the current source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press ◆ once at the Calibrate Input 1 prompt. At the 20.000mA prompt press ◆ once and to store 20.000mA press ◆ once.

Input 2

- 5. Connect the current source to terminals 54 (+) and 58 (-).
- 6. Enter 4.00mA from the current source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press ♥ once at the Calibrate Input 2 prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press ♥ once and to store 4.000mA press ♥ once.
- 7. Enter 20.00mA from the current source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press ◆ once at the Calibrate Input 2 prompt. At the 20.000mA prompt press ◆ once and to store 20.000mA press ◆ once.

Input 3

- 8. Connect the voltage source to terminals 52 (+) and 56 (-) of the controller.
- 9. Enter 4.000mA from the current source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize.

Watlow Series F4 Calibration ■ 9.3

- Press once at the Calibrate Input 3 prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press once and to store the 4.000mA input press once.
- 10. Enter 20.000mA from the current source to the controller. Allow at least 10 seconds to stabilize. Press ◆ once at the Calibrate Input 3 prompt (Factory Page). At the 20.000mA prompt press ◆ once and to store the 20.000mA input press ◆ once
- 11. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

Process Output Procedure

Equipment

• Precision volt/ammeter with 3.5-digit resolution.

Output 1A Setup and Calibration

1. Connect the correct power supply to terminals 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).

Milliamperes

- 2. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 42 (+) and 43 (-).
- 3. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Output 1A prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 4.000mA. Press ♠ to store the value.
- 4. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Output 1A prompt. At the 20.000mA prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 20.000mA. Press ♠ to store the value.

Volts

- 5. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 44 (+) and 43 (-).
- 6. Press the Right Key → at the Calibrate Output 1A prompt. At the 1.000V prompt press → once. Use the Up Key → or the Down Key → to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 1.000V. Press → to store the value.
- 7. Press the Right Key 🔾 at the Calibrate Output

- 1A prompt. At the 10.000V prompt press **⊘** once. Use the Up Key **⊘** or the Down Key **⊘** to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 10.000V. Press **⊘** to store the value.
- 8. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

Output 1B Setup and Calibration

1. Connect the correct power supply to terminals 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).

Milliamperes

- 2. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 39 (+) and 40 (-).
- 3. Press the Right Key at the Calibrate Output 1B prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press once. Use the Up Key or the Down Key to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 4.000mA. Press to store the value.
- 4. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Output 1B prompt. At the 20.000mA prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 20.000mA. Press ♠ to store the value.

Volts

- 5. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 41 (+) and 40 (-).
- 6. Press the Right Key → at the Calibrate Output 1B prompt. At the 1.000V prompt press → once. Use the Up Key → or the Down Key → to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 1.000V. Press → to store the value.
- 7. Press the Right Key ② at the Calibrate Output 1B prompt. At the 10.000V prompt press ③ once. Use the Up Key ③ or the Down Key ③ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 10.000V. Press ② to store the value.
- 8. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

Output 2A Setup and Calibration

1. Connect the correct power supply to terminals

9.4 ■ Calibration Watlow Series F4

1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).

Milliamperes

- 2. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 36 (+) and 37 (-).
- 3. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Output 2A prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 4.000mA. Press ♠ to store the value.
- 4. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Output 2A prompt. At the 20.000mA prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 20.000mA. Press ♠ to store the value.

Volts

- 5. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 38 (+) and 37 (-).
- 6. Press the Right Key ◆ at the Calibrate Output 2A prompt. At the 1.000V prompt press ◆ once. Use the Up Key ◆ or the Down Key ◆ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 1.000V. Press ◆ to store the value.
- 7. Press the Right Key ② at the Calibrate Output 2A prompt. At the 10.000V prompt press ③ once. Use the Up Key ③ or the Down Key ③ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 10.000V. Press ⑤ to store the value.
- 8. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

Output 2B Setup and Calibration

 Connect the correct power supply to terminals
 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).

Milliamperes

- 2. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 33 (+) and 34 (-).
- 3. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Output 2B prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize

- within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 4.000mA. Press to store the value.
- 4. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Output 2B prompt. At the 20.000mA prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 20.000mA. Press ♠ to store the value.

Volts

- 5. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 35 (+) and 34 (-).
- 6. Press the Right Key → at the Calibrate Output 2B prompt. At the 1.000V prompt press → once. Use the Up Key → or the Down Key → to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 1.000V. Press → to store the value.
- 7. Press the Right Key ② at the Calibrate Output 2B prompt. At the 10.000V prompt press ③ once. Use the Up Key ③ or the Down Key ③ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 10.000V. Press ⑤ to store the value.
- 8. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

Retransmit Output Procedure

Equipment

Precision volt/ammeter with 3.5-digit resolution

Retransmit 1 Setup and Calibration

1. Connect the correct power supply to terminals 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).

Milliamperes

- 2. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 50 (+) and 49 (-).
- 3. Press the Right Key ◆ at the Calibrate Rexmit 1 prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press ◆ once. Use the Up Key ◆ or the Down Key ◆ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 4.000mA. Press ◆ to store the value.
- 4. Press the Right Key at the Calibrate Rexmit

Watlow Series F4 Calibration ■ 9.5

1 prompt. At the 20.000mA prompt press once. Use the Up Key or the Down Key of to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 20.000mA. Press of to store the value.

Volts

- 5. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 48 (+) and 49 (-).
- 6. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Rexmit 1 prompt. At the 1.000V prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 1.000V. Press ♠ to store the value.
- 7. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Rexmit 1 prompt. At the 10.000V prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 10.000V. Press ♠ to store the value.
- 8. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

Retransmit 2 Setup and Calibration

1. Connect the correct power supply to terminals 1, 2 and 3 (see the Wiring Chapter and the Appendix).

Milliamperes

2. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 47 (+) and 46 (-).

- 3. Press the Right Key ◆ at the Calibrate Rexmit 2 prompt. At the 4.000mA prompt press ◆ once. Use the Up Key ◆ or the Down Key ◆ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 4.000mA. Press ◆ to store the value.
- 4. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Rexmit 2 prompt. At the 20.000mA prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 20.000mA. Press ♠ to store the value.

Volts

- 5. Connect the volt/ammeter to terminals 45 (+) and 46 (-).
- 6. Press the Right Key at the Calibrate Rexmit 2 prompt. At the 1.000V prompt press once. Use the Up Key or the Down Key to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 1.000V. Press to store the value.
- 7. Press the Right Key ♠ at the Calibrate Rexmit 2 prompt. At the 10.000V prompt press ♠ once. Use the Up Key ♠ or the Down Key ♠ to adjust the display to the reading on the volt/ammeter. The controller should stabilize within one second. Repeat until the volt/ammeter reads 10.000V. Press ♠ to store the value.
- 8. Rewire for operation and verify calibration.

Calibration Menu Map

Calibrate Input 1
Calibrate Input 2
Calibrate Input 3
Calibrate Output 1A
Calibrate Output 1B
Calibrate Output 2A
Calibrate Output 2B
Calibrate Rexmit 1
Calibrate Rexmit 1
Calibrate Rexmit 2
Restore In1 Cal
Restore In2 Cal
Restore In3 Cal

9.6 ■ Calibration Watlow Series F4

Factory Page Parameter Table Modbus							
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear			
	Calibrate In	put x (1 to	3)				
Main Page > Factory > Calib	oration > Calibrate Inpu	t x (1 to 3)					
0.00mV Thermocouple Store 0.000mV calibration for input thermocouple.	Yes (1)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
50.00mV Thermocouple Store 50.000mV calibration for input thermocouple.	Yes (2)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
32°F Type J Store 32°F type J calibration.	Yes (3)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
Ground Store calibration for ground at gains of 1 and 32.	Yes (4)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
Lead Store calibration for lead resistance.	Yes (5)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
15.0 Ohms	Yes (6)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
380.0 Ohms Store 380.00Ω calibration for input RTD.	Yes (7)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
0.000V Store 0.000V calibration for input process.	Yes (8)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
10.000V Store 10.000V calibration for input process.	Yes (9)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
4.000mA Store 4mA calibration for input process.	Yes (10)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			
20.000mA Store 20mA calibration for input process.	Yes (11)		Input 1603 [1] 1608 [2] 1613 [3] w	Active: Always.			

✓ *NOTE:*

For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see Features Chapter.

Watlow Series F4 Calibration ■ 9.7

Factory Page Parameter Table

ADIC Modbus
Register
Range read/write

Range read/write Conditions for Parameter Description (Modbus Value) Default [I/O, Set, Ch] Parameters to Appear

Calibrate Output x (1A, 1B, 2A, 2B) and Retransmit x (1 and 2)

	Calibrate Output x	(1A, 1B, 2A	A, 2B) and	Retransmit x (1 and 2)			
Main > Factory > Calibration	/ Calibrate Output x (1A, 1B, 2A, 2	B) and Retra	ansmit x (1 and 2)			
4.000mA Store 4mA calibration for input process.	0.000mA to 6.000mA (0 to 6000)	4.000mA (4000)	Output 1604 [1A] 1609 [1B] 1614 [2A] 1619 [2B] Rexmit 1624 [1] 1629 [2] W	Active: Always.			
20.000mA Store 20mA calibration for input process.	0.000 to 24.000mA (0 to 24000)	20.000mA (20000)	Output 1605 [1A] 1610 [1B] 1615 [2A] 1620 [2B] Rexmit 1625 [1] 1630 [2] w	Active: Always.			
1.000V Store 1.000V calibration for input process.	0.000 to 3.000V (0 to 3000)	1.000V (1000)	Output 1606 [1A] 1611 [1B] 1616 [2A] 1621 [2B] Rexmit 1626 [1] 1631 [2] w				
10.000V Store 10.000V calibration for input process.		10.000V (10000)	Output 1607 [1A] 1612 [1B] 1617 [2A] 1622 [2B] Rexmit 1627 [1] 1632 [2] w	Active: Always.			
Restore Input x (1 to 3) Calibration Main > Factory > Calibration / Restore Input x (1 to 3) Calibration							
Restore Input x (1 to 3)	Modbus:	o o o cambralic	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Calibration	Input 1 (0)		1601 w				
Restores original factory calibration values.	Input 2 (1) Input 3 (2)						

✓ NOTE:

Press the Information Key **6** for more task-related tips.

9.8 ■ Calibration Watlow Series F4

10

Chapter Ten: Diagnostics

Overview

Diagnostic Menu parameters (on the Factory Page) provide information about the controller unit that is useful in troubleshooting. For example, the Model parameter will identify the 12-digit Series F4 part number. The Out1A parameter will identify what type of output has been selected for Output 1A.

Diagnostic Menu Map

Mode1 Mfg Date Serial # Software # Revision In1 In2 In3 Out.1A Out1B Out2A Out2B Retrans1 Retrans2 In1 AtoD In2 AtoD In3 AtoD CJC1 AtoD CJC2 AtoD

✓ *NOTE*:

CJC1 Temp CJC2 Temp Line Freq

To see how all the pages, menus and parameters are grouped, refer to the inside back cover of this manual.

Select the parameter by pressing the Right Key • The information will appear on the Lower Display.

Some of the parameters in the Diagnostic Menu provide information for factory use only.

To reset all parameters to their original factory values, use the Full Defaults parameter under the Test Menu.

Test Menu Map

Test Outputs
Display Test
Full Defaults

✓ NOTE:

For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

Paramet	ter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	Register read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear
	Diagnos	tic			
Main >	Factory > Diagnosti	c			
Model	Identifies the 12- digit Series F4 part	F4xx-xxxx-xxxx	F4xx-xxxx- xxxx	0 r	Active: Always.
Mfg Dat	number. te Identifies the manu- facture date.	xxxx	0198	5 r	Active: Always.
Serial N	lumber Identifies the individual controller.	0 to 999999	0	1 r 2 r	Active: Always.
Softwar	re Number Identifies the software revision.	00 to 99 (0 to 99)	1	3 r	Active: Always.
Revisio	n Identifies the hard- ware revision.	0.00 to 9.99 (0 to 990)	2.01 (201)	4 r	Active: Always.
ln1	Displays the input 1 type.	Univ. Single (7)		8 r	Active: Always.
ln2	Displays the input 2 type.	Univ. Dual (8) None (0)		9 r	Active: Always.
ln3	Displays the input 3 type.	Univ. Dual (8) None (0)		10 r	Active: Always.
Out1A	Displays the output 1A type.	DC (3) SSR (2) Process (4)		16 r	Active: Always.
Out1B	Displays the output 1B type.	DC (3) SSR (2) Process (4) None (0)		17 r	Active: Always.
Out2A	Displays the output 2A type.	DC (3) SSR (2) Process (4) None (0)		18 r	Active: Always.
Out2B	Displays the output 2B type.	DC (3) SSR (2) Process (4) None (0)		19 r	Active: Always.

 \checkmark NOTE: Press the Information Key \odot for more task-related tips.

10.2 ■ Diagnostics Watlow Series F4

Diagnostic Menu Parameter Table (Factory Page) Modbus Register							
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear			
Retrans1 Displays the retransmit 1 option.	Process (4) None (0)		20 r	Active: Always.			
Retrans2 Displays the retransmit 2 option.	Process (4) None (0)		21 r	Active: Always.			
In1 AtoD Factory use only.	НННН		1504 r	Active: Always.			
In2 AtoD Factory use only.	НННН		1505 r	Active: Always.			
In3 AtoD Factory use only.	НННН		1506 r	Active: Always.			
CJC1 AtoD Factory use only.	НННН		1501 r	Active: Always.			
CJC2 AtoD Factory use only.	НННН		1532 r	Active: Always.			
CJC1 Temp Cold junction compensation for analog input 1. Reads the ambient temperature of the controller.	xx.x (xxx)		1500 r	Active: Always.			
CJC2 Temp Cold junction compensation for analog input 2. Reads the ambient temperature of the controller.	xx.x (xxx)		1531 r	Active: Always.			
Display the ac line frequency in hertz.	xx (xx)		1515 r	Active: Always.			

✓ NOTE: For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

Watlow Series F4 Diagnostics ■ 10.3

Diagnostic Menu Parameter Table (Factory Page) Modbus Register								
Parameter Description	Range (Modbus Value)	Default	read/write [I/O, Set, Ch]	Conditions for Parameters to Appear				
Te	st							
Main > Factory > Test								
Test Outputs Choose output to test.	All Off (0) Output 1A (1) Output 1B (2) Output 2A (3) Output 2B (4) Retransmit 1 (5) Retransmit 2 (6) Alarm 1 (7) Alarm 2 (8) Digital Out 1 (9) Digital Out 2 (10) Digital Out 3 (11) Digital Out 4 (12) Digital Out 5 (13) Digital Out 6 (14) Digital Out 7 (15) Digital Out 8 (16) All On (17) Communications (18)		1514 w	NOTE: Must be in the Calibration or Test Menu at the display for this prompt to work via communications.				
Display Test Checks LED display segments by turning them on and off.	Yes - 1		1513 w	Active: Always.				
Causes all parameters and profile values to revert to their factory default settings.	Default all values? Yes = 800		1602 w	Active: Always.				

 \checkmark NOTE: For more information about how parameter settings affect the controller's operation, see the Features Chapter.

10.4 ■ Diagnostics Watlow Series F4

11

Chapter Eleven: Installation

Dimensions

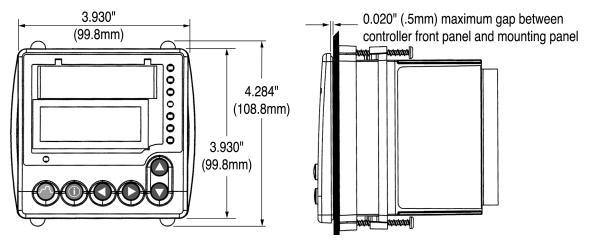


Figure 11.1a — Front View Dimensions and Gasket Gap Dimension.

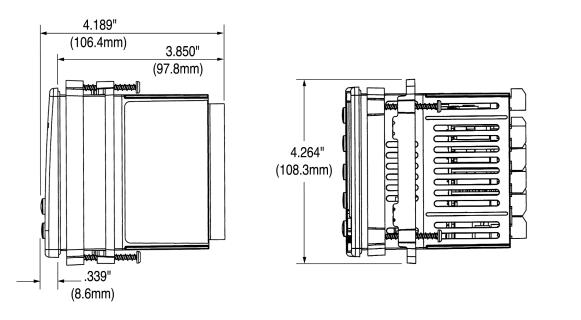


Figure 11.1b — Side and Top View and Dimensions.

Watlow Series F4 Installation ■ 11.1

Panel Dimensions

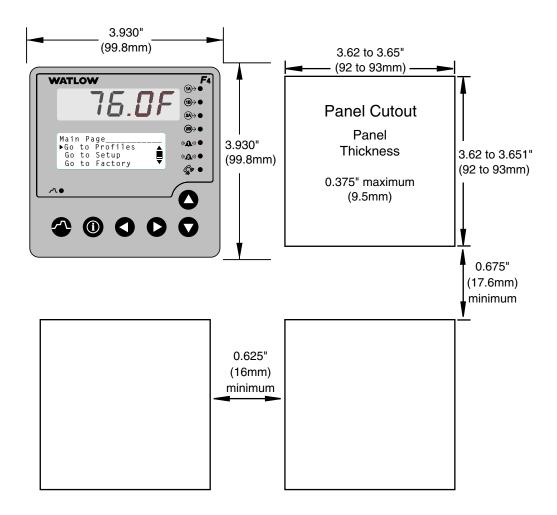


Figure 11.2a — Multiple Panel Cutout Dimensions.

Installing the Series F4 Controller

Installing and mounting requires access to the back of the panel.

Tools required: one #2 Phillips screwdriver.

- 1. Make the panel cutout using the mounting template dimensions in this chapter.
- Insert the controller into the panel cutout.
 Check that the rubber gasket lies in its slot at the back of the bezel. Slide the retention collar over the case, with open holes facing the back of the case.
- 3. Align the mounting bracket with the screws tips pointed toward the panel. Squeezing the bowed sides of the bracket, push it gently but firmly over the case until the hooks snap into the slots at the front of the case.

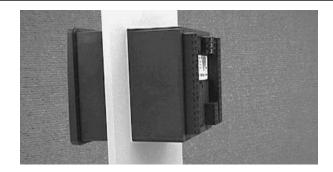


Figure 11.2b — Gasket Seated on the Bezel.

11.2 ■ Installation Watlow Series F4

4. If the installation does not require a NEMA 4X seal, tighten the four screws with the Phillips screwdriver just enough to eliminate the spacing between the rubber gasket and the mounting panel.

For a NEMA 4X seal, tighten the four screws until the gap between the bezel and panel surface is .020" maximum. (See figure 11.1b). Make sure that you cannot move the controller back and forth in the cutout. If you can, you do not have a proper seal. **Do not over tighten.** Over tightening could damage the the mounting bracket.

Removing the Series F4 Controller

The controller can be removed most easily by disengaging the mounting bracket hooks and pushing the controller forward through the panel. Be ready to support it as it slides forward through the panel.

Tools required: one #2 Phillips screwdriver, one flathead screwdriver and some means of supporting the controller as it slides out the front of the panel.

- 1. Remove all the wiring connectors from the back of the controller. Using the Phillips screwdriver, unscrew the four screws on the mounting bracket (two on top, two on bottom) until the tips are completely retracted into the shafts.
- 2. Slide the tip of a flat screwdriver between the case and the center top side of the mounting bracket. Rotate the screwdriver 90 degrees, stretching the bracket away from the case so the hooks on the bracket disengage from the slots on the case. Hold the bracket and press the controller forward slightly to prevent the disengaged hooks from snapping back into the slots
- 3. Repeat this operation to disengage the hooks on the bottom side of the mounting bracket.
- 4. Press with one or two fingers on the lower half of the back of the unit so that the controller slides forward through the panel. Hold the bracket steady; do not pull back. Be ready to support the controller as it comes through the front panel. Remove the mounting brackets and retention collar from the back side of the panel.

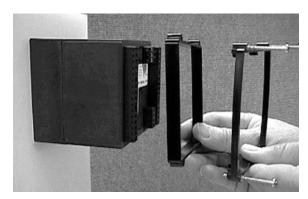


Figure 11.3a — Retention Collar and Mounting Bracket.

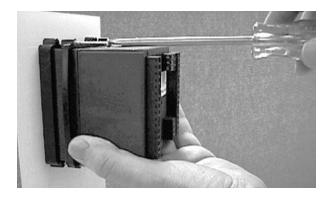


Figure 11.3b — Tightening the Screws.



Figure 11.3c — Disengaging the Mounting Bracket.

Watlow Series F4 Installation ■ 11.3

Notes

11.4 ■ Installation Watlow Series F4

12

Chapter Twelve: Wiring

Input-to-Output Isolation12.1
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Retransmit and Alarm Output12.8
Digital Outputs x (1 to 8)
Communications Wiring
Wiring Example
Wiring Notes

Wiring the Series F4

Wiring options depend on the model number, which is printed on the label on the back of the controller. The model number codes are explained in the Appendix.

The labels on the sides and back of the controller contain some basic wiring information.

Input-to-Output Isolation

The Series F4 uses optical and transformer isolation to provide a barrier to prevent ground loops when using grounded sensors and/or peripheral equipment.

Here is a breakdown of the isolation barriers:

- Analog input 1 and all the digital inputs and outputs are grouped together.
- Analog inputs 2 and 3 are grouped together.
- All the control outputs and retransmit outputs are grouped together.
- Both alarm outputs are grouped together.
- Communications is isolated from the other inputs and outputs.

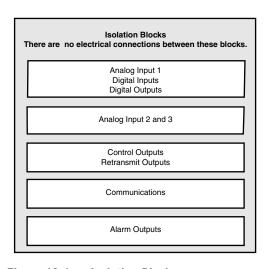


Figure 12.1 — Isolation Blocks.

Watlow Series F4 Wiring ■ 12.1



CAUTION:

If high voltage is applied to a low-voltage unit, irreversible damage will occur.



WARNING:

Provide a labeled switch or circuit breaker connected to the Series F4 power wiring as the means of disconnection for servicing. Failure to do so could result in damage to equipment and/or property, and/or injury or death to personnel.



WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.



CAUTION:

Maintain isolation
between inputs 2 and 3 to
prevent a ground loop. A
ground loop may cause
incorrect readings.
Failure to follow this
guideline could result in
damage to equipment
and product.

Power Wiring

Use only number 14, AWG copper conductor rated for at least 60.
100 to $240V \approx (ac/dc)$, nominal (85 to 264 actual) F4 _ H - _ _ _ - _ _ _ _ 24 to $28V \approx (ac/dc)$, nominal (21 to 30 actual) F4 _ L - _ _ _ - _ _ _ _ The Series F4 has a non-operator-replaceable fuse Type T (time-lag) rated at 2.0 or 5.0A @ 250V.

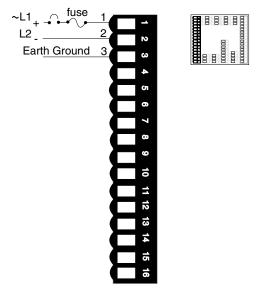


Figure 12.2 — Power wiring.

Sensor Installation Guidelines

Thermocouple inputs: Extension wire for thermocouples must be of the same alloy as the thermocouple to limit errors.

If a grounded thermocouple is required for input 2, the signal to input 3 must be isolated to prevent possible ground loops.

RTD input: Each 1Ω of lead wire resistance can cause a $+2^{\circ}F$ error when using a two-wire RTD. A three-wire RTD sensor overcomes this problem. All three wires must have the same electrical resistance (i.e., same gauge, same length, multi-stranded or solid, same metal).

Process input: Isolation must be maintained between input 2 and input 3. If both input 2 and input 3 are process signals, a separate power supply and transmitter must be used for each input. These inputs must be electrically isolated from one another to prevent ground loops.

12.2 ■ Wiring Watlow Series F4

Input 1



WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.



CAUTION:

Maintain isolation between inputs 2 and 3 to prevent a ground loop. A ground loop may cause incorrect readings, dashes across the Upper Display or the display of error codes. Failure to follow this guideline could result in damage to equipment and product.

Figure 12.3a — Thermocouple

Available on all units Impedance: $20M\Omega$

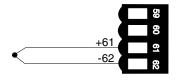
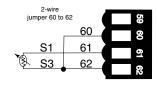




Figure 12.3b — RTD (2- or 3-Wire) 100Ω Platinum

Available on all units



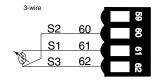




Figure 12.3c — **0-5V**-, **1-5V**- or **0-10V**- (dc) **Process**

Available on all units. Input impedance: $20k\Omega$

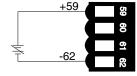




Figure 12.3d — **0-20mA or 4-20mA Process**

Available on all units. Input impedance: 100Ω

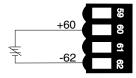
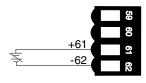




Figure 12.3e — **0 to 50mV**

Available on all units Impedance: $20M\Omega$





Inputs x (2 and 3)



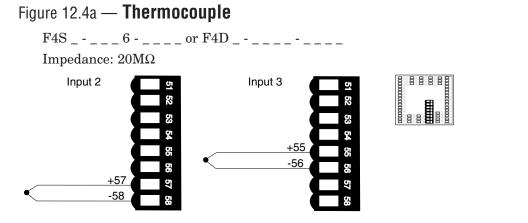
WARNING:

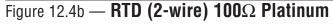
To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.



CAUTION:

Maintain isolation between inputs 2 and 3 to prevent a ground loop. A ground loop may cause incorrect readings, dashes across the Upper Display or the display of error codes. Failure to follow this guideline could result in damage to equipment and product.





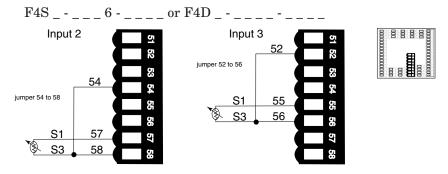
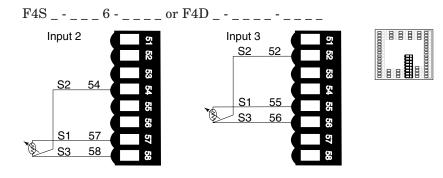


Figure 12.4c — RTD (3-wire) 100 Ω Platinum



12.4 ■ Wiring Watlow Series F4

Inputs x (2 and 3) (continued)



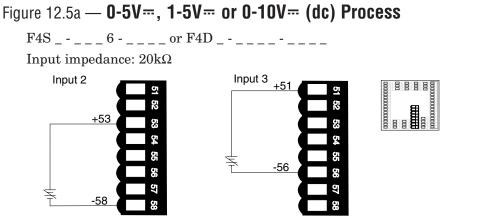
WARNING:

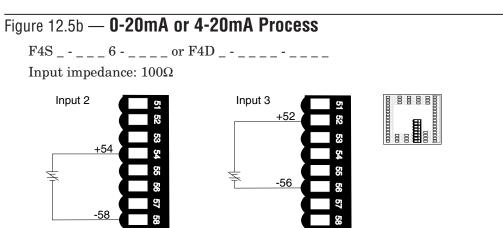
To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.

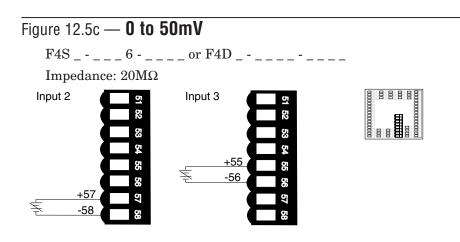


CAUTION:

Maintain isolation between inputs 2 and 3 to prevent a ground loop. A ground loop may cause incorrect readings, dashes across the Upper Display or the display of error codes. Failure to follow this guideline could result in damage to equipment and product.







Digital Inputs x (1 to 4)



WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.



CAUTION:

Maintain isolation between inputs 2 and 3 to prevent a ground loop. A ground loop may cause incorrect readings, dashes across the Upper Display or the display of error codes. Failure to follow this guideline could result in damage to equipment and product.

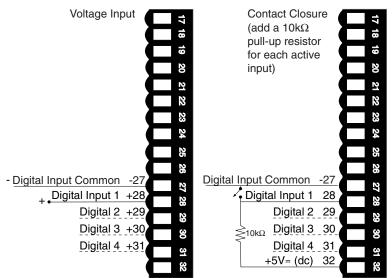
Figure 12.6 — Digital Inputs x (1 to 4)

Voltage input

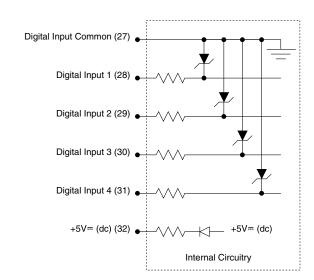
0-2V= (dc) Event Input Low State 3-36V= (dc) Event Input High State

Contact closure

 $0-2k\Omega$ Event Input Low State > $23k\Omega$ Event Input High State







12.6 ■ Wiring Watlow Series F4

Outputs x (1A, 1B, 2A and 2B)

NOTE:

Switching inductive loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay, switched dc or solid-state relay output options requires use of an R.C. suppressor.

Watlow carries the R.C. suppressor Quencharc brand name, which is a trademark of ITW Paktron. Watlow Part No. 0804-0147-0000.



WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.

Figure 12.7a — **Solid-state Relay**

24V~ (ac) minimum, 253V~ (ac) maximum 0.5 amps, off-state impedance $31M\Omega$

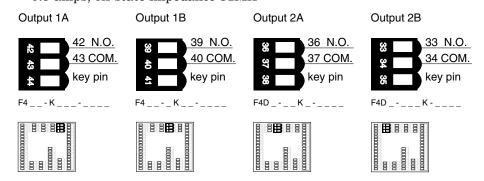


Figure 12.7b — Switched DC, Open Collector

• Switched dc configuration

COM not used

DC + = 22 to 28V = (dc)

Maximum supply current is 30mA

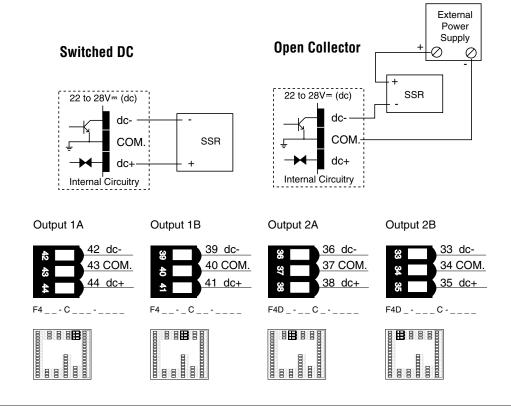
• Open collector output

DC+ not used

DC- = 42V = (dc) maximum

Off: 10mA maximum leakage

On: 0.2V @ 0.5 amps sink



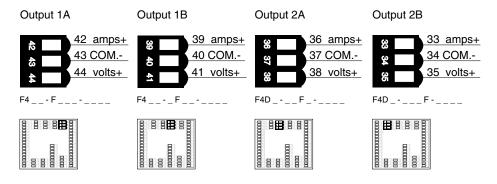
Watlow Series F4 Wiring ■ 12.7

Figure 12.8a — 0-20mA, 4-20mA, 0-5V=, 1-5V= and 0-10V= (dc)

Process

Switching inductive loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay, switched dc or solid-state relay output options requires use of an R.C. suppressor.

Watlow carries the R.C. suppressor Quencharc brand name, which is a trademark of ITW Paktron. Watlow Part No. 0804-0147-0000.



Retransmit and Alarm Output

NOTE:

WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.

Figure 12.8b — Retransmit Outputs x (1 and 2)

mA = maximum load impedance 800Ω V= (dc) - minimum load impedance = $1K\Omega$

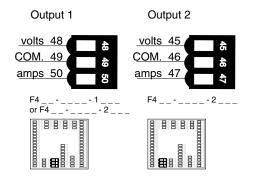
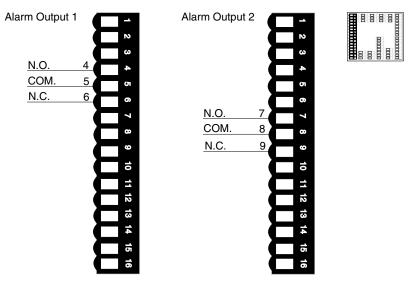


Figure 12.8c — Alarm Outputs x (1 and 2)



Electromechanical relay without contact suppression Form C, 2 amp, off-state impedance = $31m\Omega$

12.8 ■ Wiring Watlow Series F4

Digital Outputs x (1 to 8)



WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.

Figure 12.9a — Digital Outputs x (1 to 8)

Digital output supply: +5V = (dc) ±5%

Maximum source current: 80mA (total for all 8 switch dc)

Open collector:

Off (open): 42V= (dc) maximum @ 10µA

On (closed): 0.2V= (dc) maximum @ 50mA sink

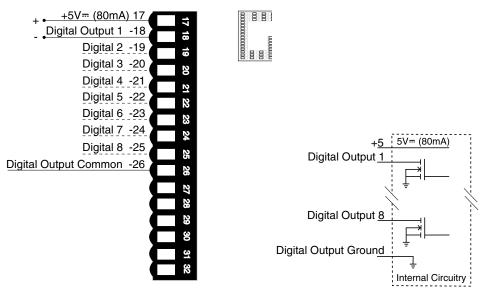


Figure 12.9b — Open Collector Example

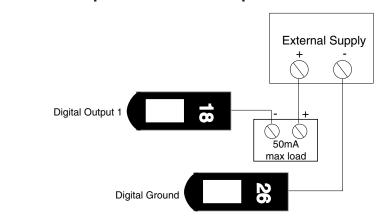


Figure 12.9c — Switched DC Example



Watlow Series F4 Wiring ■ 12.9

Communications Wiring



WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.

Figure 12.10a — EIA/TIA 485 and EIA/TIA 232 Communications

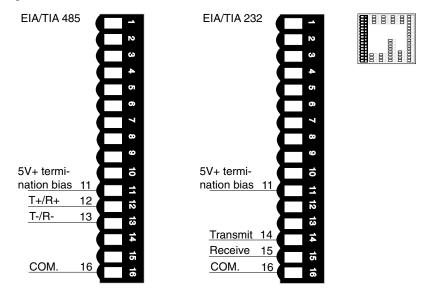
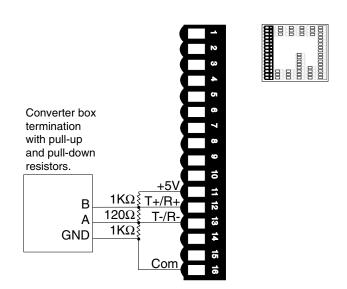


Figure 12.10b — Termination for EIA-232 to EIA-485 Converter



12.10 ■ Wiring Watlow Series F4

Communications Wiring (continued)



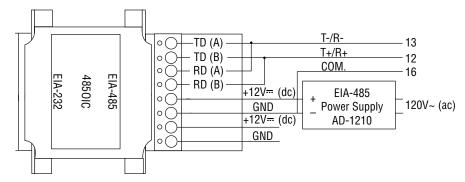
WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.

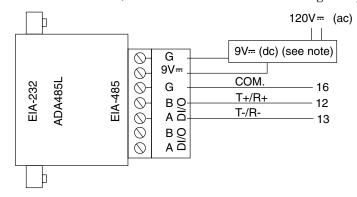
NOTE:

The CMC converter requires an external power supply when used with a laptop computer.

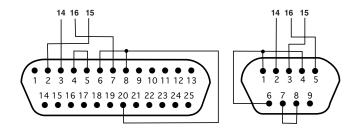
Figure 12.11 — EIA/TIA 232 to EIA/TIA 485 Conversion



B&B Converter (B&B Electronics Manufacturing Company, (815) 433-5100).



CMC Converter (CMC Connecticut Micro-Computer, Inc., 800-426-2872).



Wire Color	F4 232	DB 9 Connector	DB25 Connector
White	TX Pin 14	RX Pin 2	RX Pin 3
Red	RX Pin 15	TX Pin 3	TX Pin 2
Black	GND Pin 16	Gnd Pin 5	GND Pin 7
Green	GND Pin 24	N/U Pin 9	N/U Pin 22
Shield	N/C	Gnd Pin 5	Gnd Pin 7

EIA/TIA-232 Connections

Watlow Series F4 Wiring ■ 12.11

Wiring Example



WARNING:

To avoid damage to property and equipment, and/or injury of loss of life, use National Electric Code (NEC) standard wiring practices to install and operate the Series F4. Failure to do so could result in such damage, and/or injury or death.

NOTE:

The CMC converter requires an external power supply when used with a laptop computer.



WARNING:

Install high- or lowtemperature-limit control protection in systems where an overtemperature fault condition could present a fire hazard or other hazard. Failure to install temperature limit control protection where a potential hazard exists could result in damage to equipment, property and injury to personnel.

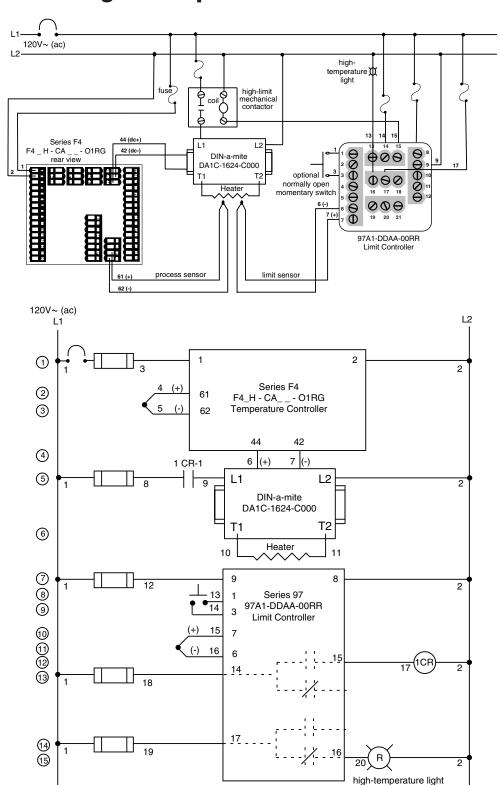


Figure 12.12 — System Wiring Example.

12.12 ■ Wiring Watlow Series F4

A

Appendix

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Declaration of Conformity	A.5
Specifications (Single and Dual Channel)	A.6
Ordering Information (Single and Dual)	A.7
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Watlow Series F4 Appendix ■ A.1

Glossary

ac (∼) — See alternating current.

ac/dc (**≂**) — Both direct and alternating current.

alternating current — An electric current that reverses at regular intervals, and alternates positive and negative values.

American Wire Gauge (AWG) — A standard of the dimensional characteristics of wire used to conduct electrical current or signals. AWG is identical to the Brown and Sharpe (B & S) wire gauge.

auto-tune — A feature that automatically sets temperature control PID values to match a particular thermal system.

AWG — See American Wire Gauge.

baud rate — The rate of information transfer in serial communications, measured in bits per second.

burst fire — A power control method that repeatedly turns on and off full ac cycles. Also called zerocross fire, it switches close to the zero-voltage point of the ac sine wave. Variable-time-base burst fire selectively holds or transits ac cycles to achieve the desired power level. See zero cross.

calibration accuracy — Closeness between the value indicated by a measuring instrument and a physical constant or known standard.

calibration offset — An adjustment to eliminate the difference between the indicated value and the actual process value.

cascade — Control algorithm in which the output of one control loop provides the set point for another loop. The second loop, in turn, determines the control action.

CE — A manufacturer's mark that demonstrates compliance with European Union (EU) laws governing products sold in Europe.

chatter — The rapid on-off cycling of an electromechanical relay or mercury displacement relay due to insufficient controller bandwidth. It is commonly caused by excessive gain, little hysteresis and short cycle time.

CJC — See cold junction compensation.

closed loop — A control system that uses a sensor to measure a process variable and makes decisions based on that feedback.

cold junction — See junction, cold.

cold junction compensation — Electronic means to compensate for the effective temperature at the cold junction.

control mode — The type of action that a controller uses. For example, on/off, time proportioning, PID, automatic or manual, and combinations of these.

cycle time — The time required for a controller to complete one on-off-on cycle. It is usually expressed in seconds.

default parameters — The programmed instructions that are permanently stored in the microprocessor software.

derivative — The rate of change in a process variable. Also known as rate. See PID.

derivative control (D) — The last term in the PID control algorithm. Action that anticipates the rate of change of the process, and compensates to minimize overshoot and undershoot. Derivative control is an instantaneous change of the control output in the same direction as the proportional error. This is caused by a change in the process variable (PV) that decreases over the time of the derivative (TD). The TD is in units of seconds.

Deutsche Industrial Norm (DIN) — A set of technical, scientific and dimensional standards developed in Germany. Many DIN standards have worldwide recognition.

DIN — See Deutsche Industrial Norm.

droop — In proportional controllers, the difference between set point and actual value after the system stabilizes.

duty cycle — The percentage of a cycle time in which the output is on.

EIA — See Electronics Industries of America.

EIA/TIA -232, -422, -423 and -485 — Data communications standards set by the Electronic Industries of America and Telecommunications Industry Association. Formerly referred to as RS- (Recognized Standard).

Electronics Industries of America (EIA) — An association in the US that establishes standards for electronics and data communications.

external transmitter power supply — A dc voltage source that powers external devices.

filter, digital — A filter that slows the response of a system when inputs change unrealistically or too fast. Equivalent to a standard resistor-capacitor (RC) filter.

form A — A single-pole, single-throw relay that uses only the normally open (NO) and common contacts. These contacts close when the relay coil is energized. They open when power is removed from the coil.

A.2 ■ Appendix Watlow Series F4

form B — A single-pole, single-throw relay that uses only the normally closed (NC) and common contacts. These contacts open when the relay coil is energized. They close when power is removed from the coil.

form C — A single-pole, double-throw relay that uses the normally open (NO), normally closed (NC) and common contacts. The operator can choose to wire for a form A or form B contact.

Hertz (**Hz**) — Frequency, measured in cycles per second.

hysteresis — A change in the process variable required to re-energize the control or alarm output. Sometimes called switching differential.

integral — Control action that automatically eliminates offset, or droop, between set point and actual process temperature.

integral control (I) — A form of temperature control. The I of PID. See integral.

isolation — Electrical separation of sensor from high voltage circuitry. Allows use of grounded or ungrounded sensing element.

JIS — See Joint Industrial Standards.

Joint Industrial Standards (JIS) — A Japanese agency that establishes and maintains standards for equipment and components. Also known as JISC (Japanese Industrial Standards Committee), its function is similar to Germany's Deutsche Industrial Norm (DIN).

junction, cold — Connection point between thermocouple metals and the electronic instrument. See junction, reference.

junction, reference — The junction in a thermocouple circuit held at a stable, known temperature (cold junction). Standard reference temperature is $32^{\circ}F$ (0°C).

LCD — See liquid crystal display.

LED — See light emitting diode.

light emitting diode (LED) — A solid state electronic device that glows when electric current passes through it.

liquid crystal display (LCD) — A type of digital display made of a material that changes reflectance or transmittance when an electrical field is applied to it.

limit or limit controller — A highly reliable, discrete safety device (redundant to the primary controller) that monitors and limits the temperature of the process, or a point in the process. When tem-

perature exceeds or falls below the limit set point, the limit controller interrupts power through the load circuit. A limit controller can protect equipment and people when it is correctly installed with its own power supply, power lines, switch and sensor.

manual mode — A selectable mode that has no automatic control aspects. The operator sets output levels

Modbus[™] — A digital communications protocol owned by AEG Schneider Automation for industrial computer networks.

Modbus[™] **RTU** — \underline{R} emote \underline{T} erminal \underline{U} nit, an individual Modbus[™]-capable device on a network.

NEMA 4X — A NEMA (National Electrical Manufacturer's Association) specification for determining resistance to moisture infiltration. This rating certifies the controller as washable and corrosion resistant.

on/off controller — A temperature controller that operates in either full on or full off modes.

open loop — A control system with no sensory feedback.

output — Control signal action in response to the difference between set point and process variable.

overshoot — The amount by which a process variable exceeds the set point before it stabilizes.

page — A fixed length block of data that can be stored as a complete unit in the computer memory.

P control — Proportioning control.

PD control — Proportioning control with derivative (rate) action.

PDR control — Proportional derivative control with manual reset, used in fast responding systems where the reset causes instabilities. With PDR control, an operator can enter a manual reset value that eliminates droop in the system.

PI control — Proportioning control with integral (auto-reset) action.

PID — Proportional, integral, derivative. A control mode with three functions: proportional action dampens the system response, integral corrects for droop, and derivative prevents overshoot and undershoot.

process variable — The parameter that is controlled or measured. Typical examples are temperature, relative humidity, pressure, flow, fluid level, events, etc. The high process variable is the highest value of the process range, expressed in engineer-

Watlow Series F4 Appendix ■ A.3

ing units. The low process variable is the lowest value of the process range.

proportional — Output effort proportional to the error from set point. For example, if the proportional band is 20° and the process is 10° below set point, the heat proportioned effort is 50 percent. The lower the PB value, the higher the gain.

proportional band (PB) — A range in which the proportioning function of the control is active. Expressed in units, degrees or percent of span. See PID.

proportional control — A control using only the P (proportional) value of PID control.

radio frequency interference (RFI) — Electromagnetic waves between the frequencies of 10 KHz and 300 GHz that can affect susceptible systems by conduction through sensor or power input lines, and by radiation through space.

ramp — A programmed increase in the temperature of a set point system.

range — The area between two limits in which a quantity or value is measured. It is usually described in terms of lower and upper limits.

rate — Anticipatory action that is based on the rate of temperature change, and compensates to minimize overshoot and undershoot. See derivative.

rate band — A range in which the rate function of a controller is active. Expressed in multiples of the proportional band. See PID.

reference junction — see junction, reference.

reset — Control action that automatically eliminates offset, or droop, between set point and actual process temperature. Also see integral.

automatic reset — The integral function of a PI or PID temperature controller that adjusts the process temperature to the set point after the system stabilizes. The inverse of integral.

automatic power reset — A feature in latching limit controls that does not recognize power outage as a limit condition. When power is restored, the output is re-energized automatically, as long as the temperature is within limits.

manual reset — 1) A feature on a limit control that requires human intervention to return the limit to normal operation after a limit condition has occurred. 2) The adjustment of a proportional control to raise the proportional band to compensate for droop.

resistance temperature detector (RTD) — A sensor that uses the resistance temperature charac-

teristic to measure temperature. There are two basic types of RTDs: the wire RTD, which is usually made of platinum, and the thermistor, which is made of a semiconductor material. The wire RTD is a positive temperature coefficient sensor only, while the thermistor can have either a negative or positive temperature coefficient.

RFI — See radio frequency interference.

RTD — See resistance temperature detector.

serial communications — A method of transmitting information between devices by sending all bits serially over a single communication channel.

set point — The desired value programmed into a controller. For example, the temperature at which a system is to be maintained.

SI (**Systeme Internationale**) — The system of standard metric units.

switching differential — See hysteresis.

thermal system — A regulated environment that consists of a heat source, heat transfer medium or load, sensing device and a control instrument.

thermocouple (t/c) — A temperature sensing device made by joining two dissimilar metals. This junction produces an electrical voltage in proportion to the difference in temperature between the hot junction (sensing junction) and the lead wire connection to the instrument (cold junction).

thermocouple break protection — The ability of a control to detect a break in the thermocouple circuit and take a predetermined action.

time proportioning control — A method of controlling power by varying the on/off duty cycle of an output. This variance is proportional to the difference between the set point and the actual process temperature.

transmitter — A device that transmits temperature data from either a thermocouple or a resistance temperature detector (RTD) by way of a two-wire loop. The loop has an external power supply. The transmitter acts as a variable resistor with respect to its input signal. Transmitters are desirable when long lead or extension wires produce unacceptable signal degradation.

WATLINK — A Windows-based software application for configuring and communicating with Watlow controllers.

zero cross — Action that provides output switching only at or near the zero-voltage crossing points of the ac sine wave. See burst fire.

zero switching — See zero cross.

A.4 ■ Appendix Watlow Series F4

Declaration of Conformity

Series F4



English

WATLOW CONTROLS

1241 Bundy Boulevard

Winona, Minnesota 55987 USA

Declares that the following product: Designation: Series F4

Model Number(s): F4 (S D or P) (H or L) - (C E F or K) (A C E F or K) (A C E F or K) (A C K F 0 or 6) (0, 1 or 2) (Any three

letters or numbers)

Classification: Temperature Controller, Installation Category II,

Pollution Degree II

Rated Voltage: 100 to 240V~ or 24 to 28V≂

Rated Frequency: 50/60 Hz Rated Power Consumption: 39VA maximum

Meets the essential requirements of the following European Union Directive(s) using the relevant section(s) of the normalized standards and related documents shown:

89/336/EEC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive

1995 EMC Generic immunity standard, Part 2: Industrial EN 50082-2: environment

EN 61000-4-2: 1995 Electrostatic discharge EN 61000-4-4: 1995 Electrical fast transients EN 61000-4-3: 1996 Radiated immunity EN 61000-4-6: 1996 Conducted immunity FNV 50204: 1995 Cellular phone

EN 50081-2: 1994 EMC Generic emission standard, Part 2: Industrial

environment

Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical radio-EN 55011:

frequency equipment (Group 1, Class A)

EN 61000-3-2: 1995 Limits for harmonic current emissions EN 61000-3-3: 1995 Limitations of voltage fluctuations and flicker 73/23/EEC Low-Voltage Directive

EN 61010-1: 1993 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for

measurement, control, and laboratory use,

Part 1: General requirements

Déclare que le produit suivant : Français

Désignation : Séries F4

F4 (S D ou P) (H ou L) - (C, E, F ou K) (A, C, E, F ou Numéro(s) de modèle(s) :

K) (A, C, E, F ou K) (A, C, K, F, 0 ou 6) (0, 1 ou 2) (Trois lettres ou chiffres quelconques)

Classification: Commande, installation catégorie II, degré de

pollution II

Tension nominale: 100 à 240 V~ ou 24 à 28 V≂

Fréquence nominale : 50/60 Hz

Consommation

d'alimentation nominale : 39 VA maximum

Conforme aux exigences de la (ou des) directive(s) suivante(s) de l'Union Européenne figurant aux sections correspondantes des normes et documents

89/336/EEC Directive de compatibilité électromagnétique

EN 50082-2: 1995 Norme générique d'insensibilité électromagnétique,

Partie 2 : Environnement industriel EN 61000-4-2 · 1995 Décharge électrostatique

EN 61000-4-4: 1995 Courants électriques transitoires rapides EN 61000-4-3: 1996 Insensibilité à l'énergie rayonnée EN 61000-4-6: 1996 Insensibilité à l'énergie par conduction

ENV 50204: 1995 Téléphone cellulaire EN 50081-2:

1994 Norme générique sur les émissions électromagnétiques,

Partie 2 : Environnement industriel

EN 55011: 1991 Limites et méthodes de mesure des caractéristiques d'interférences du matériel radiofréquence industriel, scientifique et médical (Groupe 1, Classe A)

EN 61000-3-2: 1995 Limites d'émission d'harmoniques

EN 61000-3-3: 1995 Limitations d'écarts de tension et de papillotement 73/23/EEC Directive liée aux basses tensions

Exigences de sécurité pour le matériel électrique de EN 61010-1: 1993

mesure, de commande et de laboratoire, Partie 1 :

Exigences générales

Erklärt, daß das folgende Produkt: Deutsch

Beschreibung: Serie F4

Modellnummer(n): F4 (S D oder P) (C E F oder K) - (A C E F oder K) (A

C E F oder K) (A C K F 0 oder 6) (0, 1 oder 2) - (3 beliebige Buchstaben oder Ziffern)

Klassifikation: Regelsystem, Installationskategorie II, Emissionsgrad II

100 bis 240 V~ **oder** 24 bis 28 V≂ Nennspannung:

Nennfrequenz: 50/60 Hz Nominaler Stromverbrauch: Max. 39 VA

Erfüllt die wichtigsten Normen der folgenden Anweisung(en) der Europäischen Union unter Verwendung des wichtigsten Abschnitts bzw. der wichtigsten Abschnitte der normalisierten Spezifikationen und der untenstehenden einschlägigen Dokumente:

89/336/EEC Elektromagnetische Übereinstimmungsanweisung

1995 EMC-Rahmennorm für Störsicherheit, Teil 2: Industrielle EN 50082-2: Umwelt

EN 61000-4-2: Elektrostatische Entladung EN 61000-4-4: 1995 Elektrische schnelle Stöße EN 61000-4-3: 1996 Strahlungsimmunität EN 61000-4-6: 1996 Leitungsimmunität ENV 50204: 1995 Mobiltelefon

EN 50081-2: EMC-Rahmennorm für Emissionen, Teil 2: Industrielle 1994

Umwelt

EN 55011:

Beschränkungen und Methoden der Messung von Funkstörungsmerkmalen industrieller, wissenschaftlicher und medizinischer Hochfrequenzgeräte (Gruppe 1, Klasse A)

EN 61000-3-2: 1995 Límites para emisiones de corriente armónica Limitaciones de fluctuaciones del voltaje EN 61000-3-3: 1995

72/23/EEC Niederspannungsrichtlinie zu entsprechen

1993 Sicherheitsrichtlinien für Elektrogeräte zur Messung, zur EN 61010-1:

Steuerung und im Labor, Teil 1: Allgemeine Richtlinien

Declara que el producto siguiente: Español

Designación: Serie F4

Números de modelo: F4 (S D or P) (H or L) - (C E F o K) (A C E F o K) (A C

EFoK) (ACKF0o6) - (Cualquier combinación de

tres números y letras)

Clasificación: Control, categoría de instalación II, grado de

contaminación ambiental II 100 a 240 V~ **o** 24 a 28≂ Tensión nominal:

Frequencia nominal: 50/60 Hz

Consumo nominal

FN 55011:

de energía: 39 VA máximo

Cumple con los requisitos esenciales de las siguientes directivas de la Unión Europea, usando las secciones pertinentes de las reglas normalizadas y los documentos relacionados que se muestran:

89/336/EEC Directiva de compatibilidad electromagnética EN 50082-2: 1995 Norma de inmunidad genérica del EMC, parte 2:

Ambiente industrial EN 61000-4-2: Descarga electrostática EN 61000-4-4: 1995 Perturbaciones transitorias eléctricas rápidas

FN 61000-4-3: 1996 Inmunidad radiada EN 61000-4-6: 1996 Inmunidad conducida FNV 502041 Teléfono portátil 1995

EN 50081-2: Norma de emisión genérica del EMC, parte 2: Ambiente

industrial

Límites y métodos de medición de características de perturbaciones de radio correspondientes a equipos de radiofrecuencia industriales, científicos y médicos (Grupo 1,

Grenzen der Oberwellenstromemissionen EN 61000-3-2:

Grenzen der Spannungsschwankungen und Flimmern EN 61000-3-3:

73/23/EEC Directiva de baja tensión

EN 61010-1: Requerimientos de seguridad para equipos eléctricos

de medición, control y uso en laboratorios, Parte 1: Requerimientos generales

Winona, Minnesota, USA Erwin D. Lowell

Name of Authorized Representative Place of Issue

General Manager May 30, 1998 Title of Authorized Representative Date of Issue

Signature of Authorized Representative

(1255)

Specifications

 $(15\bar{3}9)$

Universal Analog Inputs 1 (2 and 3 optional)

• Update rates, IN1 = 20Hz, IN2 and IN3 = 10Hz

Thermocouple

- Type J, K, T, N, C (W5), E, PTII, D (W3), B, R, S
 RTD
- 2- or 3-wire platinum, 100Ω
- · JIS or DIN curves, 1.0 or 0.1 indication

Process

- Input resolution ≈ 50,000 bits at full scale
- Range selectable: 0-10V= (dc), 0-5V= (dc), 1-5V= (dc), 0-50mV, 0-20mA, 4-20mA
- Voltage input impedance 20KΩ
- Current input impedance 100Ω

Digital Inputs (4)

- Update rate = 10Hz
- Contact or dc voltage
- 10KΩ input impedance

Control Outputs (1A, 1B, 2A, 2B)

• Update rate = 20Hz

Open Collector/Switched DC

- Internal load switching (nominal):
 Switched dc, 22 to 28V= (dc), limited @ 30mA
- External load switching (maximum):
 Open collector 42V= (dc) @ 0.5A

Solid-state Relay

 Zero switched, optically coupled, 0.5A @ 24V~ (ac) minimum, 253V~ (ac) maximum

Process Outputs (Optional Retransmit)

- Update rate = 1Hz
- User-selectable 0-10V= (dc), 0-5V= (dc), 1-5V= (dc) @1KΩ min., 0-20mA, 4-20mA @ 800Ω max.
- · Resolution:
 - dc ranges = 2.5mV nominal mA ranges = 5 μ A nominal
- Calibration accuracy: dc ranges = ±15mV mA ranges = ±30µA
- Temperature stability 100ppm/°C

Alarm Outputs

- Output update rate1Hz
- Electromechanical relay, Form C, 2A @ 30V= (dc) or 240V~ (ac) maximum

Digital Outputs (8)

- Update rate = 10Hz
- · Open collector output
- Off: 42V= (dc) max @ 10µA
- On: 0.2V= (dc) max @ 50mA sink
- Internal supply: 5V
 — (dc), @ 80mA

Communications

EIA-232 and EIA-485 serial communications with Modbus™ RTU protocol

Safety and Agency Approvals

UL®/C-UL 916-listed, File # E185611

Process Control Equipment

- CE to EN 61010
- NEMA 4X and IP65
- CE EMC to EN50082-2
- CE EMC to EN55011

Terminals

 Touch-safe, removable terminal blocks, accepts 12- to 22-gauge wire

Power

- 100-240V~ (ac), -15%, +10%; 50/60Hz, ±5%
- 24-28V≂ (ac/dc), -15%, +10% (order option)
- 39VA maximum power consumption
- Data retention upon power failure via nonvolatile memory (seven years for battery-backed RAM).
 Sensor input isolation from input to input to output to communication circuitry is 500V~ (ac).

Operating Environment

- 32 to 130°F (0 to 55°C)
- 0 to 90% RH, non-condensing
- Storage temperature: -40 to 158°F (-40 to 70°C)

Accuracy

- Calibration accuracy and sensor conformity: ±0.1% of span ±1 LSD @ 77°F ±5°F (25°C ±3°C) ambient, and rated line voltage ±10% with the following exceptions: Type T, 0.12% of span for -200°C to -50°C Types R and S, 0.15% of span for 0°C to 100°C Type B, 0.24% of span for 870°C to 1700°C
- Accuracy span: Less than or equal to operating ranges, 1000°F/540°C minimum
- Temperature stability: ±0.1°F/°F (±0.1°C/°C) rise in ambient for thermocouples
- ±0.05°F/°F (±0.05°C/°C) rise in ambient for RTD sensors

Displays

- · Process: 5, seven-segment LED red
- · Control interface display: high-definition LCD green

Sensor Operating Ranges:

Type J:	1.0	32	to	1500°F	or	0	to	815°C
Type K:	1.0	-328	to	2500°F	or	-200	to	1370°C
Type T:	1.0	-328	to	750°F	or	-200	to	400°C
Type N:	1.0	32	to	2372°F	or	0	to	1300°C
Type E:	1.0	-328	to	1470°F	or	-200	to	800°C
Type C:	1.0	32	to	4200°F	or	0	to	2315°C
Type D:	1.0	32	to	4200°F	or	0	to	2315°C
Type PTII:	1.0	32	to	2543°F	or	0	to	1395°C
Type R:	1.0	32	to	3200°F	or	0	to	1760°C
Type S:	1.0	32	to	3200°F	or	0	to	1760°C
Type B:	1.0	32	to	3300°F	or	0	to	1816°C
RTD (DIN):	1.0	-328	to	1472°F	or	-200	to	800°C
RTD (JIS):	1.0	-328	to	1166°F	or	-200	to	800°C
Process:		-1999	to	9999 uni	ts			

Sensor Accuracy Ranges:

Input ranges

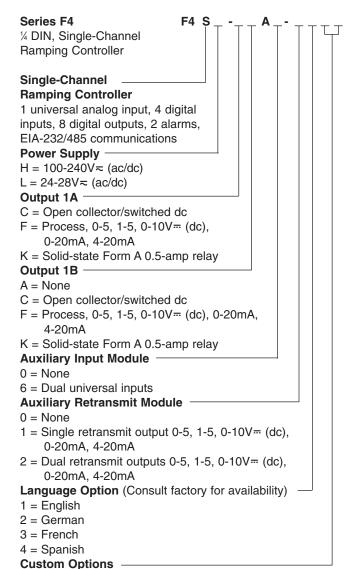
	9						
Type J:	32	to	1382°F	or	0	to	750°C
Type K:	-328	to	2282°F	or	-200	to	1250°C
Type T:	-328	to	662°F	or	-200	to	350°C
Type N:	32	to	2282°F	or	0	to	1250°C
Type E:	-328	to	1470°F	or	-200	to	800°C
Type C(W	5) 32	to	4200°F	or	0	to	2315°C
Type D(W	3) 32	to	4200°F	or	0	to	2315°C
Type PTII:	: 32	to	2540°F	or	0	to	1393°C
Type R:	32	to	2642°F	or	0	to	1450°C
Type S:	32	to	2642°F	or	0	to	1450°C
Type B:	1598	to	3092°F	or	870	to	1700°C
RTD (DIN): -328	to	1472°F	or	-200	to	800°C
RTD (JIS)	: -328	to	1166°F	or	-200	to	630°C
Process:	-1999	to	9999 units				

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Ordering Information (1257)

1/4 DIN Single-Channel Ramping Controller

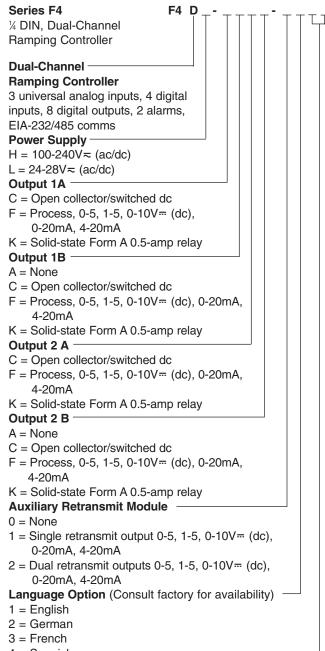


XX = Custom options: software, setting parameters, overlay

RG = Red/Green display

Ordering Information (1254)

1/4 DIN <u>Dual-Channel</u> Ramping Controller



4 = Spanish

Custom Options

RG = Red/Green display

XX = Custom options: software, setting parameters, overlay

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Watlow Series F4 Appendix ■ A.13

Series F4 Software Map

For ranges, defaults, Modbus numbers and other information about the parameters, refer to the Parameter Tables in the chapters noted below.

Main Page see Chapter 2

```
Input x (1 to 3) Error
Alarm x (1 to 2) Condition
Autotuning Ch x (1 to 2)
Parameter x (1 to 16)
  Current File
  Current Step
  Input 2 Value
  Set Point 1
  Set Point 2
  Step Type
  Target SP1
  Target SP2
  Wait for Status
  Time Remaining
  Digital Ins
  Digital Outs
  % Power 1
  % Power 2
  Date
  Time
Go to Operations
Go to Profiles
Go to Setup
Go to Factory
```

Operations Page

see Chapter 3

```
Autotune PID
  Channel 1 Autotune
     Tune Off
     PID Set x (1 to 5)
  Channel 2 Autotune
     Tune Off
     PID Set x (6 to 10)
Edit PID
  PID Set Channel 1
     PID Set x (1 to 5)
  PID Set Channel 2
     PID Set x (6 to 10)
       Proportional BandA
       Integral A / ResetA
Derivative A / RateA
       Dead Band A
       Hysteresis A
       Proportional Band B
       Integral B / ResetB
       Derivative B / RateB
       Dead Band B
       Hysteresis B
Alarm Set Points
  Alarm1
     Alarm1 Lo Deviation
    Alarm1 Hi Deviation
  Alarm2 Low SP
    Alarm2 Low SP
```

Alarm2 High SP

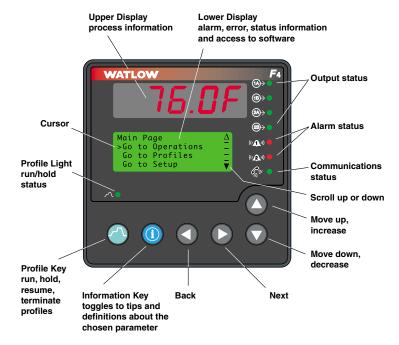
Profiles Page

see Chapter 4

```
Create Profile
  Name Profile
  Step x (1 to 256) Type
     Autostart
       Date
       Day
     Ramp Time
       Wait For
       Event Output
       Time
       Ch1 SP
Ch2 SP
Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5)
       Ch2 PID Set x (6 to 10)
       Guarantee Soak1
Guarantee Soak2
     Ramp Rate
       Wait For
       Event Output
       Rate
       Ch1 SP
       Ch2 SP
       Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5)
       Guarantee Soak1
       Ch2 PID Set x (6 to 10)
       Guarantee Soak2
     Soak
       Wait For
       Event Output
       Ch1 PID Set x (1 to 5)
       Guarantee Soak1
       Ch2 PID Set x (6 to 10)
       Guarantee Soak2
     Jump
       Jump to Profile x (1
          to 40)
       Jump to Step x
       Number Of Repeats
       Hold
       Control Off
       A11 Off
```

```
Edit Profile
  Profile x (1 to 40)
     Insert Step x (1 \text{ to } 256)
       Insert Before Step x
       Step x Type (see below)
    Edit Step
       Step x Type
         Autostart
            Date
            Day
         Ramp Time
            Wait For
            Event Output
            Time
            Ch1 SP
            Ch2 SP
            Ch1 PID Set x
              (1 to 5)
            Guarantee Soak1
            Ch2 PID Set x
              (6 to 10)
            Guarantee Soak2
         Ramp Rate
            Wait For
            Event Output
            Rate
            Ch1 SP
            Ch2 SP
            Ch1 PID Set x
              (1 to 5)
            Guarantee Soak1
            Ch2 PID Set x
               (6 to 10)
            Guarantee Soak2
         Soak
            Wait For
            Event Output
            Time
            Ch1 PID Set x
               (1 to 5)
            Guarantee Soak1
            Ch2 PID Set x
               (6 to 10)
            Guarantee Soak2
         Jump
            Jump to Profile
              x (1 to 40)
            Jump to Step x
            Number Of Repeats
         End
            Hold
            Control Off
            A11 Off
            Idle
    Delete Step
    Done
Delete Profile x (1 to 40)
Re-Name Profile x (1 to 40)
```

Idle



Setup Page see Chapter 5

System Guar. Soak Band1 Guar. Soak Band2 Current Time Current Date PID Units °F or °C Show of or oc Ch1 Autotune SP Ch2 Autotune SP Input 1 Fail Input 2 Fail Open Loop Ch1 Open Loop Ch2 Power-Out Time Power-Out Action Analog Input x (1 to 3) Sensor Туре Decimal Altitude Units Scale Low Scale High SP Low Limit SP High Limit Calibration Offset Filter Time Error Latch Cascade Digital Input x (1 to 4) Name Function Condition Control Output x (1A, 1B, 2A. or 2B) Function Cycle Time Process Hi Power Limit Lo Power Limit

Alarm Output x (1 and 2) Name Alarm Type Alarm Source Latching Silencing Alarm Hysteresis Alarm Sides Alarm Logic Alarm Messages Retransmit Output x (1 and 2) Retransmit Source Analog Range Low Scale High Scale Scale Offset Digital Output x (1 to 8) Name Function 0ff Event Output Boost Heat Boost %Power Boost Delay Time Boost Cool Boost %Power Boost Delay Time Compressor Compressor On %Power Compressor Off %Power Compressor On Delay Compressor Off Delay Communications (see Chapter 7) Baud Rate Address Custom Main Page P x (Parameter 1 to 16)

Factory Page

see Chapters 8, 9, 10

```
Set Lockout
  Set Point
  Oper.Autotune PID
  Oper. Edit PID
  Oper. Alarm SP
  Profile
  Setup
  Factory
  Change Password
  Clear Locks
Diagnostic
  Mode1
  Mfg Date
  Serial #
  Software #
  Revision
  Inx (1 to 3)
  Out x (1A, 1B, 2A, or 2B)
Retrans x (1 or 2)
  In x (1 to 3) AtoD
  CJC x (1 or 2) AtoD CJC x (1 or 2) Temp
  Line Freq
Test
  Test Outputs
  Display Test
Full Defaults
Calibration
  Calibrate Input x (1 to 3)
  Calibrate Output x (1A,
  1B, 2A, or 2B)
Calibrate Rexmit x (1 or
  Restore In x (1 to 3) Cal
```

✓ NOTE:

Some parameters may not appear, depending on the controller model and how it is configured. Some menus may not appear if the controller has already been installed in equipment and the manufacturer has locked out portions of the software.

How to Reach Us



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